



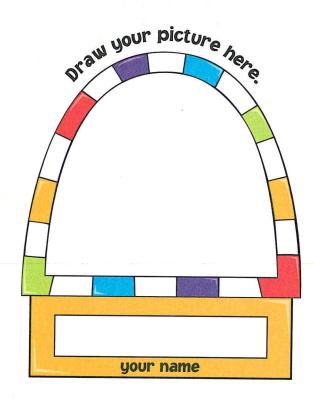
# The Original Summer Bridge Activities\*

#### Second to Third Grade

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#### Dear Parents,

The summer months are a perfect time to reconnect with your child on many levels after a long school year. Your personal involvement is so important to your child's immediate and long-term academic success. No matter how wonderful your child's classroom experience is, your involvement outside the classroom will make it that much better!

ummer Bridge Activities™ is the original summer workbook developed to help parents support their children academically while away from school, and we strive to improve the content, the activities, and the resources to give you the highest quality summer learning materials available. Ten years ago, we introduced Summer Bridge

Activities™ to a small group of teachers and parents after I had successfully used it to help my first grader prepare for the new school year. It was a hit then, and it continues to be a hit now! Many other summer workbooks have been introduced since, but

Summer Bridge Activities™ continues to be the one that both teachers and parents ask for most. We take our responsibility as the leader in summer education seriously and are always looking for new ways to make summer learning more fun, more motivating, and more effective to help make your child's transition to the new school year enjoyable and successful!

e are now excited to offer you even more bonus summer learning materials online at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com! This site has great resources for both parents and kids to use on their own and together. An expanded summer reading program where kids can post their own book reviews, writing and reading contests with great prizes, assessment tests, travel packs, and even games are just a few of the additional resources that you and your child will have access to with the included Summer Bridge Activities Online Pass Code.

ummer Learning has come a long way over the last 10 years, and we are glad that you have chosen to use **Summer Bridge Activities**™ to help your children continue to discover the world around them by using the classroom skills they worked so hard to obtain!

Have a wonderful summer!

Michele Van Leeuwen and the Summer Learning Staff!

#### Hey Kidsl

We bet you had a great school year!

Congratulations on all your hard work! We just want to say that we're proud of the great things you did this year, and we're excited to have you spend time with us over the summer. Have fun with your

Summer Bridge Activities™ workbook, and visit us online at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com for more fun, cool, and exciting stuff!

Have a great summer!

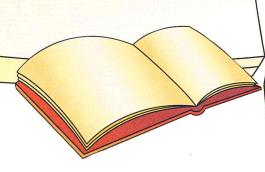


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ocitinate of completion	the first and second review, the
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	<u> </u>
Official Pass Code #	Each day your child will complete an activity in reading, writing,
1.44406	math, and language. The
rh1110f	activities become progressively
	more challenging.
Log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com and join!	Each page is numbered by day.

# Here's what you will find inside Summer Bridge Activities \*\*The state of the sta

Exercises in Summer Bridge Activities™
(SBA) are easy to understand
and presented in fun and creative
ways that motivate children to
review familiar skills while being
progressively challenged. In addition
to basic skills in reading, writing,
math, and language arts, SBA contains
activities that challenge and reinforce
skills in geography and science!



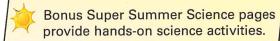
Here are some groups
who say our books are great!

SEA
YOUTH
EXCELLENCE
EXCELLENCE

Mr. Fredrickson



Daily exercises review and preview skills in reading, writing, math, and language arts, with additional activities in geography and science. Activities are presented in halfpage increments so kids do not get overwhelmed and are divided into three sections to correlate with traditional summer vacation.



A Summer Reading List introduces kids to some of today's popular titles as well as the classics. Kids can rate books they read and log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com to post reviews, find more great titles, and participate in national reading and writing contests!

Motivational Calendars begin each section and help kids achieve all summer long.



Discover Something New lists offer fun and creative activities that teach kids with their hands and get them active and learning.

Grade-specific flashcards provide a great way to reinforce basic skills in addition to the written exercises.

Removable Answer Pages ensure that parents know as much as their kids!

A Certificate of Completion for parents to sign congratulates kids for their work and welcomes them to the grade ahead.

A grade-appropriate, official Summer Fun pass code gives kids and parents online access to more bonus games, contests, and resources at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com.

## Ways to Maximize The Original Summer Bridge Activities™



First, let your child explore the book. Flip through the pages and look at the activities with your child to help him become familiar with the book.



Help select a good time for reading or working on the activities. Suggest a time before your child has played outside and becomes too tired to do the work.



Provide any necessary materials. A pencil, ruler, eraser, crayons, or reference works may be required.



Offer positive guidance. Remember, the activities are not meant to be tests. You want to create a relaxed and positive attitude toward learning. Work through at least one example on each page with your child. "Think aloud" and show your child how to solve problems.



Give your child plenty of time to think. You may be surprised by how much children can do on their own.



Stretch your child's thinking beyond the page. If you are reading a book, you might ask, "What do you think will happen next?" or "What would you do if this happened to you?" Encourage your child to talk about her interests and observations about the world around her.



Reread stories and occasionally flip through completed pages. Completed pages and books will be a source of pride to your child and will help show how much he accomplished over the summer.



Read and work on activities while outside. Take the workbook out in the backyard or on a family campout. It can be fun wherever you are!



Encourage siblings, relatives, and neighborhood friends to help with reading and activities. Other children are often perfect for providing the one-on-one attention necessary to reinforce reading skills.



Give plenty of approval! Stickers and stamps are effective for recognizing a job well done. At the end of the summer, your child can feel proud of her accomplishments and will be eager for school to start.

## Skills List

#### Language Arts/Reading

Recognizes the difference between consonants and vow	els
Recognizes <u>y</u> as a vowel	Parents V
Recognizes blends: bl, br, cl, cr, dr, fl, fr, gl, gr, pl, pr,	
scr, sk, sl, sm, sn, sp, spl, spr, st, str, sw, tr, tw	xercises for these skills
Recognizes hard and soft $\underline{c}$ and $\underline{g}$	Summer Bridge Activities™
Sounds out words	and can be used for extra practice. The skills lists are a
Recognizes compound words	great way to discover your
Discriminates rhyming words	child's strengths or what skills may need additional
Recognizes antonyms, synonyms, and homonyms	reinforcement.
Recognizes nouns	
Recognizes verbs	
Recognizes adjectives	
Recognizes pronouns	
Recognizes articles	
Recognizes helping verbs	-
Recognizes subject and predicate	
Knows how to create contractions	(5)
Knows correct abbreviations	1 To 1
Knows how to form plurals with $\underline{s}$ and $\underline{es}$	
Can divide words into syllables	
Can identify the main idea of a story	W T
Can identify the setting of a story	Ex C
Can identify the conclusion of a story	
Draws illustrations to match sentences	
Uses correct punctuation: period, question mark, exclan	nation point
Identifies prefixes and suffixes	
Groups words into categories	
Is beginning to read and write for pleasure	

## Skills Lie

#### Merth

Recognizes numbers to 1,000 Completes simple patterns Reads number words to 100 Can sequence events Can write number sentences using +, -, and =Knows addition facts to 18 Knows subtraction facts to 18 Can read and create a graph Understands place value in the ones place Understands place value in the tens place Understands place value in the hundreds place Performs two-digit addition, no regrouping Performs two-digit subtraction, no regrouping Performs three-digit addition, no regrouping Performs three-digit subtraction, no regrouping Performs two-digit addition, with regrouping Performs two-digit subtraction, with regrouping Performs three-digit addition, with regrouping Performs three-digit subtraction, with regrouping Performs addition with three single-digit addends, no regrouping Performs addition with three single-digit addends, with regrouping Knows relation and comparison symbols: <, >, = Recognizes money: penny, nickel, dime, quarter, half-dollar, dollar Knows the value of money: penny, nickel, dime, quarter, half-dollar, dollar Can count money using coins in combination Can perform money addition problems using a decimal point Can tell time in five-minute intervals Can measure using inches Can measure using centimeters Can identify and write fractions Uses problem-solving strategies to complete math problems



# Summertime = Reading Time!

We all know how important reading is, but this summer show kids how GREAT the adventures of reading really are! Summer learning and summer reading go hand-in-hand, so here are a few ideas to get you up and going:

ncourage your child to read out loud to you and make a theatrical performance out of even the smallest and simplest read. Have fun with reading and impress the family at the campsite next to you at the same time!

stablish a time to read together each day. Make sure and ask each other about what you are reading and try to relate it to something that may be going on within the family.

how off! Let your child see you reading for enjoyment and talk about the great things that you are discovering from what you read. Laugh out loud, stamp your feet—it's summertime!

it down with your child and establish a summer reading program. Use our cool Summer Reading List and Summer Reading Program at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com, or visit your local bookstore and, of course, your local library. Encourage your child to select books on topics he is interested in and on his reading level. A rule of thumb for selecting books at the appropriate reading level is to choose a page and have your child read it out loud. If he

doesn't know five or more of the words on the page, the

book may be too difficult.

Books to Read

The Summer Reading List has a variety of titles, including some found in the Accelerated Reader Program.

We recommend parents read to pre-kindergarten through 1st grade children 5–10 minutes each day and then ask questions about the story to reinforce comprehension. For higher grade levels, we suggest the following daily reading times: grades 1–2, 10–20 min.; grades 2–3, 20–30 min.; grades 3–4, 30–45 min.; grades 4–6, 45–60 min.

It is important to decide an amount of reading time and write it on the SBA Motivational Calendar.

se your surroundings (wherever you are) to show your child how important reading is on a daily basis. Read newspaper articles, magazines, stories, and road maps during the family vacation...just don't get lost!

ind books that tie into your child's experiences. If you are going fishing or boating, find a book on the subject to share. This will help your child learn and develop interests in new things.

et library cards! Set a regular time to visit the library and encourage your child to have her books read and ready to return so she is ready for the next adventure! Let your child choose her own books. It will encourage her to read and pursue her own interests.

ake up your own stories! This is great fun and can be done almost anywhere—in the car, on camping trips, in a canoe, on a plane! Encourage your child to tell the story with a beginning, middle, AND end! To really challenge each other, start with the end, then middle, and then the beginning—yikes!

#### Summer Bridge Activities™

Fill in the stars and rate your favorite (and not so favorite) books here and online at

www.SummerBridgeActivities.com!

1 = I struggled to finish this book.

2 = I thought this book was pretty good.

3 = I thought this book rocked!

4 = I want to read this book again and again!

#### **Nice New Neighbors**

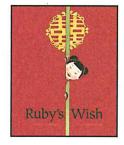
Brandenberg, Franz



#### Ruby's Wish

Bridges, Shirin Yim





Ruby lives in China with her grandfather and his large family. The family tutor will teach any of the 100 grandchildren, but Ruby wants to go to university. Will she get her wish?

Penrod's Picture



Christian, Mary Blount

**Chang's Paper Pony** 

Coerr, Eleanor

The Foolish Giant

Coville, Bruce and Katherine

**Aunt Eater's Mystery Vacation** 



More Spaghetti, I Say!

Gelman, Rita



**Today Was a Terrible Day** 



Angelina Ballerina

Holabird, Katherine



Don't Forget the Bacon!



John Henry, an American Legend



Stan the Hot Dog Man



#### Here Comes the Strikeout

Kessler, Leonard P.

#### The Chanukkah Guest

Kimmel, Eric A.



#### The Smallest Cow in the World



#### Harry's Visit

Porte, Barbara Ann



#### Humphrey, Albert, and the Flying Machine

Lasky, Kathryn



Humphrey and Albert think going to the princess's birthday party will be boring. But they couldn't be more wrong.

#### **Runaway Pony**

Ruepp, Krista



When Anna's pony bolts at the sound of a tractor, she turns to Grandmother to help track him down.





A Big Fat Enormous Lie

Sharmat, Marjorie Weinman



#### Zack's Alligator

Mozelle, Shirley

Imogene's Antlers

Small, David



#### The Teeny Tiny Woman

O'Connor, Jane



#### The Zabajaba Jungle

Steig, William



#### Join the SBA Kids Summer Reading Club!

Quick! Get Mom or Dad to help you log on and join the SBA Kids Summer Reading Club. You can find more great books, tell your friends about your favorite titles, and even win cool prizes! Log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com and sign up today.





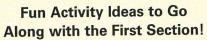




My parents and I decided that if I complete
15 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

hild's Signa	ature		etar españo	_ Parent's Signature			
Day 1	$\Rightarrow$			Day 9	$\Diamond$		
Day 2	$\Rightarrow$			Day 10	$\Rightarrow$		
Day 3	$\Diamond$		re Kolo	Day 11			
Day 4	$\Diamond$			Day 12			
Day 5	$\Diamond$						
Day 6	$\Diamond$		1 <u>-</u> 13m/e=1	Day 13			
Day 7	$\Rightarrow$			Day 14			
Day 8	$\Rightarrow$			Day 15	$\Rightarrow$		
	Со	: Color the	for da	daily activi	complet	ted.	







Sign up for summer classes at community education departments or local parks.



Make a chart for summer chores with incentives.



Write to a relative about your summer plans.



Check the library for free children's programs.



Boost reading—make labels for household objects.



Bubble fun: one-third cup liquid dishwashing soap, plus two quarts water. Use cans or pipe cleaners for dippers.



Make up a story at dinner. Each person adds a new paragraph.



Learn about the summer solstice. Time the sunrise and sunset.



Shop together—use a calculator to compare prices per pound.



Start a journal of summer fun.



Zoo contest—find the most African animals.



Tune up those bikes. Wash 'em, too.



Arrange photo albums.



Play flashlight tag.



Check out a science book—try some experiments.



#### LOOKING INTO NEXT YEAR

#### Parents:

I have attached some of the content areas your child will be exposed to this upcoming year in the subjects of Social Studies and Science. Make learning intentional. There are many ways for you to help make learning purposeful and meaningful. Taking trips to nearby educational sites, watching films, library visits and visiting museums.

Have fun and stayed educated! ☺

Mrs. Chavez

### Some topics in Social Studies

History

-Native Peoples in the Local Area

-Local Community

-Church History Stories

-History of Community

**Traditions** 

of

Civics and Government

-Foundations and Functions

Government

-Roles of Citizens

Geography

-Maps, Globes and Graphics

-Places

-Climate

-Natural Resources and

Environment

**Economics** 

-Work and workers

-Commerce

-Stewardship

Individual, Society and Culture -Personal Relationship with

Christ

-Cooperation and Sharing

-Local and National

Holidays

-Mission/Outreach

#### Some topics in Science

Life Science

-Living Things

-Plants

-Places to Live

The Human Body

-Your Body's Health and

Safety

-Healthy Heart

-Healthy Lungs

Earth and Space Science

-Earth's surface

-Weather and Climate

-Earth, the Sun, and the

Moon

Physical Science

-Energy

-Motion and Forces

#### 3rd Grade Summer Reading Book List

I Have a Sister-My Sister is Deaf

by Jeanne Whitehouse Peterson

**Snowflake Bentley** 

by Jacqueline Briggs Martin

Owen and Mzee: The Story of a Remarkable Friendship

by Isabella Hatkoff

Detective Zack and the Red Hat Mystery

by Jerry D. Thomas

Detective Zack and the Secrets in the Sand

by Jerry D. Thomas

Grace's Letter to Lincoln

by Peter and Connie Roop

Lincoln's Little Girl: A True Story

by Fred Trump

George Washington and the General's Dog

by Frank Murphy

A Lion to Guard Us

by Clyde Robert Bulla

Benjamin Franklin and the Magic Squares

by Frank Murphy

Island of the Blue Dolphins

by Scott O'Dell

The Web at Dragonfly Pond

by Brian Ellis

Shark Lady: The True Adventures of Eugenie Clark

by Ann McGovern

Thank You, Mr. Falker

by Patricia Polacco

**Thunder Cake** 

by Patricia Polacco

Just the Way You Are

by Max Lucado

Nibbles, the Mostly Mischievous Monkey

by Martha Meyers

Louis Braille: The Boy Who Invented Books for the Blind

by Margaret Davidson

Wilfrid Gordon McDonald Partridge

by Mem Fox

Buzz Aldrin: Reaching for the Moon

by Buzz Adrin

Name:	_ Book Report Helper
Title:	8
Author:	
Cicle one: Fiction Nonfiction	
Setting: (Where does the story take	e place?)
Character Names:	
Describe the main character. What	kind of person is he or she?
•	
The story begins with	

I didn't like when
I wonder
I would/would not recommend this book because
•

The events in the story ar	re: (include details	S) .	
1			
2			
2			
3			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4,	•		
			<b>*</b>
The story ends with	·		
		Administration of the second o	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
I learned that			
	***************************************		
I really liked			

Draw a picture of your favorite part of the book.							
*							
		¥					
	•						
The state of the s							

			* .

#### Write to 200.

101	102		104				108		110
111				115				119	
	122								130
						137			
141									150
		153							
				165					
									180
					186		7.585		
191							198		

## Day



#### Contractions. Write the words found in each contraction.



#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. we're \_\_\_we are \_\_\_ 2. aren't \_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** I've \_\_\_\_\_\_ **4.** you're \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. it's 6. I'll
- 7. we'll \_\_\_\_\_ 8. she's \_\_\_\_
- 9. you've \_\_\_\_\_ 10. won't \_\_\_\_
- **11.** I'd \_\_\_\_\_ **12.** I'm \_\_\_\_\_
- **13.** isn't \_\_\_\_\_ **14.** let's \_\_\_\_\_

Fill in the blanks with a synonym from the Word Bank that has almost the same meaning as the underlined word in the sentence.

<b>u</b>	EX.	AMPLE: 1	Here comes the <u>furry</u> cat. <b>fu</b>	zzy
exelptor To			He <u>jumped</u> out of the car	
Standards and	Word Ba	nk –		
	like	3	Let's clap and <u>shout</u> for our team	
ALCOHOLD STATES	fuzzy	4	l <u>enjoy</u> watching ball games	
STATE STATES	silly	5	. Were the children <u>frightened?</u>	
STATE STREET	largest			
	watch	6	. The <u>sad</u> man was crying	
	turn yell	7	. Did you <u>see</u> the frog jump?	
	leaped	8	. He is riding the <u>biggest</u> horse	
の一個なった。	unhapp	у 9	. Watch the top <u>spin</u> around	
Charle state	scared			
	eg/so (196/Reserve)	10	. Did you see that <u>funny</u> movie?	
ing.	Kanada ay	to a fall the self-like self-like self-like self-like self-like self-like self-like self-like self-like self-li		
	Vrite <u>perso</u> Inderlined r		or <u>thing</u> after each sentence to identify the	
	1. The ch	nildren l	eft <u>school</u> early today	:00
	2. They	went to	the <u>park</u> to play soccer	PERSON
	3. The <u>te</u>	acher w	atched the children play	
	4. A <u>squ</u>	<u>irrel</u> clin	nbed the tree	PLACE
	5. The b	ovs and	girls rowed a boat.	

The boy was feeding the ducks.

One girl went down the slide.

Add or subtract.



$$\frac{-0}{}$$
  $\frac{-2}{}$   $\frac{-2}{}$   $\frac{-3}{}$ 

Fill in the missing blends.



fl, pl, bl, spr, sl, sk, sn, st, dr, br, pr, fr, pl, gr, cr

- The red and blue \_\_\_\_owers we \_\_\_anted will \_\_\_om in the \_\_\_\_ing.
- 2. The boys and girls like to go \_\_\_\_edding and ice \_\_\_\_ating when it \_\_\_ows.
- 3. That \_\_\_\_ory is about a \_\_\_\_agon who \_\_\_\_eathed fire and a princess who kissed a \_\_\_\_og, then turned him into a \_\_\_\_ince.
- 4. My yellow, pur\_\_\_e, and \_\_\_een \_\_ayons \_\_\_oke when I \_\_\_opped them on the \_\_\_oor.

Read the story. Number the events in the order they happened.

FACTOID

Recycling one glass jar saves enough energy to watch TV for 3 hours.

#### The Alarm Clock

Rob was sleeping when his alarm clock started ringing.

He jumped up, made his bed, and washed his face. Rob put on his clothes and started down the stairs to go eat breakfast. When he passed the window in the hall, he saw that it was still night. "Oh, no," he said, "my alarm clock went off at the wrong time!" Rob went back to his bedroom and got back in bed.

	Rob went back to bed.
	Rob's alarm clock rang.
	Rob saw that it was still night.
	Rob made his bed and washed his face.
3	Rob started down to breakfast.

Read the words below. Choose a word from the box that describes each group of words below. Write the word in the blank.

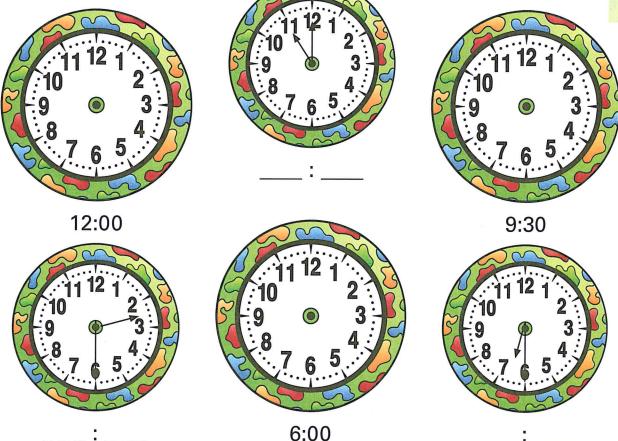


flavors months	animals numbers
chocolate, berry, vanilla	one, nine, twenty
February, July, October	milk, juice, soda po
	chocolate, berry, vanilla

Write the correct time on the small clocks and draw hands on the big clocks.



Day 3



Match the definition to the word with the same meaning.



#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. very cheery 
  helpful
- couldn't sleepsunless
- 3. many colors 

  hereful
- 4. without sun colorful
- 5. helps a lot sleepless

## The words in these sentences are mixed up. Write them correctly. Don't forget to add capital letters and the correct ending punctuation mark: (.) or (?).

#### FACTOID

It may not really rain cats and dogs, but it has rained frogs and fish!

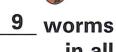


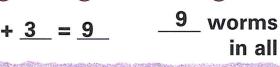
1.	birds do live where		
2.	very my hard works da	a <u>d</u>	
3.	swim can like fish a i		
4.	green grass the is		
5.	water do fish in live		
	or in the circle to show the	correct spelling.	
	MPLE:  a. what	O b. wat	Oc. whut
2.	a. whare	O b. where	Oc. whar
3.	O a. when	O b. wen	O c. whene
4.	a. wiye	O b. wye	Oc. why

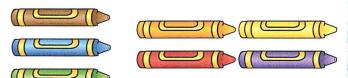
Write the problem; then answer the question: How many in all?

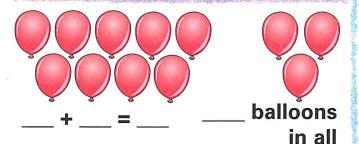


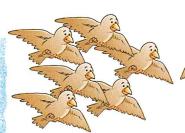


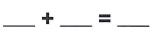




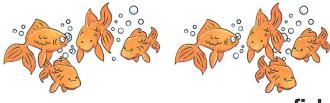




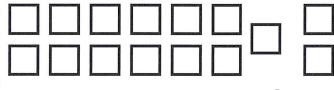














Finish these words by drawing a line to the correct ending. Write the words.



EXAMPLE:

spi 🔪 key - der cray

der wag

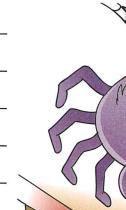
tur on

thun key

don on

lad der

drag on





### Fill in the blank with the correct word to complete the sentence.

### Ball lightning can float through a glass window without breaking it!

1.	Cats are		animals.	
	freely	friendly	friend	
2.	I'd		p you feed	your cat.
	gladly	highly	gladder	
3.	Matt called _		for his	s cat.
	loud	loudly	tightly	A POST
А	Coto liko to			
4.	Cats like to _		·	
	playing	play	clay	
<b>5</b> .	My friend's c	at		_ all day.
	sleens	sleening	heens	

Singular (one) or Plural (more than one). Use both forms of the word and label them correctly.



#### EXAMPLE:

<ul><li>a. birds</li><li>b. girl</li></ul>	<ul><li>more</li><li>one</li></ul>	bird girls	<ul><li>one</li><li>more</li></ul>
1. trees	- more		ake di 1999 kepada 3 di sami kempuni Pende Bennegan 1995 kepada 1995 di Alba
2. boxes			_
3. wheel	- one	wheels	_
<b>4.</b> ape			
5. shoes		shoe	- one
6. peach			
7. nickels	– more	nickel	
8. plum			

#### Circle the coins that equal the correct amount.













































































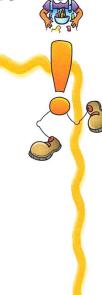
Write the missing numerals in each row.



- 1. 51. , 53, 54, 55, \_\_\_\_, 57, \_\_\_\_
- 2. 58, 59, \_\_\_\_, 61, \_\_\_\_, 63, 64, 65, \_\_\_\_
- 3. 66, 67, \_\_\_\_, 69, \_\_\_\_, 71, 72, 73, \_\_\_\_
- 4. 74, \_\_\_\_, 76, 77, \_\_\_\_, 79, \_\_\_\_ 81, \_\_\_

Here is a silly story. Put a (.), (?), or (!) at the end of each sentence. Make the first letter of each sentence a capital. Then, draw a picture of this "silly thing" the way you imagine it looks.

i saw a very silly thing it had a very funny shape it did not make any noise it had spots that changed color and big feet with green toes it had little hands and a big, fat, pink nose i hope it doesn't hurt me maybe it will be nice we might become friends and play i wonder what it likes to eat i hope it's not me





Match each pair of synonyms; then circle them in the puzzle.

#### **Word List**

EXAMPLE:	
quick \	start
begin \	rot
choose \	ill
error	<b>∀</b> ast
decay	join
sick	silly
easy	remain
connect	select
stay	mistake
foolish	simple

а	b	С	Z	0	W	r	у	m	p	d	е	f	h	j	k	m	0	S	i	С
е	а	S	у	a	d	f	I	d	е	С	a	y	r	b	m	b	d	k	r	0
0	р	S	(q	u	i	С	k	<b>)</b> q	r	S	r	t	u	е	V	W	X	у	Z	n
b	Z	i	0	е	٧	f	u	٧	w	X	0	Z	е	g	d	f	k	1	k	n
С	d	m	n	0	р	а	a	р	у	t	t	0	u	i	k	1	a	C	b	е
d	k	р	W	X	Z	s	у	р	q	X	a	u	t	n	s	t	a	r	t	С
0	u	١	0	0	i	t	а	d	f	f	е	S	е	I	е	С	t	0	е	t
z	а	е	m	n	0	p	q	r	s	0	t	u	V	r	w	X	С	у	Z	j
k	i	е	r	r	0	r	s	t	u	0	р	k	d	е	b	a	h	· i	u	0
1	0	m	i	S	t	а	k	е	z	I	u	р	i	m	g	h	0	k	0	i
m	u	g	j	I	р	q	g	r	s	i	٧	W	u	а	Z	g	0	i	1	n
i	р	b	d	f	g	I	i	0	Z	s	s	р	0	i	u	i	S	g	0	m
I	Z	w	х	у	z	u	g	а	b	h	d	I	е	n	i	u	е	0	b	С
I	s	i	С	k	р	s	i	I	1	у	m	u	s	t	a	у	у	i	0	е

#### Addition. Remember to add all three numbers.







$$0 + 0 + 8 =$$

$$2 + 5 + 3 =$$

$$9 + 2 + 2 =$$

$$3 + 2 + 3 =$$
\_\_\_\_

$$2 + 3 + 4 =$$
\_\_\_\_

When we add <u>-ed</u> or <u>-d</u> to a word, it shows something was done before. We usually use <u>-d</u> when the word ends in a vowel, and <u>-ed</u> when the word ends in a consonant. Look at the word, say the word, add <u>-ed</u> or <u>-d</u> to the word, and say the word again.



EXAMPLE:

wipe d

clean\_\_\_\_

rain

cook\_\_\_\_\_ walk\_\_\_\_

play\_\_\_\_

watch\_\_\_\_ work\_\_\_\_ talk\_\_\_\_

bath

wait\_\_\_\_\_ time\_\_\_\_

## Read the sentence and underline the compound word. Then draw a line between the two words.

#### FACTOID

Manhole covers are round so the cover can never fall through.

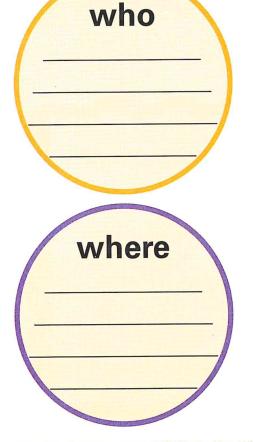




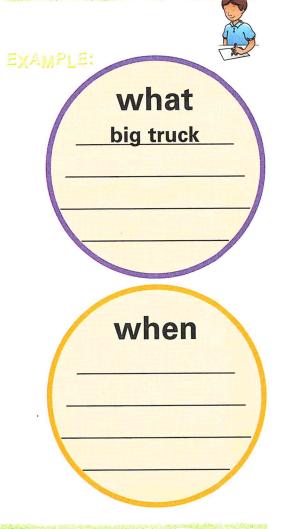
- 1. Mary Ann lives on a <u>houseboat</u>.
- 2. My father won the downhill race.
- 3. A raindrop hit the white bunny on the nose.
- 4. Do you understand how to do this?
- 5. The fireplace was very dirty.
- 6. Did someone ring your doorbell at 3 a.m.?
- 7. Pigs, horses, and cows are in the barnyard.
- 8. I had to clean my bedroom this morning.
- 9. The snowflakes fell very thick and heavy this winter.



Write the words in the correct ball.



big truck
7:00 p.m.
outside
noon
Tom
under a tree
in my bed
tomorrow
Grandpa
jet
baby
book



4

## 

Finish the story. Give it a title and draw a picture for it.

My friend, \_\_\_\_\_\_, and I went for a hike in the mountains. At a steep place on the path, we slipped and fell into a hole. We went down and down. We didn't think we would ever stop falling. When we hit the bottom of the hole, we found...

#### Circle the main idea of these stories.

#### 

Glass looks like a solid, but it's actually a very slow-moving liquid!

I love books. In the summer I go to the library every other day. I check out books about horses and airplanes. I also

like to read about football. I don't like how quiet I have to be in the library.

a. football books

**b**. at the library

c. being quiet

Sometimes we have dreams that frighten us. Once, I dreamed I was falling over a cliff. I woke up shaking; I was so scared. My friend, Nan, a. falling over a cliff was coming after her. She hid in a big box so

he couldn't find her. She woke up just as the monster put his hand in the box.

- **b**. dreaming of monsters
- c. scary dreams

How many? Put an X on the line to answer each question.

1. Which sentence names three things?

Allie took a book, a bag, and an umbrella to school.

Allie took a bookbag and an umbrella to school.

2. Which sentence names four people?

Grayson, Mary Jane, and I went shopping.

Grayson, Mary, Jane, and I went shopping.

3. Which sentence names two things?

Tanner put the lunch, box, and book on the table.

Tanner put the lunchbox and book on the table.



Greater Than (a), Less Than (a). Put the correct sign in the circle.



19 🔵 91

14 () 4



64 ( )46

29 ( ) 30



32 ) 23

71 🔾 18



124 ) 216

 $592 \bigcirc 324 \stackrel{!}{=} 2 + 4 \bigcirc 1 + 4 \quad 5 + 4 \bigcirc 8 - 2$ 

985  $\bigcirc$  850  $\boxed{9-2 \bigcirc 6+2 \quad 3-2 \bigcirc 5-2}$ 

745 0 746 4 + 4 0 1 + 4 7 - 3 0 1 + 2

Circle the correct numeral for each number word.



A. forty-five

54 45

B. eighty-one

18 81

three

30 3

D. fifty-eight

**58** 85 thirty

30 31 fifteen

15 50

Write the number words for the following numerals: 0, 20, 30, 40, 60, and 80.

### Read the stories. Circle the choice that tells what happens next.



1. Matt put his arms around the box. He could not lift it. He would need some help. The box was too heavy for him.

Matt will .

- a. run outside and play
- **b.** go ask his dad for help
- c. hit the box with an ax
- d. send the box to his friend

2. The children were playing outside. It started to get dark. They could see a flash of light and hear a loud sound. The wind began to blow.

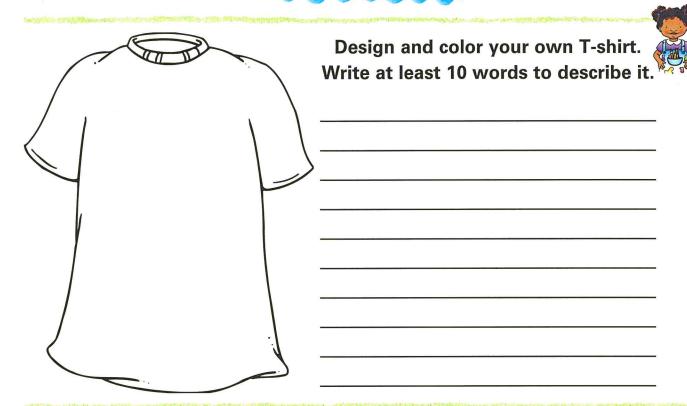
"Let's go," shouted Ann. "It's \_\_\_."

- a. time to eat
- **b.** going to blow us away
- c. going to rain soon
- d. time for bed

3. Mary likes to ride her bike to school. One day she rode her bike over some glass.

The next day Mary walked to school because\_\_.

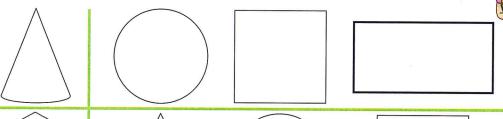
- a. she liked to walk
- **b.** her bike had a flat tire
- c. her brother rode her bike
- d. her bike was red



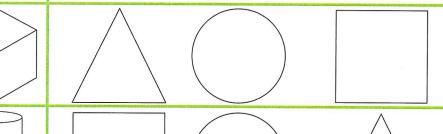
### Circle the shape that is on the bottom of the first shape in the row.



1.

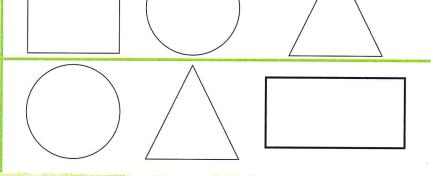


2.



3.

4.



When we add <u>-ing</u> to a word, it shows that something is being done now. Look at the word, say the word, add -ing to the word, and say the word again.



go<u>ing</u>

say\_\_\_\_

do\_\_\_\_\_

sleep\_\_\_\_ walk\_\_\_\_

read

paint\_\_\_\_\_

work\_\_\_\_\_

spell\_\_\_\_\_ cook\_\_\_\_ watch\_\_\_\_

## Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.



## A shark can grow a new set of teeth in a week.

1. What do you use your ears for?



- 2. What do zoo workers do for the animals?
- 3. What would you use to make a cage for a hamster?
- 4. What are dogs, cats, cows, and deer?
- 5. How did you get to and from school last year?

### Read and follow the directions carefully.



- 1. Make a box around all the animals.
- 2. Put a circle around all the tools.
- 3. Draw a line under all the things we wear.
- 4. Put a  $\uparrow \uparrow$  on all the places in a house.
- 5. Write an X on all the noises.

crash	saw	hammer	bedroom
playroom	bang	kitchen	bear
yell	pants	fox	bathroom
whisper	rabbit	wrench	boom
closet	shoes	elephant	hat
shirt	hall	deer	den

### Subtraction.



house

railroad

light

airport

stop sign

# **Subtract 6** 8 12 9 11 7

Subtract 8					
8					
11					
12					
19					
10					
14					

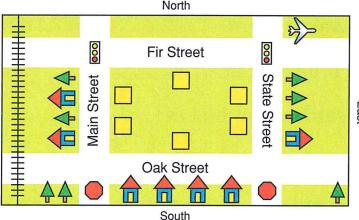
Subtract 7						
14						
8						
7						
10						
12						
9						

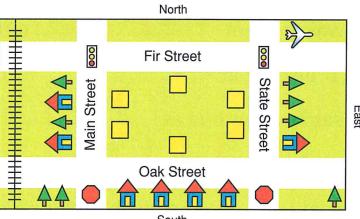
### Look at the map and map key to answer the questions.

1. How many stores are there? \_\_\_\_\_

13

2. What street has the most houses?





5. What two streets have stop signs?

**4.** How many trees are west of **6.** What three streets have the airport? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What two streets does the

railroad go across?

traffic lights? \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, & \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_

### Use the Table of Contents to answer the questions. On what page could you begin reading about where ants live? All about Ants......-3 Where Ants Live.....4-5 Types of Ants.....6-10 Ant Anatomy.....II-I5 In what chapter would What Ants Can Do......16-20 you look to read about ant Ant Families.....21-25 families? Index.....26-28 What is the title of the first On what page would you 3. look to find the index? chapter? Fill in the boxes with number words. Use some words more than once o'clock. Tanner wakes up at o'clock. He eats breakfast at thirty. Tanner catches the bus at 3. o'clock. School starts at o'clock in the morning and Recess is at o'clock in the afternoon. o'clock. Tanner eats lunch at School is out at thirty. o'clock. Tanner eats dinner at

o'clock.

He plays until bedtime at

### Write the number by the word. forty eight one sixteen\_\_\_\_ eighteen \_\_\_\_\_ seventeen \_\_\_\_\_ four fifty thirty ninety-nine \_\_\_\_\_ nine two nineteen twelve seven eleven thirteen ten thirty-three \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen fourteen Write five words that rhyme with each key word. EXAMPLE: lick rock sack deck back king rung queen song

### FACTOID

### Tell what or whom the words mean.

The military salute came from knights raising their visors to the king.

EXAMPLE: The boys ran away.

They ran to school. They = boys



1. Carla and I like horses. We ride them every day.

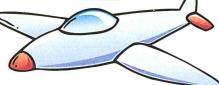
them = \_\_\_\_\_

2. Grandma called today. She is coming to see us.

She = \_\_\_\_\_

3. Joe would like to fly in a jet. He has never been in one.

He = \_\_\_\_\_ one = \_\_\_\_



**4.** This summer, I am at camp. I like it <u>here</u>.

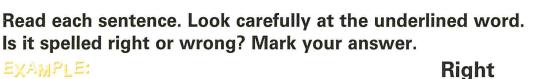
here = \_\_\_\_

5. I lost my best umbrella. It is blue.

lt = \_\_\_\_\_

**6.** Lee has two dogs. They are both black.

They = \_\_\_\_\_





- 1. Randy <u>ate</u> toast with jam on it.
- 2. We wunt to the store for some candy.



- 3. The dog will hund for his bone.
- 0



**4.** We will <u>plant</u> our garden tonight.

1	٦	1	
1	J		



**5.** The <u>keng</u> asked the queen to come quickly.





**6.** This is the <u>ent</u> of my story.





7. I want my hair to grow very <u>long</u>.

Think of a good name for a pet.

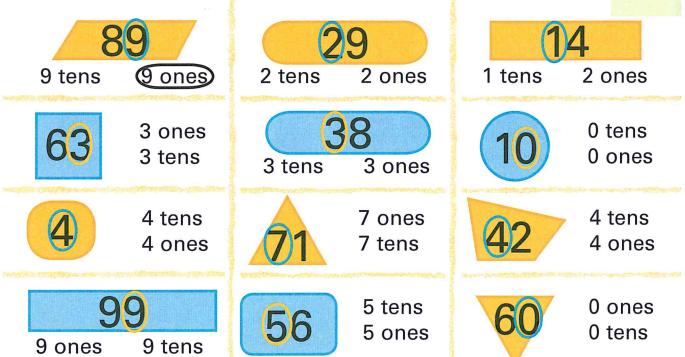


What does the circled digit mean? Circle the answer. Be sure to read the words.



Day 12

EXAMPLE:



Story Titles. <u>Rule</u>: The first and all other important words in a story or book title begin with a capital letter. Write these story titles correctly.



### EXAMPLE:

an exciting camping trip \_\_\_\_\_ An Exciting Camping Trip
 my ride on an elephant \_\_\_\_\_\_
 the day we missed school \_\_\_\_\_\_
 pets are fun \_\_\_\_\_\_
 a real fire drill \_\_\_\_\_\_
 my vacation this summer \_\_\_\_\_\_



### FACTOID

Ireland is the only place where windmills turn clockwise.

### Number of flowers picked. Each = 2 flowers









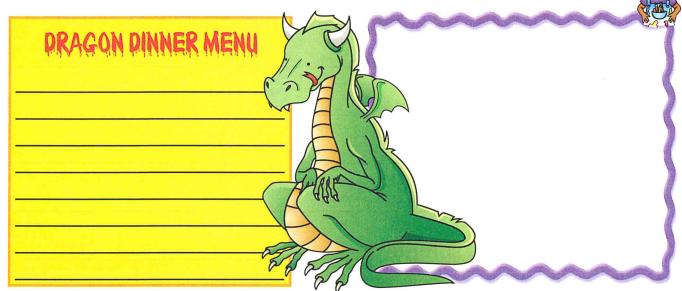


- 1. What did these girls pick?
  - a. trees
- (b. flowers)
- c. weeds
- 2. How many flowers does 🐡 stand for?
  - a. one
- b. two
- c. three
- 3. How many flowers did Allie and Denise pick together?
  - a. two
- c. eight
- b. ten
- d. five
- **4.** Who picked the most flowers?
  - a. Allie
- c. Sue
- e. Denise

- **b**. Beth
- d. Lori

- 5. Which two girls picked the same number of flowers?
  - a. Sue & Lori
- c. Allie & Lori
- b. Sue & Beth
- d. Denise & Allie
- 6. Who picked the least?
  - a. Allie
- b. Denise
- How many did she pick?
- a. eight
- **b**. two
- c. four
- 7. Who picked six flowers?
  - a. Denise
- b. Sue
- c. Allie

Write a dinner menu for a dragon! Draw a picture to go with it!



### Read the story. Write the problem and the answer.

### EXAMPLE:

1. Tanner had 8 balls. He lost 2 of them. How many balls does he have now?

8	<b>- 2</b>	=	6	balls

3. We had 11 goldfish. Our cat ate 9 of them. How many goldfish were not eaten?

=	goldfish
	golulish

5. Matt has two dogs, Tina and Joy. Tina had 8 puppies, and Joy had 4. How many puppies are there in all?

\_\_\_\_\_ =\_\_\_ puppies

2. Allie has 4 dolls.

She got 6 more for her birthday. How many dolls does Allie have?

\_\_\_\_\_ =\_\_\_ dolls

4. Rob walked 3 miles, Lori walked 6 miles, and Matt walked 4 miles. How many miles did the children walk in all?

\_\_\_\_ =\_\_\_ miles

6. I bought one dozen eggs (12). On the way home from the store, I broke 5 of them. How many eggs did not get broken?

\_\_\_\_\_ =\_\_\_ eggs

Circle and write the correct word for each sentence. Remember: When you add <u>-s</u> or <u>-es</u> to a word, it means more than one.



Two went for a ride. girl girls 2. My \_\_\_\_\_ broke when it fell. dish dishes **3**. Which \_\_\_\_\_\_ is yours? pencils pencil Put all the \_\_\_\_\_ back on the shelf. book books My foot is nine long. inch inches How many \_\_\_\_\_ were in the race? boat boats May I have a piece of \_\_\_\_\_? pie pies Where are my \_\_\_\_\_? shoe shoes

### What does the underlined word mean? Circle your answer.

- 1. She has on a <u>dark</u> purple dress.
  - **a.** not light **b.** night
- 2. We were safe on the rock.
  - a. without danger
  - b. place to keep things
- 3. Sam had to be home before dark.
  - a. night
- **b.** morning
- c. day
- **4.** Can you <u>lift</u> this box?
  - a. pick up
- **b.** put down **c.** turn over
- **5.** I need <u>several</u> people to help me.
  - a. none
- **b**. one
- c. some
- d. hundreds

Butterflies taste their food with

their feet.

Fill in the banks with str-, spr-, spl-, or thr-; then follow the directions at the bottom of the page.



ead eet

ang

it

ong

ay

ough

ash

ing

atter

- Color the **spr-** words yellow.

3. Circle the thr- words.

- 2. Put an X on the spl- words.
- 4. Color the **str-** words orange.

### Write the missing sign (+, -, or =) in the circle.





$$12 O 6 = 6$$

$$4 O 2 = 2$$

$$14 O 1 = 15$$

$$14 O 4 = 10$$

$$4 O 1 = 3$$

7 - 3 
$$\bigcirc$$
 4

$$8 O 4 = 12$$

$$9 \bigcirc 2 = 11$$

$$11 \ O \ 2 = 9$$

7 + 3 
$$\bigcirc$$
 10

$$10 \ O \ 3 = 13$$

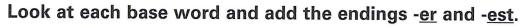
$$10 \ O \ 8 = 2$$

$$4 O 4 = 8$$

red

$$6 + 4 \bigcirc 10$$

$$0 + 9 \bigcirc 9$$



thin thinner thinnest
slim
big
hot



### Write the correct ending on each base word in the sentence.



- 1. That's the big\_\_\_\_ cake on the table.
- 2. My cheeks are red\_\_\_\_\_ than your coat.
- 3. Jenna is slim\_\_\_\_\_ than her brother.
- 4. Today is the hot\_\_\_\_ day we have had so far.
- **5.** My sandwich is thin\_\_\_\_\_ than yours.

### FACTOID

An ostrich's eye is bigger than its brain.

Fill in the blanks. Use the words under the sentences.







Look at the index below from the back of a book about flowers. Write the page where you could find information on each of the

following flowers.

1.	tulips
2.	pansies
3.	daisies
4.	roses
5.	zinnia
6.	lilv

А	HIJ	S
apple blossoms . 37	iris8	spring 15
aster 62	KL	stamen 6, 7
В	larkspur47	stigma6, 7
blossoms 13	lily 42	summer 16 sunflowers 17
buttercups65	MN	
С	marigolds 29	TU
chrysanthemum. 23	ОРО	thistle 27
cowslips 25	pansies 31	tulips26
DE	petals 6	V W
daffodil 27	pistil6, 7	violet22
daisy15	R	winter 15 wisteria 20
F G	rose19	
fall 30		X Y Z
gardens2		zinnia 60
gladiola7		

Fill in the missing numbers.



Day 15

300 302 305 309

311 316

489 491 495

202 | 210

595 | 597 | 601 |

Circle the words that should have a capital letter. Put a period (.) or question mark (?) at the end of each sentence.



### EXAMPLE:

- 1. (rachel)lives in (new york city) •
- 2. i live in salt lake city, utah\_\_\_\_
- 3. where do you live\_\_\_\_
- 4. mr. brown is my best neighbor\_\_\_\_
- **5.** was easter in april this year\_\_\_\_
- 6. my mother shops at smith's market\_\_\_\_\_
- 7. where is dallas, texas\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. look what i've got\_\_\_\_
- 9. children say "trick or treat" on halloween\_\_\_\_
- 10. do you like christmas or thanksgiving better\_\_\_\_

### Fill in the blanks. Use the words in the box.

### FACTOID

Frogs can launch themselves over 20 times their own body length.

	trade dry	summer ambulance	cowboy brought					
1.	Do you like t	to go swimming in the						
2.	My little bro	ther wants to be a	when he	•				
3.	The	made a loud n	oise as it passed us.					
4.	l'II	my banana for y	our orange.					
5.	Sammy	a big snak	e to school in a box.					
6.	The ground	has not been	this summer.					
Use the dictionary entry below to answer the questions.  germ (jûrm), n. 1. disease-producing microbe. 2. a bud or seed.								
1.	What part of	speech is germ?						
2.	Which defini	tion of <u>germ</u> deals with	growing plants?					
3.		ord <u>germinate</u> come be						
4.	Use the word	d <u>germ</u> in a sentence.						

### The Impossible Balloon

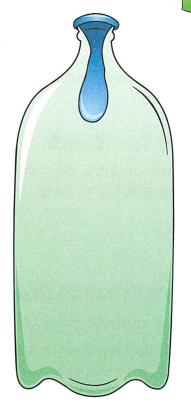
Air is all around us, taking up lots of space. This may be hard to imagine since you can't really see air or feel anything solid when you reach out to touch it. Try this activity, and you'll see just how pushy air can be!

### Stuff You Needs

balloon soda bottle (2-liter)

### Here's What to Dos

- 1. Take your balloon and put it inside the bottle. Be careful not to drop it in the bottle. Hold on to the mouth of the balloon and pull it back over the mouth of the bottle so that it stays in place.
- 2. Put your lips on the bottle. Try to blow up the balloon.



### What's This All About?

When the balloon is wrapped around the mouth of the bottle, it seals the bottle. No air can get in or out of the bottle. As you try to blow up the balloon, it pushes against the air trapped inside the bottle. The air does not like this, so it pushes back on the balloon, refusing to let it get any bigger. Air takes up space and can push back on things that push on it.

### More Fun Ideas to Trys

- 1. Try different sizes of bottles to see if you can blow up the balloon in a bigger bottle.
- 2. Try round balloons or long balloons to see if that makes a difference. Write down what you think might happen before you try the experiment.
- 3. Try a plastic bottle with a small hole punched in the bottom and see if you can blow up the balloon.

### Napkin Preserver



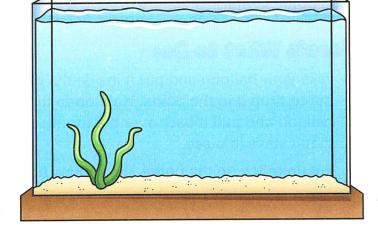
Do you believe it's possible to dunk a napkin in an aquarium and have it be dry when you pull it out? See if your napkin "sinks or swims" while proving that air takes up space!

### Stuff You Needs

aquarium or large, clear container drinking glass (any size) napkin water



- 1. Make sure the napkin is dry.
- Stuff the napkin into the bottom of the glass. Turn the glass upside down over the floor to make sure the napkin won't fall out.



- 3. Keep the glass upside down and slowly lower it straight into the aquarium until the napkin and glass are both completely underwater. Don't tilt the glass at all. Now, remove the glass from the water.
- 4. Look at the napkin closely. Is it still dry?

### What's This All About?

This activity shows that air certainly does take up space. As the glass is lowered into the container, the air inside the glass displaces (or pushes away) the water in the container. Because the water is displaced, the napkin remains dry. Pretty cool, huh?

### More Fun Ideas to Trys

If you are having a hard time seeing how air takes up space, just put your hands on your chest, fingers spread. Inhale, hold your breath, and then exhale. Can you see now how air takes up space?



# Motivational Galendar

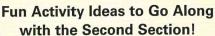
Month

My parents and I decided that if I complete
20 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

hild's Signa	iture	TOTAL MANAGEMENT	in the control for the transfer Com-	Parent's Signature				
Day 1	$\Diamond$		13 <u>141</u> 000	Day 11	$\Diamond$			
Day 2			orate ii. s	Day 12	$\Diamond$			
Day 3	$\Diamond$		aris 751	Day 13	$\Diamond$			
Day 4	$\Diamond$		ars <u>e skirj</u>	Day 14	$\Diamond$			
Day 5				Day 15	$\Diamond$		bucket	
Day 6	$\Rightarrow$			Day 16	$\Rightarrow$			
Day 7	$\Rightarrow$			Day 17	$\Rightarrow$			
Day 8	$\Rightarrow$			Day 18	$\Rightarrow$			
Day 9	$\Rightarrow$			Day 19	$\Rightarrow$			
Day 10	$\Rightarrow$			Day 20	$\Rightarrow$			
	Child	· Color+h	10 fo	or daily activi	tion oor	anloted		
		lor the		laily reading				
- Sw	Parent	: Initial th	ie wl	nen all activi	ties are	complete.		

# Discover Something New!







Have a contest to name the state capitals.



Find out what causes hiccups.



Watch a science program on TV.



Make dessert tonight.



Plan a hike at a nearby canyon.



Weed your garden.



Visit a historical site.



Do chalk art on the front sidewalk.



Play a game involving math, like Racko, Uno, or Monopoly.



Paint a picture with lemon juice on white paper—hang it in a sunny window. See what happens in a few days.



Make a list of environmental problems. Decide how to help by changing things in your home (collecting aluminum cans, etc.).



Go on a penny walk. On each corner, flip a penny to decide which way to go.



Have each family member write another family member a thank-you note.



Cover a table in the yard with paper and paint a picture using pudding.



Make a date with your parents to attend a musical event.



Hide "I love you" notes under your parents' pillows.



Do a pioneer activity. Brainstorm and be creative.



Take a counting walk: how many steps to the mailbox, how many to a friend's house, etc.



Give your pet a party. Invite its friends.



Parents' Day (new holiday). Take 'em breakfast in bed.

### Build the pyramid. Write the answers in the stones.









	Mary Intelligence	Parameter 1	Reference	from the sound	Distriction.	Territor Inc.	THE CONTRACTOR	The state of the	Trans Samuel		STREET, STREET	District of the last	The second
12	-8		+6		-4	40	-2		+9	+2		-5	10
									Mark W		Land 1		

### Some words end with two of the same consonant.



of	f	fell		dress	stiff	shall	
class	stuff		glass	ball		mitt	hill

1. Write the word from the box that rhymes with these words.

bell fill puff

2. Fill in the missing word or words. Use words from the box.

Our \_\_\_\_\_ will put on a play for you.

I \_\_\_\_\_ down and hurt my hand.

Put some milk in my \_\_\_\_\_, please.

Grab your \_\_\_\_\_, and let's play \_\_\_\_\_.

The man is on top of the \_\_\_\_\_.

Stand still, and I will show you my new \_\_\_\_\_.

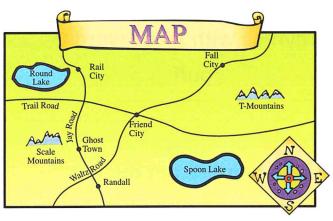
# Could It Really Happen? Read the sentences. Write <u>yes</u> if what the sentence says could really happen. Write <u>no</u> if what the sentence says could not really happen.



Jennifer wears a watch on her nose.
 A robin flew to its nest in the tree.
 Robert helped his father paint the fence.
 Paul saw a striped cat swim across the river.
 Mandy eats her lunch with a hammer and saw.
 We built a tunnel out of clay and rocks.
 Birds use their beaks to fly.
 Andy lost his tooth last night.
 That cow is driving a bus!

Maps are fun. Use the map to complete the sentences.

**10**. The moose gave the frog a cookie.



- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Road runs north and south.
   2. \_\_\_\_\_ Lake is between Trail Road and Jay Road.
   3. \_\_\_\_\_ Mountains are the mountains in the south.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ Mountains are the mountains to the north.
  5. \_\_\_\_\_ Road has the most cities on it.
  6. \_\_\_\_ Town sounds spooky, \_\_\_\_ City sounds friendly, and \_\_\_\_\_ City sounds like you need to watch where you are going.

### Add or subtract.







Read the words in each group and put them in the correct order. Place a period (.) or a question mark (?) at the end of each sentence. Read your sentence.



EXAMPLE:

1	lt	is	fun
			1 4 1 1

3 new friends.

**2** to make

Allie went

know where

\_\_\_\_ Do you

bones

\_\_\_\_ My dog

\_\_\_\_ can eat

\_\_\_\_ Ms. Hansen gave

\_\_\_\_ their papers

the children

car passed

\_\_\_\_ A green

us

Tanner are

\_\_\_\_ Grayson and

brothers

Matt has

\_\_\_\_ of cars

\_\_\_\_ four kinds

\_\_ kinds of cookies

Denise ate

four different

love me

\_\_\_\_ and mom

\_\_\_\_ My dad

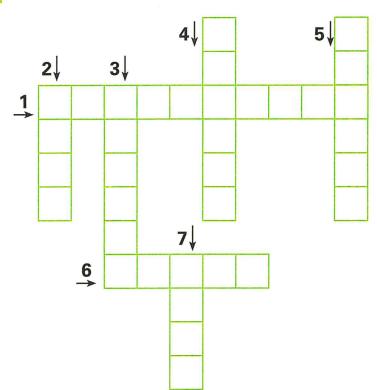
### Read this paragraph; then follow the directions.

Denise likes to do many different things in the summer. Denise likes to sleep until eight o'clock. After she gets up, she likes to help her mother work in the garden for a while. Every day Denise likes to read and play with her friends. She likes to go swimming and hiking with her brothers. And most of all, she likes to ride her horse.



- 1. Underline the topic sentence.
- 2. Whom does Denise go swimming with? Circle your answer.
- 3. Put an X on the time Denise gets up.
- 4. What do you think would be a good name for Denise's horse?
- 5. Name two things that might be growing in Denise's garden.

Crossword Puzzle. Read the sentences. Choose a word from the box below to complete the puzzle.



rake cheese agree meat microphone

- You talk into this to make your voice loud.
- 2. You can eat this.
- 3. You take pictures with this.
- 4. You eat this at night.
- 5. People and mice like this.
- 6. My friend and I \_\_\_\_\_ on most things.
- **7.** You do this to the leaves on your lawn.

### Connect the dots. Start with 597.





.601

Day

612.

613. .599

612. 615. .600 611. 616.

614.

610. 617. .602

618.

609. .608 .607 .606 .605 .604 .603 622. .621 .620 619. \_\_\_\_\_ .631 .630 .629 .623

.624 .625 .626 .627 .628

### Choose the correct word from the box to complete the sentence.

- 1. The train will \_\_\_\_\_ .
  The train is \_\_\_\_ .
  The train has \_\_\_\_ .
- 1. stopped stopping stop
- 2. The baby can \_\_\_\_\_ . See, the baby is \_\_\_\_ . The baby \_\_\_\_ .
- 2. clap clapped clapping
- 3. The rabbit is \_\_\_\_\_ .
  The rabbit \_\_\_\_ .
  The rabbit can \_\_\_\_ .
- 3. hop hopped hopping
- 4. Let's play \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

   I'm \_\_\_\_\_\_ you.

   I \_\_\_\_\_\_ John.
- 4. tagged tagging tag

Read the words in the box. Choose five of them and write your own sentences. Use capital letters, periods, question marks, and exclamation points.



### AU51 UIU

No English word rhymes with "orange," "purple," or "month."

	career stranger	adult interested	complete college	prepare during
1.				
2. 3.				
4.				
Circ	ele the one tha	t holds the most.	nny yr y ceffydd <sup>mae</sup> dd awdd gwron ffingylydd yr ollifel y	
	Tal	olespoon (	Teaspoon	1/2 Teaspoon 1/2
2.	QUART		Gollon Milk	2 QUARTS
3.	Orang	100 3		S QUARTS Orange Orange
4.	F		7	

### Write the number fact families.



EXAMPLE:

1.



11

2.



3.

Read the words. Print the soft  $\underline{c}$  words in the celery. Print the hard  $\underline{c}$ words in the carrot.



cat cider city

celery come candy

once century actor

rascal factor

excited dance raccoon magic

scene carrot sentence



soft c = s sound celery

hard c = k soundcarrot

# Write the correct contraction for each sentence.



### ACTOID

Almonds are in the same family as peaches.

### EXAMPLE:

ever played football.
1

They're	They'll	They've
---------	---------	---------

2. \_\_\_\_\_ have a really fun time.

We're We'll We	ve
----------------	----

3. work as hard as I can.

l'm	l've		ĺ
-----	------	--	---

4. got to do it right the first time.

We'v	<i>l</i> e	We'll	We're

5. all in this together.

6. \_\_\_\_\_ not going to run away with it.

They'll They've They're

### Write the picture's number by its description.



**2** keeps you dry when it rains

a vegetable rabbits like

\_\_\_ a place to sleep

use this to get clean

\_\_\_\_ hurts your teeth

a red fruit

cats and kittens like

to drink this

\_\_\_\_ time to get up









### Match the problems that have the same sum.



4 + 6	4 + 2
6 + 9	5 + 13
9 + 8	8 + 2
6 + 0	3 + 9
9 + 9	7 + 8
7 + 5	14 + 3

### Answer the questions below and complete the calendar.



- Starting on the proper day of the week for this year, write in the numbers for each day of July.
- July always has \_\_\_\_\_ days. 2.
- 3. Which day of the week is Independence Day? \_\_\_
- **4.** July comes in what season? 5. How many Saturdays are in July? \_\_\_
- 6. Draw a flag on the Fourth of July.







V	02	r
ш	Cu	٠,

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
ě						

## Read the stories. Decide what will happen next. Underline your answer.



# Do you know how to tell if a cranberry is ripe? If it bounces well!

1. Lori was about to take a big bite out of her ice cream. Denise bumped her arm. What will happen next?

> Lori will drink some milk. Lori will vell at Denise.

Lori will get ice cream on her shorts.



2. Matt was playing tennis with Grayson. The sun was very hot. The boys' faces were getting too much sun. What will happen next?

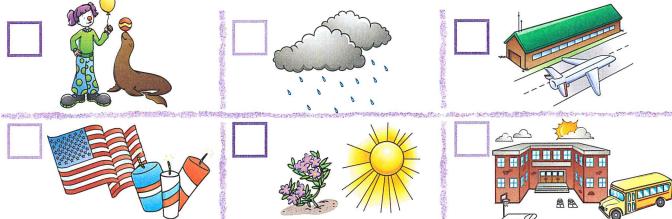
Grayson and Matt will get sunburned.

Matt will go home.

Matt and Grayson will get cold.

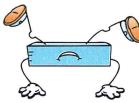






- 1. I am very hot and dry. Sometimes in the spring I have flowers.
- 2. People can go anywhere if they come to me first.
- 3. Here you can see many animals and people doing fun things.
- 4. You come to me on some days and learn.
- 5. This is something that every living thing needs.
- 6. I am a very special day in July.

### Subtract.





Use the words who, what, when, why, and where in the blanks to complete the sentences below.



- 1. will it be time to leave?
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ wants to come with me?
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ didn't you do your work?
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ shall we go after the movie?
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ time did you say it was?
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ did you put my shoes and socks?
- **7.** \_\_\_\_\_ must you leave so soon?
- **8.** \_\_\_\_\_ are you doing now?

### Use the words went or gone to finish these sentences. Remember: The word gone needs They need gravity to swallow! another word to help it, such as has or have.

## Birds could never be astronauts.

### EXAMPLE:

- 1. Tanner <u>went</u> home after school.
- 2. Grayson has \_\_\_\_\_ shopping for a new coat.
- 3. Matt with Denise to play.
- **4.** We have with Matt's mother all week.
- Mother \_\_\_\_\_ to work this morning. 5.
- **6.** Allie has \_\_\_\_ around the corner.
- **7.** Who has \_\_\_\_\_ on a trip before?
- 8. My aunt \_\_\_\_\_ skating on the ice.
- **9**. I have \_\_\_\_\_\_ to bed.
- **10.** He \_\_\_\_\_ around the world in an airplane.

At the top of each page in a dictionary are guide words. The guide word on the left tells you the first word found on the page. The guide word on the right tells you the last word on the page. Circle the word that would be found on the page with the following guide words.



1. patter—penguin

panda pig paw 3. alligator—anteater antelope animal antler

2. match—monkey

magic motor moan

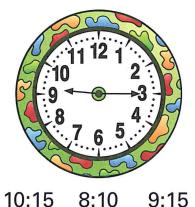
4. bear—buffalo

bunny bison bat

### Circle the time that matches the clock.







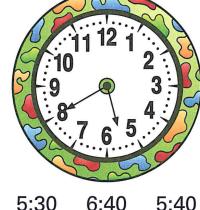


1:45 8:30 12:45



6:00 12:00 12:30







6:25 8:25 5:08

6:40 5:30

1:05 12:00 12:05

### Make one dollar in change in six different combinations.

## EXAMPLE:

quarters \_ dimes nickels 0\_\_ pennies 1.00 Total

quarters dimes nickels pennies Total

quarters \_\_\_\_\_ dimes \_\_\_\_ nickels pennies \_\_\_\_\_ Total

quarters \_\_\_\_\_ dimes nickels pennies **Total** 

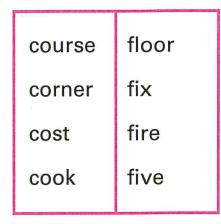
quarters \_\_\_\_\_ dimes nickels pennies \_\_\_\_\_ Total

quarters dimes nickels pennies Total

### FACTOID

Ask someone to say one of the words in each box. Circle the word they say. When you finish, read all of the words on the page out loud.

Koala bear fingerprints look just like human fingerprints.



instead	east
inside	else
into	easy
income	engine

	B
begin	point
behind	plane
began	pickle
before	push
	·

until	throw		
unusually	through		
unlace	those		
unit	that		

alarm	weather
adjust	wagon
alone	weave
afraid	weep

shape	year
snake	young
stone	yeast
stopped	yell

### Unscramble and write the missing words.



1.	My mom always	me when	I go to	)	_
	ghus			dbe	
2.	Rob says that he	go home		•	
	sutm	า	wo	on	
3.	The swam in	ı the	_ wate	er.	
	shif	eedp			
4.	My dad has to	our grass; it	's too		.•
	tcu			glno	
<b>5</b> .	The cat chased	the mouse	in his		×
	frate			ouhse	
6.	Lori walks home from _	, and	Matt		
		schloo		diare	

Add the ones first and then the tens.

1 63

+ 8

71

47

19 + 8

55

+ 9

24

+ 7

88

+ 6

63

+ 9

72

+ 8

+ 4

+ 8

+ 5

27

+ 6

+ 6

+ 16

+8

<u>+</u> 7

+ 9

28 <u>+</u> 7

+ 42

Sounds: (oo) (oo). Circle the words that have the oo sound, like tooth, in green. Circle the words that have the oo sound, like hook, in blue.



hood book cookies cool booth boot brook moon goose spoon school crook moose hoop stool soon tooth scoop cook tool balloon foot stood broom food took Z00 wood wool look pool

Read the story about Max and Joy. Write an  $\underline{M}$  by the phrases that describe Max and a  $\underline{J}$  by the phrases that describe Joy. Write a  $\underline{B}$  if the phrase describes both of them.

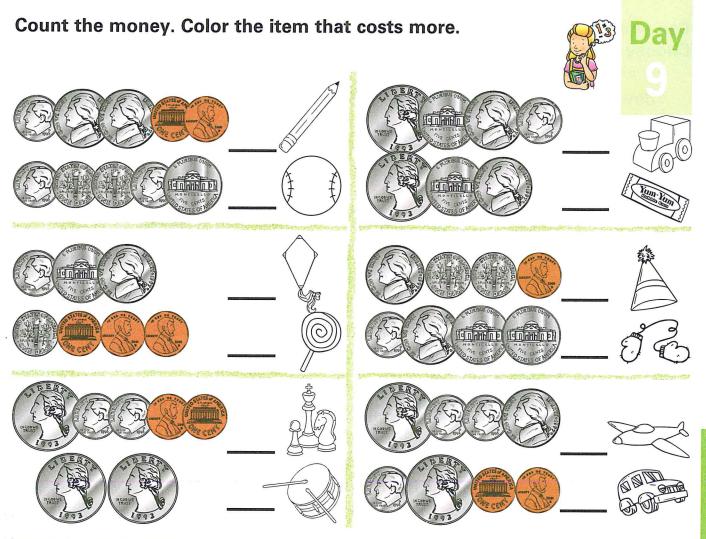
1. has brown eves



Max and Joy are twins. They have brown eyes and black hair. They are seven years old and go to school. Max likes math, and Joy likes to read. They both like to go outside to play. Joy likes to play ball. Max likes to run and play tag. Joy likes to ride her bike while Max feeds his pet dog.

2. are twins

			,				
	3.	likes to	read		4.	are seven	
	5.	likes to	ride bikes		6.	likes to ru	n
	7.	likes to	play ball		8.	likes math	
	9.	has a p	pet		10.	has black l	hair
			nd us. It can be ascramble the			-	lk, or
1.	lce i	s a	When i	t melts,	it is a	dqui	
2.	I have no shape. You can feel me when the wind blows						
3.			at things are m orms: <b>sga</b>			and	asg
4.			<b>sga</b> can be big or li			osdil	S TO
5.	tertaM						
6.	_	cs are	·				0
7.	You		<b>odlsi</b> a bath in this i	matter: <sub>-</sub>	ilqidu	•	
8.	Airi	s as					



Listen to the vowel sounds. If the word has a short vowel sound, put an  $\underline{S}$  on the line. If the vowel sound is long, put an  $\underline{L}$  on the line.



EXAMPLE: just \_**S**\_ clock name cute <u>L</u> slow \_\_\_\_ truck nice cape \_\_\_\_ help road clue chip apple \_\_\_\_ ship \_\_\_\_ trike shot seed shame left gum \_\_\_\_ goat slam sweet read

### Can you find the answers to these puzzles? Choose a word from the box below.

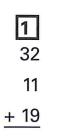




#### dew giraffe crib skunk mouse rope glue moose broom

The companies and the first received the first state of the first of the first of the second and the second state of the first of the second state of the first of the second state of the	Silling and the State of the second state of the State of	and the state of t	
1. Cleo is black and white. He can make a terrible smell.  Cleo is a	2. Sweep the floor with me.  I'm a	3. Rick is small and gray. He has a long tail. He likes cheese. Rick is a	
4. Tiny has a long neck and brown spots on her body. She eats leaves off the trees.  Tiny is a	5. You can stick things together with me.  I am	6. You can tie things up with me. I can be thick or thin.  I'm a	
7. Harry lives in the forest by a pond. He eats grass on the bottom of the pond and has big antlers. Harry is a	8. You can find me on the grass in the morning on cool days.  I am	9. Babies sleep in me. I have four legs, but I can't walk.  I'm a	
Read the sentences and planted seeds The flowers grown Katie spent all Katie has a lot	of her money.	ned first.  I did my work.  I must do my work.  Kirt starts his car.  Kirt drives his car.	
I brushed my to	Our snowman is tall. Our snowman melted.		
I put my shoes	Mom baked a cake. I ate a piece of cake.		

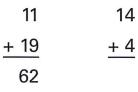
#### Add.

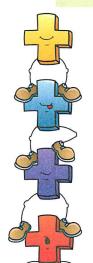






Day 10





### 81 38

+ 64

+ 19

### Put these words in alphabetical order. They are $\underline{r}$ -controlled vowel words. Can you spell them all?



her
word
bird

card are third jerk burn dark turn more part

march store first

1.

6.

11.

2.

7.

12.

3.

8.

13.

4.

\_ 9.

14.

5.

10.

15.

#### FACTOID

A group of frogs is called an army.

The syllables <u>be</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>re</u>, <u>ex</u>, and <u>de</u> are common beginning syllables. Read the words in each box. Circle the syllable common to each word. Then write the correct word in the blank. The first one has been done for you.



afraid alive ahead	1.	I will walk <u>ahead</u> of you.				
remove repair renew	2.	Will you please my shoes?				
exchange exhibit exit	3.	Mom will this dress for a skirt.				
before because became	4.	After ten years of school, my sister a doctor.				
about around alarming	5.	This story was some strange animals.				
decoy decline decree	6.	The king sent a from				
receive recall recess	7.	the palace.  The children like time.				
behind belief belong	8.	I to the school chorus.				
Write a story called "My Favorite Month of the Year."						

Write each problem; then solve it.

- Jav

- 1. Lori has 13 pretty roses. She sold 9 of them. How many roses does she have left to sell? \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ roses
- **2.** Grayson can walk 2 miles in one hour. How many miles can he walk in two hours?
  - \_ = \_\_\_ miles

- 3. Matt has 14 toy cars, and Tanner has 10 toy cars. How many more cars does Matt have than Tanner?
  - \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ cars

- 4. Twenty-eight tigers were in a tent. Twenty-one went outside. How many stayed in the tent? \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ tigers
- 5. Denise has 9 teddy bears. Allie has 6 dolls, and Lori has 3 balls. How many toys do the girls have in all? \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ toys

The letters ph make the sound of (f)! Read the sentences and choose the correct word from the Word Box to fill in the blanks.



- 1. What is your \_\_\_\_\_ number?
- **2.** We saw \_\_\_\_\_ at the zoo.
- 3. Allie wrote the letters of the \_\_\_\_\_
- **4.** Our team will get a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** Andy is my neat \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** Lori likes to sing into the \_\_\_\_\_.

**Word Box** 

trophy phone alphabet elephants microphone nephew

### Compound Words. Choose the right word for each sentence.

#### FACTOID

Old beds were held up with rope. That's why we say "Sleep tight!"

1.	Denise is one of	f my favorite _		
	classmates			
2.	Allie likes to go			
	footstool			
3.	It rains a lot dur summertime			
4.	Put the tablecloth			
5.	Our family ate o			Ve
6.	I like to collect _ storybooks	seashells	butterflies	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
best	v a line from the words describe it.		olumn to the wor	ds that
	milk —		a farm an	imal
2.	ice cream		something	g to drink
3.	dog		a special p	olanet
4.	cow		usually ve	ery cold
<b>5</b> .	yellow		a type of t	ent
6.	hammer		a pet	

7. Earth

8. teepee

a color

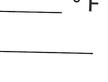
a tool

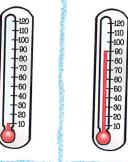
Write the temperature in the first blank. Write  $\underline{\text{warm}}$  or  $\underline{\text{cold}}$  in the second blank.



Day

**1**. \_\_\_\_\_ ° F





**2**. \_\_\_\_ ° F



3. \_\_\_\_ ° F\_\_\_\_\_



**4**. \_\_\_\_\_ ° F



Put the words from the box below into the correct categories.



cow blocks ball sled corn cherry

rabbit kite lion

beans horse potatoes

bread meat train

monkey donkey doll





Foods

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_

3.

3

4.

4.

3. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

C

5. \_\_\_\_\_

ww.SummerBridgeActivities.com

### Read the story and the summaries. Circle the best summary.

Matt loved to play in the water. Every time it rained, he would run outside to play in the puddles. He would splash water on his dog and the neighbor's cat. He would even splash water on anyone who

came near. His friends would not play with him because he always got them wet. One day, a big truck went by and splashed water all over Matt. He got so wet he decided not to splash a people anymore.





 Matt liked to play in puddles of water. He got wet. He didn't splash anymore. 2. Matt liked to play in puddles of water. He splashed on animals and people. One day a truck splashed him. He stopped splashing others.

A thesaurus is a book that includes synonyms of words. You can use a thesaurus to make your writing more interesting. Look at this page from a thesaurus. Answer the questions below.

sad (adj): unhappy, down, dismal, morose, miserable, cheerless, gloomy, forlorn, dejected, glum, depressed

- said (v): spoke, repeated, harped, yelled, whispered, echoed, bellowed, whined, shouted, told, sang, hammered, mentioned
- 1. Are the synonyms for the entry word in alphabetical order?
- 2. What does the (adj) after the word sad tell you about the word?\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Rewrite this sentence using a synonym for the word <u>sad</u>: The boy was feeling sad because he lost his puppy.

Brooke saves buttons. Below are some she has collected. Read and solve the riddles. Write the letter of the button that matches the clues.





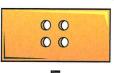












F

- I do not have corners. I have 2 lines of symmetry. Which button am I?
- 2. I am not round. I have more than 4 corners. I show symmetry. Which button am I?
- 3. I have 4 corners. I have 2 lines of symmetry. Two sides are longer than the other 2 sides. Which button am I?
- 4. Now you write clues for the rest of the buttons. Can your friends and family guess?

Days of the week begin with capital letters. Fill in the blanks with the names of the days. Look at a calendar to help you spell them.



**1.** School days are \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

On what day of the week does

Thanksgiving always fall? \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Write the names of the days that have six letters:

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

What day comes after Friday? \_\_\_\_\_.

**5.** Which days have eight letters?

has seven letters, and has nine.

### es.

Maine is the only state with a onesyllable name.

54 GTO

# Word Referents. Read the sentences. Draw a circle around the word or words that the underlined word stands for.



- 1. If you'll be home Friday, I'll see you then.
- 2. The fruit is really good; it tastes sweet.
- 3. Joe and Henry ran fast; they won the race.
- 4. When we found the park, Dad said, "Let's eat here."
- 5. Mary plays the piano; she plays very well.
- 6. I watered the flowers and put them on the bench.
- 7. Danny took the dog outside; he left the cat there, too.
- 8. The fish swam in the pond; it ate a bug.

#### Circle all the small words you can find in these words.







1.	statement	

9.00 to 100 to 100 to

4. spend 5

7. bonnet

**10.** penmanship

**13.** friend

**16.** spring

19. kingdom

2. infant

5. behind

8. kittens

11. twinkled

**14.** carpet

**17.** pinch

20. canyon

**18.** chocolate

storage

million

balloon

rabbit

9. identify

**12**.

**15**.

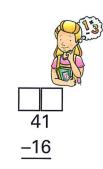
**21.** sentence

#### Subtract.

#### EXAMPLE:



13





## 65

- 9

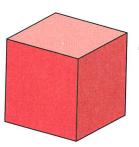
-78

-36



Look at the geometric solids. Each side is called a face. Write the number of faces each solid has.

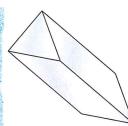




1. cube



faces



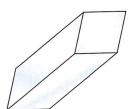
**2.** triangular prism



faces

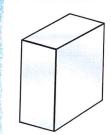


faces



3. rectangular prism





**4.** rectangular prism

1 1
1

faces

### Read each sentence and mark the correct one. Pay close attention to the commas.

#### FACTOID

Crocodiles can't move their tongues.

1.	Denise wanted five things in her lunch.  Denise got an apple, cake, an orange, cae and candy for her lunch.  Denise got an applecake, an orange, cae and candy for her lunch.	The state of the s
2.	Grayson saw three children at the park.	
	Alex Lee, Henry, and John were playing	ball.
	Alex, Lee, Henry, and John were playing	g at the park.
3.	Lori has four things in her room.	
٠.	She has a basketball, a teddy bear, and	a book.
	She has a basket, a ball, a teddy bear, a	nd a book.
		the state of the s
sv b f	vimming fishing paseball amping acation EXAMPLE:	biking fun
	<u>                                     </u>	play
		(water) skiing

#### Count the money. Write in the amount for each line.



Day 15





\_\_\_\_\_ ¢







\_\_\_\_\_¢



5. NCOP WETRUST

Change the order of each telling sentence to form a question. Remember the question mark.



EXAMPLE: The busy mailman is leaving. → Is the busy mailman leaving?

- 1. The old man is Gary's grandfather.
- 2. Apples are red, round, and juicy.
- 3. She can ride her shiny, new bike.
- 4. I am going to ride a black horse.

#### Fill in the blank with the correct word to complete each sentence.

**1.** My grandma reached the of 100 years. age ant ape 2. Denise likes to \_\_\_\_\_ beauty salon. plate play peel 3. My mom put on a \_\_\_\_\_dress. biggest lovely lately **4.** The grass turns green in the \_\_\_ sprang spring sprung The \_\_\_\_\_ was shining in my eyes. 5. bright flight light **6.** A horse kicks with its legs. mind hind blind **7.** The fence was made of ... wire tire 8. I will pay the \_\_\_\_\_ so I can ride the bus.

fare

#### Follow the directions to make a picture.

5.



3.

rare

.C

square

- 1. Draw a line from 3 to 5.
- 2. Draw a line from 3 to C to 9.
- 3. Draw a line from 3 to D.
- Draw a line from D to Z to 5.
- **5.** Draw a line from Z to 9.
- Draw a line from 3 to R to D.

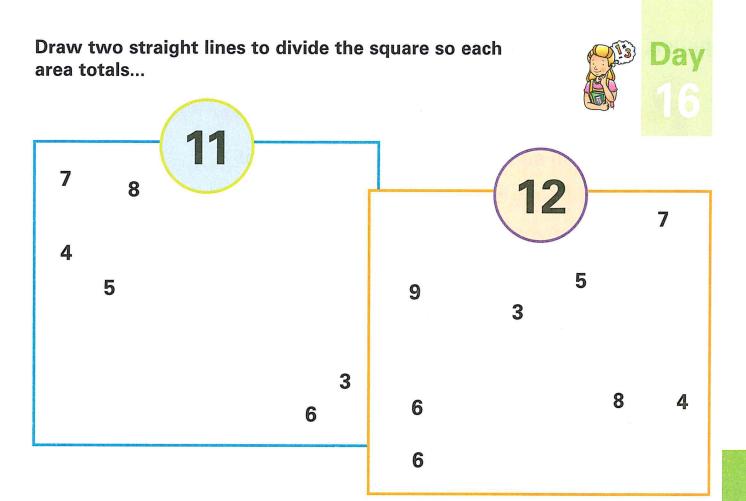


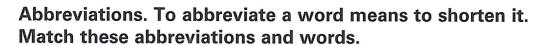
- 🦷 **7**. Draw a line from 3 to Z.
  - Color and add things you would take camping.

R.

JD.

Z.Jh







#### EXAMPLE:

December	Dr.	Mister	United States of America
Doctor	oz.	October	foot
Thursday	Dec.	ft.	Mr.
ounce	Jan.	Ave.	Avenue
January	Thur.	U.S.A.	Oct.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	CAN CONSTRUCTORY MARKET AND THE PROPERTY OF TH	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	the state of the s
yd.	Junior	Saturday	Sr.
yd. March	Junior Wed.	Saturday Senior	Sr. St.
•		·	
March	Wed.	Senior	St.

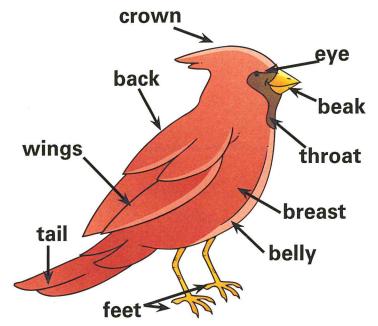
#### Read the sentences. Put a (.), (?), or (!) at the end of each sentence.



- It will soon be the first day of school\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Will Judy ride her bike to school this year\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Have you had a fun summer vacation\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. My family went on a camping trip to the beach\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Ann's sister will be starting school this year\_\_\_\_\_
- 6. What day will school start for you\_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Do you know the name of your new teacher\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. She will learn to be a teacher\_\_\_\_\_
- **9.** Have you gone anywhere before\_\_\_\_\_
- **10.** Have fun\_\_\_\_



Look at the parts of the bird, and then write them in alphabetical order.



- 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_
- 3.
  - 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Add or subtract. Be sure to start with the ones column.





Use the correct word in each sentence. Some words need the helper <u>has</u>, <u>have</u>, or <u>had</u>.



was	is	Did	saw	gave
were	are	done	seen	given

- 1. I \_\_\_\_\_ my cousin Jamie.
- 2. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you going?
- 3. I have \_\_\_\_\_ many bugs crawling.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ you find your green pencil?
- 5. The one I lost \_\_\_\_\_ green.
- **6.** That \_\_\_\_\_ the one I want.
- **7.** He \_\_\_\_\_ me his new bike.
- 8. We have \_\_\_\_\_ all the candy away.
- 9. You \_\_\_\_\_ great, just great!
- 10. He has \_\_\_\_\_\_ it once again.





#### Change the spelling of the underlined words Giraffes have long tongues—they to make them plural.

can lick their own eyes!

mice
elves
leaves
knives
feet
teeth
geese
men



men **1.** one <u>man</u> or two \_\_\_\_\_



- one tooth or three \_\_\_\_\_
- one <u>leaf</u> or four \_\_\_\_\_
- one goose or five \_\_\_\_\_
- one knife or two
- one mouse or six \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. one elf or four
- one foot or nine



ke to live in your tre	er write a st	ory describing	y what it's	
		Cut	Sing S/	TO THE
	 	aw E		
	 	20	CY L	Hous
			MANUELL	DE
			The state of the s	
				TO USIN

#### Place Value. Circle the number if:





Day 18

#### EXAMPLE:

7 is in the ones place	6 is in the hundreds place	5 is in the tens place		
34 (177) (67) 76	629 426 601 47	126 54 151 555		
84 (27) 42 (7) 16	926 682 62 26	38 185 250 58		
64 <i>(1)</i> 42 <i>(1)</i> 16	636 426 600 660	859 50 725 255		
9 is in the ones place	4 is in the hundreds place	3 is in the tens place		
79 429 924 609	1,423 484 124	231 722 38 29		
191 509 313 94	2,642 1,600 432	1,639 63 530 3		
889 69 74 209	3,046 4,422 144	333 32 23 16		
0 is in the tens place	7 is in the ones place	1 is in the tens place		
50 101 609	27 147 607	1 211 184 1,121		
1,406 10 804	38 78 447	71 17 130 6,191		
36 420 99	99 997 1,007	140 100 501 122		

Complete each sentence using  $\underline{more\ than}$ ,  $\underline{less\ than}$ , or  $\underline{equal\ to}$ . Write you answer on the line.



2 cups = 1 pint 2 pints = 1 quart 4 quarts = 1 gallon

#### EXAMPLE:

2 pints are equal to 1 quart.
 2 pint is \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 quart.
 3 quarts are \_\_\_\_\_ 1 gallon.
 4 gallon is \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 pint.
 6 pints are \_\_\_\_\_ 3 quarts.
 2 pints are \_\_\_\_\_ 4 cups.
 8 quarts are \_\_\_\_\_ 2 gallons.

Read the words in the Word Box. Then write three telling sentences and three question sentences. Use a word from the Word Box in each of your sentences.

#### FACTOID

Camels have three sets of eyelids to protect their eyes from sand.

	1.	
Word Box	CAROLINE STATE	
silence	2.	
attention		
calmly	3.	
famous	<b>5.</b> .	
honor	-	
strange	4.	
moment		
station	5.	
million	J	
free	- -	
sniffed	6.	
shiver		

Describing Words. Words that describe tell something about other words in a sentence. Some words describe how things <u>look</u>. Some words describe how things <u>sound</u>. Some words describe how things feel or how things <u>taste</u>. Circle the describing words in these sentences.

- 1. The shrill whistle hurt my ears.
- 2. That sad child must be lost.
- 3. Joe likes a soft pillow.
- 4. Our class climbed a steep hill.
- 5. The door made a screechy noise.
- 6. That fluffy yellow kitten is mine.
- 7. The hot, wet sand felt good on our feet.
- 8. The sour lemon made my mouth water.

#### EXAMPLE:

The big red wagon rolled down the hill.

(<u>Big</u> and <u>red</u> tell how the wagon looks.)

Use an inch ruler. Measure the lines between the dots. Round to the nearest inch. Write the measurements in the boxes and add them together.



Day

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ inches

Sometimes  $\underline{Y}$  is a vowel. Can you circle the word that is spelled correctly in each row?



#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. (sunny)
- 2. pretty
- 3. kary
- 4. sily
- **5.** whi
- **6.** try
- 7. bodie
- 8. funy
- 9. crie

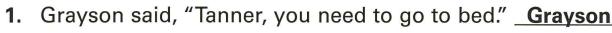
- suny
- pritty
- cary
- silly
- why
- trie
- body
- funnie
- cri

- sunnie
- prety
- carry
- selly
- whhy
- trhi
- boddy
- funny
- cry

#### FACTOID

Who is talking in the following sentences? Write the name on the line. The first one is done for you.

A rhinoceros's horn isn't really a horn. It's made of tightly pressed hair.

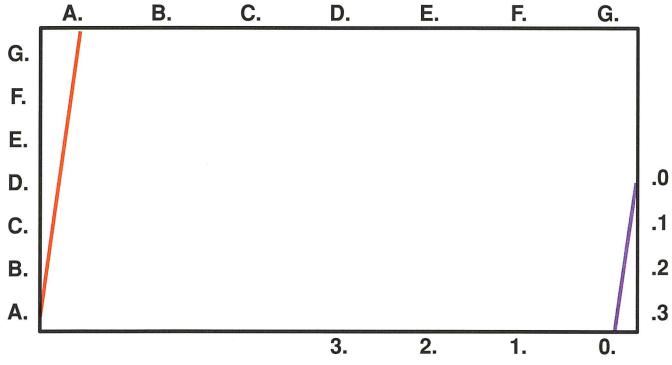




- 2. "Is this your book, Allie?" asked Denise. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Allie replied, "No, Denise, it is not my book."
- 4. The dog barked, "This is my house, cat, go away!" \_\_\_\_\_
- "Would you please go to the store for me?"Mother asked. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. "Denise," said Father, "Mr. Fredrickson wants us to go to the zoo with him. Lori, would you like to go, too?" \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 7. "I want to eat now," I said. "I can't wait." \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. "Is it hard to ride a bike, Grandpa?" asked Matt. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. "No," said Grandpa. "Not if you practice a lot."

Use a ruler to connect the dots between matching numbers and letters. See what design you make. Color it if you like.





#### Write the time or draw the hands.











9:25



6:35



4:50

later



11 12 1 10 3 8 7 6 5

one hour



11:10

Homophones are words that sound the same, but are spelled differently. Fill in each blank with the homophone of the underlined word. Use the words from the box.



-	1 /A		F)	-
	15		5	5
-	-	101		40

- 1. Did you <u>write</u> down the \_\_\_\_\_right answer?
- 2. I cannot tie a \_\_\_\_\_ with this rope.
- 3. Don only won \_\_\_\_\_ game.
- 4. Would you cut some \_\_\_\_\_ for the stove?
- 5. Be careful, or that \_\_\_\_\_ will sting you!
- 6. I knew I would get some \_\_\_\_\_ shoes.
- **7.** Our <u>maid</u> has already \_\_\_\_\_ my bed.
- 8. We saw a man fight a bear with his \_\_\_\_\_ hands.

bee right wood one

bare new knot made

### the Hummingbird

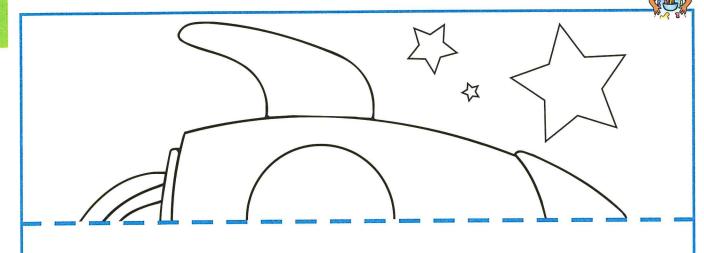
Add <u>-less</u> or <u>-ness</u> to the base word in the sentence (<u>-less</u> and <u>-ness</u> are common suffixes).

Hummingbirds are the only birds that can hover and fly upside down.

#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. I took the homeless kitten to my house.
- 2. The children were very <u>rest</u> today.
- 3. The friendli of the people made us feel at home.
- 4. Trying to train my dog to sit up is hope.
- 5. The baby loves the <u>soft</u> of her blanket.
- 6. The <u>loud</u> of the noise made me jump.
- 7. Her happi showed on her face.
- 8. My forgetful is going to get me in trouble.

Draw the other half of the picture to match.



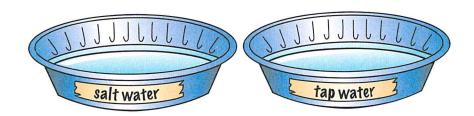
### Disappearing Act



You may know that water can disappear by evaporating. Do you know that sometimes it leaves stuff behind when it disappears?

#### Stuff You Needs

drinking glass masking tape pencil 2 pie tins salt spoon tablespoon water



#### Here's What to Dos

- 1. Use the masking tape and a pencil to label the outside bottom of two pie tins. Label pie tin #1 "saltwater" and pie tin #2 "tap water."
- 2. Add enough water to pie tin #2 to just cover the bottom. Then set it aside. Record the amount of water that you use, and use the same amount for pie tin #1.
- 3. For pie tin #1, pour warm water into a drinking glass. Add a tablespoon of salt to the water. Stir it until it is completely dissolved. Keep adding salt until no more will dissolve. This is called a saturated solution. Pour your saturated solution into pie tin #1.
- **4.** Set both pie tins aside. Record your observations every day until all of the liquid in both pie tins has completely evaporated.

#### What's This All About?

This activity uses saltwater as the basis for crystal formation. The water evaporates from the pan, and the mineral, salt, is left.

#### More Fun Ideas to Trys

- 1. Change the amount of salt in the saltwater. See if it affects the rate of evaporation. Be sure to use the same amount of water each time; just change the amount of salt used.
- 2. You can also vary the liquid you use. Try vinegar, ammonia, etc. When you do this, make sure that you use the same amount of salt and only change the liquid.

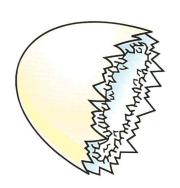
### Eggshell Goodes

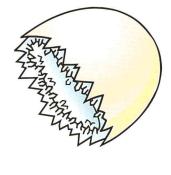


Geodes are rocks with beautiful crystal formations inside. Would you like to see how a geode is made?

#### Stuff You Needs

adult
copper sulfate crystals (1 lb.)
egg carton
eggshell halves
hot pad (oven mitt)
metal food can (like a coffee can)
spoon
stove top
water





#### Here's What to Dos

1. Add 2 pints of water to your metal food can. Place it on the stove top.

#### Don't forget to use caution when using the stove! Make sure an adult is nearby!

- 2. Let the water boil; then slowly add the copper sulfate crystals. Stir the solution constantly. As the crystals dissolve, add more. Add copper sulfate until the crystals won't dissolve anymore.
- 3. Get clean eggshell halves and put them in the egg carton for support. Pour the copper sulfate solution up to the top of each eggshell.
- 4. Carefully set them aside. Watch the solution evaporate. When all the solution has evaporated, you will have something that resembles a geode.

#### What's This All About?

A geode is a mineral deposit that is formed when a gas bubble is trapped in a lava flow. Over time, the bubble fills with mineral water and evaporates, again and again. Each time this happens, crystals begin to form.



# Motivational Galendar



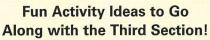
My parents and I decided that if I complete
15 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

nild's Signature				Parent's Signature			
Day 1	$\Rightarrow$			Day 9	$\Diamond$		
Day 2	$\Rightarrow$		-	Day 10	$\Diamond$		
Day 3	$\Rightarrow$			Day 11	$\Diamond$		
Day 4	$\Rightarrow$			Day 12	$\Lambda$		18 GET - 18 ME
Day 5	$\Rightarrow$			Day 13			
Day 6							
Day 7				Day 14	^		
Day 8	V		- Self-render (Co.	Day 15			
Child: Color the for daily activities completed.  Color the for daily reading completed.							

**Parent**: Initial the \_\_\_\_ when all activities are complete.

# Discover Something New!







Write a thank-you note to last year's teacher.



Make homemade root beer.



Visit the library. Research an occupation.



Visit someone in your chosen occupation.



Have a neighborhood barbecue.



Contact your city hall and do some volunteer work.



Try a midweek campout.



Go to a farm and feed the animals.



Plan a neighborhood bicycle olympics.



Share your garden produce with your neighbors.



Remember your times tables. Practice.



Have a marble tournament.



Make and fly a paper airplane.



Visit a fish hatchery.



Have a backyard breakfast.



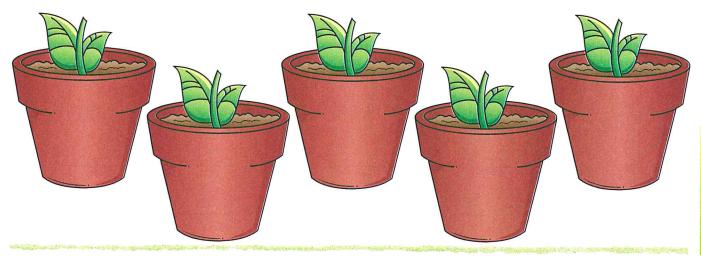
Write the signs for greater than (>), less than (<), or equal to (=) in the circles.



10

Read the story. Complete the picture to go with the story.

Mary planted flowers in each pot. They grew fast. She put the flowers all in a row. The white flower was in the middle. The purple flower was second. The orange flower was not first. The yellow flower was last. Where was the pink flower? Where does the orange flower go?



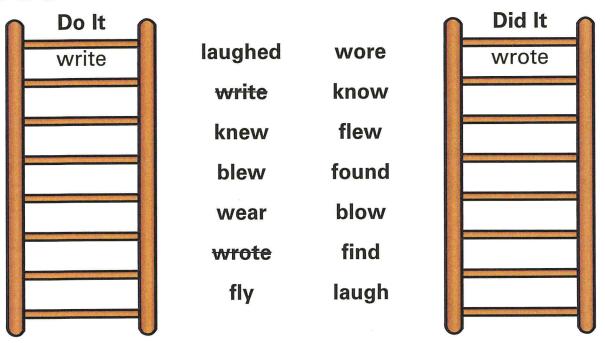
<u>Doing words</u> are called <u>verbs</u>. Some doing words mean to do it now or later; others mean we already did it. Put each doing word on the correct ladder.

#### FACTOID

Snail slime is so thick because it protects the snail's soft "foot."



EXAMPLE:



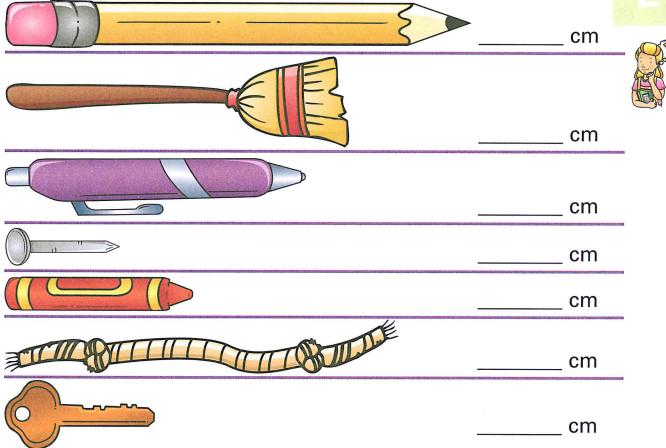
Add <u>-ed</u>, or <u>-ing</u> to the following base words. Be careful. Words that end in <u>-n</u>, <u>-g</u>, and <u>-p</u> may need an additional letter. Those ending in <u>-e</u> may change also.



rake	jump	hug	cook	skate
raked				
raking				
wrap	sneeze	pop	walk	smile

#### Use a centimeter ruler. Find the length of each object.





Cardinal numbers tell us how many or how much we have of something. They can be written in number (80) or word form (eighty).

Ordinal numbers tell us "which one" a number is in a series.

For example, if I have five apples in a row, the number three apple is the third apple in the row. (Third is an ordinal number.)

Write the number, number word, or ordinal number in the blank.

- 1. \_\_\_\_ seventieth
- **2.** 45 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ thirty-six \_\_\_\_\_

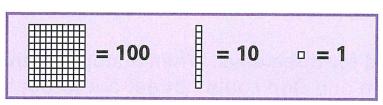
Write these sentences correctly. Don't forget the capital letters, periods, question marks, commas, and quotation marks.



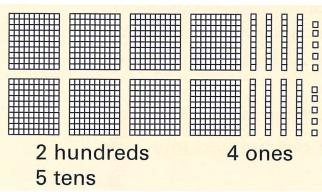
1.	randy has five pets: a dog cat rabbit and two mice
2.	do bluebirds eat seeds insects and plants
3.	would you please go to the store for me asked grayson
4.	my name is allie and I like candy

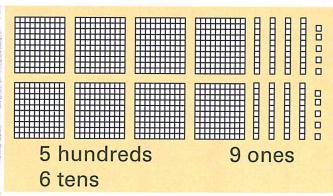
Write the following words under the correct heading:		r the	(opposite) <b>Antonyms</b>	(sound		(mean the same) Synonyms
ΕχΑ	would	wood		would	wood	
1.	high	low				
2.	pile	heap				
3.	weight	wait				
4.	blend	mix				
5.	empty	full				
6.	difficult	hard				
7.	rain	reign				
8.	cool	warm				
9.	crawl	creep				
10.	groan	grown		,		

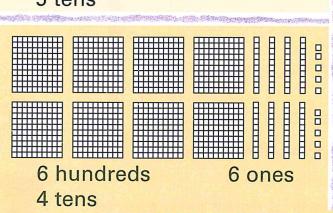
Color in the correct fraction for each picture.

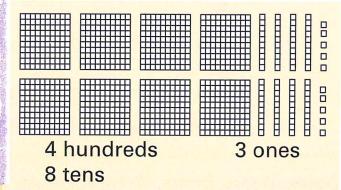












Read each word. Look at the underlined letter or letters and change them to make a new word. Read them to your parents.



EXAMPLE:

take <u>bake</u> <u>pr</u>ess <u>w</u>ell \_\_\_\_\_

<u>pr</u>ize \_\_\_\_\_ <u>d</u>ove \_\_\_\_ <u>qu</u>ick\_\_\_\_\_

<u>r</u>ise \_\_\_\_\_ w<u>i</u>sh \_\_\_\_\_

th<u>o</u>se \_\_\_\_\_ sh<u>e</u>ll \_\_\_\_\_ <u>sh</u>ip \_\_\_\_\_

<u>tr</u>ue \_\_\_\_\_ b<u>u</u>d \_\_\_\_\_ <u>tr</u>uck \_\_\_\_\_

### Read the story. Then number the events in the order they happened.

FACTOID

Do you know what the dot on top of the letter "i" is called? It's a tittle!

It had snowed for three days. When it stopped, the snow was so deep Tom and Don could not get out through the door of the cabin. The men had to climb out the upstairs window in order to get outside. They spent hours shoveling the snow away from the cabin door. At last, they were able to get the door open.

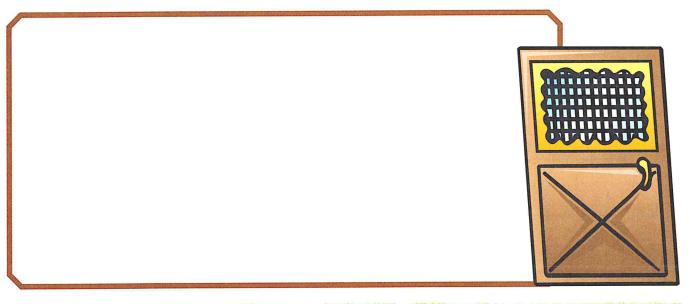


(	)The men climbed out the window.
(	) It snowed for three days.
(	) Don and Tom got the door open.
(	)The men shoveled snow for hours.

Doors, Doors, Doors. There are many kinds of doors belonging to many interesting places and things: cars, houses, barns, bedrooms, and basements.



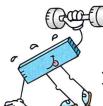
Think of a door that could "lead" you to an interesting place or a strange thing. Draw a picture of your door and what's behind it.



#### Subtract.







#### Words That Go Together. Write the correct word.

#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. Car is to road as boat is to lake.
- <u>Cloud</u> is to sky as worm is to . .
- <u>City</u> is to <u>buildings</u> as <u>forest</u> is to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- Knob is to door as pane is to . .
- <u>Cub</u> is to <u>bear</u> as <u>calf</u> is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Bus is to car as airplane is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Quack is to duck as meow is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Squirrel is to nut as cow is to \_\_\_\_\_



#### **Word Bank**

cat

ground

hay

window

lake

trees

COW

jet

Finish writing the correct word in each sentence by changing the last letter and adding the correct ending.



#### EXAMPLE:

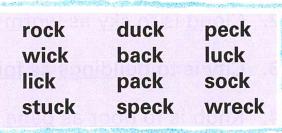
Word List
drier
happiest
easier
tried
carried
flies
worries
funnicat

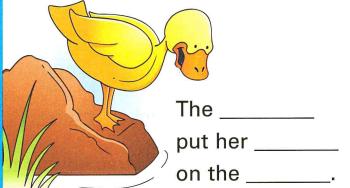
- 1. Wanda showed me the funnxiest picture.
- 2. My clothes are \_\_\_\_\_ dry \_\_\_\_ than yours.
- 3. That bird \_\_\_\_fly \_\_\_ south for the winter.
- 4. Joe worry about his sick friend.
- 5. My book is \_\_\_\_\_ to read than yours.
- 6. This was my happy birthday ever!
- 7. Pete <u>carry</u> his books to school.
- 8. I try to get the door unstuck.

Find the <u>-ack</u>, <u>-ick</u>, <u>-ock</u>, <u>-uck</u>, and <u>-eck</u> words in the search puzzle. Circle them. Then fill in the blanks with words from the word box.



W	b	a	C	k	Z	У	r
r	S	t	u	С	k	W	0
е	k	0	k	0	m	i	С
C	C	r	b	S	q	С	k
k	<b>a</b> la	S	p	е	C	k	d
I		u	C	k	C	С	u
р	е	C	k	a	X	W	С
У		u	p	C	h	d	k

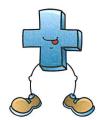




#### Add.



Day 5



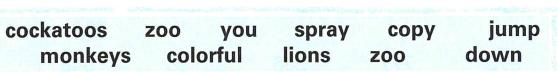


Is the underlined word spelled right or wrong? Mark your answer. Correct the words that are wrong by writing them correctly in the space provided.



ΕχΑ	MPLE:	right	wrong
1.	Marcus has a new <u>electrik</u> car. <u>electric</u>	O	
2.	Sara takes the fast <u>trane</u> to work.	O	0
3.	Don't <u>break</u> the glass, please.	O	0
4.	The cat was thein because it didn't eat	O	0
5.	Let's all keap together when we go	O	0
6.	I want my hair to grow very <u>long</u> .	O	0
7.	I hit the fence with my stick.	O	0
8.	My dad has a large dump <u>truke</u> .	O	0
9.	You don't <u>beleve</u> I can run fast.	O	0
10.	Let's run and <u>plae</u> .	_ 0	0

#### Read the story and fill in the blanks using the word list below.





monkeys	coloriul lion	is 200 u	OVVII
When you g	o to the	, you watch	the animals, and
they watch you. <sup>-</sup>	The elephants ma	У У	ou with water.
The	swing by their ta	ails.They try to c	lo what you do.
Scratch your hea	d, and they will _		
you and do it, to	o. Jump up and _		
and they will	, too. M	y favorite	F 2 ) (
animals at the zo	o are the	My	
favorite birds are	e the	.They are	
bright and	I love to	go to the	
! Do	on't?		4 4
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			
Write titles for the	following lists.		
EXAMPLE:			
Birds			
robin	needle	soap	milk

robin wren blue jay canary

whale shark dolphin minnow needle thread scissors thimble

lions tigers bears elephants soap water washcloth towel

ice snow frost snowman milk soda water juice

mother father sister brother

# One meter is 100 centimeters. Circle what you think.



EXAMPLE:

Is a real tree—

taller than one meter
or shorter than one meter?

- 2. Is a real puppy longer than one meter or shorter than one meter?
- 4. Is the pencil or pen you are using— longer than one meter or shorter than one meter?

- 1. Are you taller than one meter or shorter than one meter?
- 3. Is your bedroom door taller than one meter or shorter than one meter?
- 5. Is this line—

longer than one meter or shorter than one meter?

Write the two words that make up the contractions.



- **1.** hasn't \_\_\_\_\_
- **2.** I'm \_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** you'll \_\_\_\_\_
- **4.** wouldn't \_\_\_\_\_
- **5.** we've \_\_\_\_\_
- **6.** let's \_\_\_\_\_
- **7.** you're \_\_\_\_\_
- **8.** she's \_\_\_\_\_
- **9.** isn't
- **10**. won't \_\_\_\_\_
- **11.** doesn't \_\_\_\_\_
- **12.** you've \_\_\_\_\_

### Put the words in alphabetical order so the sentences make sense. Write the sentences. Be sure to put a capital letter on the first word.



#### EXAMPLE:

It's your birthday. Blow out your candles and make a wish! Write about your wish and/or draw a picture of it.





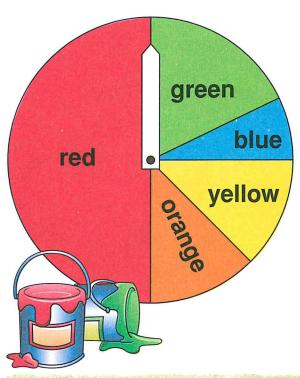
#### Hundreds, Tens, and Ones.



EXAMPLE: Circle the numbers that are in the tens place. <b>536 84 1,602</b>	<ol> <li>Circle the numbers that are in the ones place.</li> <li>924</li> <li>846</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Circle the numbers that are in the hundreds place. 481 643 970</li> <li>1294 1,122</li> </ol>	3. Circle the numbers that are in the tens place. 816 121 6,211 44 729 4,864
4. What does the circled number mean? 516 6 ones 6 hundreds 6 tens	5. What does the circled number mean? <b>265 2 ones 2 tens 2 hundreds</b>
6. What does the circled number mean? 201 0 ones 0 hundreds 0 tens	7. 707 tens hundreds ones
EXAMPLE: Tell how many.  100 100 10 1 221	8. 846 tens hundreds ones
9. Tell how many.  100 100 10 1 1 1	10. <b>301</b> tens hundreds ones

#### Probability. Look at the spinner. Answer the questions.





- 1. Which color will probably come up most often?
- 2. Which color will probably come up least often?
- 3. Which two colors will probably come up the same number of times?
- **4.** Do you think you would land on green or yellow more often? \_\_\_\_\_

# Read the story and answer the questions. Lori got up late today, so she missed the bus. She had to walk to school. She was tired and cranky when she got there. She promised herself that she would never sleep late again. 1. Why did Lori miss the bus? 2. Why did she have to walk? **3.** What advice do you have for Lori? Let's make a sandwich. Number the sentences in the correct order. The first one has been done for you. Put whatever else you like on your sandwich. Take two pieces of bread. Put butter on top of each. Put the two pieces of bread together. Next put on the meat and cheese. Eat your sandwich—yum, yum! Cut the sandwich in two and put it on a plate. Clean up after yourself.

# Write the signs for greater than (>), less than (<), or equal to (=) in the circles.



#### EXAMPLE:

386 🛇 367	474 O 447	184 O 284
254 <b>O</b> 245	442 O 542	898 O 889
780 <b>O</b> 870	501 🔘 710	999 🔾 1,000
	O IN COO WE TRUST	
9 tens O 10 fives	3 fives O 2 tens	25 ones O 4 tens
10 tens O 8 fives	4 tens O 18 ones	8 tens O 12 fives

14 fives O 10 tens 1 hundred O 6 tens 3 hundreds O 20 tens

Read the words. Write down how many vowels you see and then how many vowel sounds you hear.



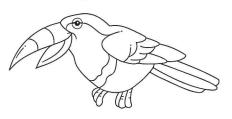
	vowels	vowel sounds		vowels	vowel sounds
puzzle			radio		
possible			candy		
cookies			sneeze	<del></del>	,
alphabet			wanted		
games			heart		
jump			useful		
pilot			beautiful		

# Antonyms are opposites. Read the sentences. Circle the word that will complete the sentence.



- Be sure to (blame, praise) your friends when they do good work.
- 2. If you don't go now, I will not (allow, refuse) you to go again.
- 3. Mother told me to wear (dirty, clean) clothes to the party.
- **4.** Troy knows how to take charge of the group. He is a very good (follower, leader).
- 5. When the light is red, you must remember to (go, stop).
- 6. The library is a place where we need to be (noisy, quiet).
- 7. The bread was so old, it became (fresh, stale).
- 8. While I'm gone, would you please (answer, question) the phone?

#### Following Directions.



toucan



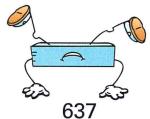
puffin



kingfisher

- 1. Color the kingfisher's head and wings blue green. Color his breast red orange. Leave his throat white. Color his bill yellow orange. Draw a post for him to stand on.
- 2. Color the toucan's bill any three colors you wish. Color his throat and breast orange. Color around his eye green. Color the rest of him black, except for his feet. Draw a branch for him to sit on.
- 3. Color the puffin's bill green, red, and yellow. Leave his head, breast, and feet white. Color the rest of him black, but not too dark. Draw some ice under the puffin's feet.
- 4. Color all the birds' feet orange.

#### Add or subtract.







-182

+ 87



Find the hidden sentences and write them on the lines. Remember capital letters and periods.



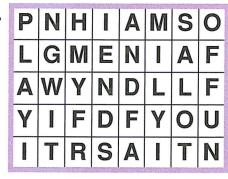
1.



2.



3.



2

### Read the sentences and decide whether they are real or make-believe.

#### FACTOID

It's impossible to keep your eyes open while you sneeze.

### BRICKS



1. Bricks come in different colors. Some are red, yellow, gray, or white. People used to have only red brick houses. Now people use other colors, too.

real

makebelieve 3. People can m

3. People can make walls and fences out of bricks. Brick walls and fences are very strong. They seldom break or crumble.

2. The oldest little pig made his house of bricks to keep out the big, bad wolf.

He locked the door and was safe. He lived happily ever after.

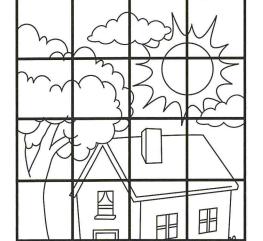
real

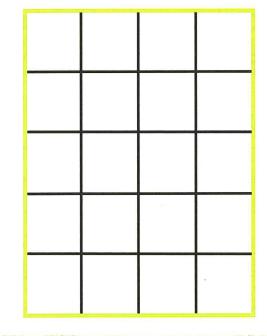
makebelieve

real

makebelieve

Grid Artwork. Try to copy the picture.







M

#### Match and multiply.









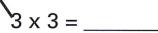


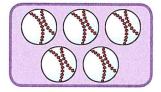




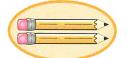


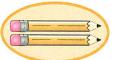






















2.

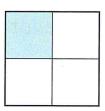


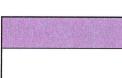




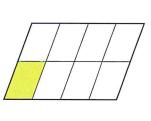
Circle or write the name of the fraction that names or shows the shaded part of each whole shape.



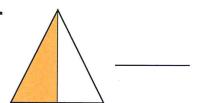




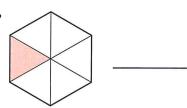




4.

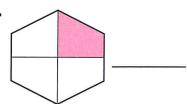


5.



6.

3.



#### Mark the vowels: —short, —long, or /silent. The first two are done for you.

#### 

Every 2,000 pounds of recycled paper saves about 16 trees.

1.	hō	e/



4. tube

5. music

mop

7. meat

**8.** fly

9. think

**10**. use

11. catch

**12.** clock

13. children

**14.** these

**15**. smile

**16.** gave

**17**. find

**18.** glad

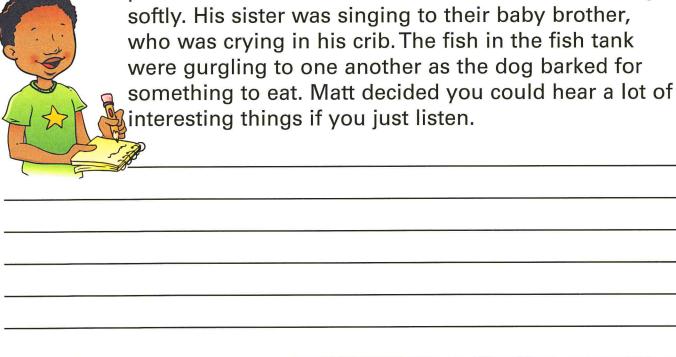
19. which

**20**. leave

**21**. much

#### Write down all of the sound words in Matt's story.

Matt heard the wind howling outside and the ringing of the telephone inside. He heard his mother and father talking softly. His sister was singing to their baby brother, who was crying in his crib. The fish in the fish tank were gurgling to one another as the dog barked for

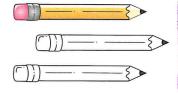


#### Color the items in each box to match the fraction.



#### EXAMPLE:

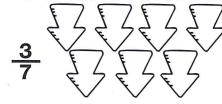
Color one-third.



Color seven-tenths.



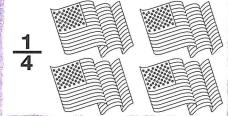
Color three-sevenths. Color one-half.



Color two-fourths.



Color one-fourth.

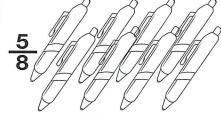




Color three-sixths.



Color five-eighths.



Color two-thirds.



Read the following sentences and use the qu- words to fill in the blanks.



1.	The	little	pigs	like to	
----	-----	--------	------	---------	--

- the oranges to make juice. 2.
- I have a colorful \_\_\_\_\_ on my bed. 3.
- Sh, be very \_\_\_\_\_. 4.
- Two dimes and a nickel make a \_\_\_\_\_\_. 5.
- The king and \_\_\_\_\_ sit on thrones. 6.
- The door has a \_\_\_\_\_. 7.
- A has four corners. 8.
- 9. I would like to ask a \_\_\_\_\_.
- **10.** Tests are a type of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

question queen quiet quarter squeal squeak square quiz quilt squeeze

Hair is one of the fastest-growing tissues in the body.



- 1. I could fish if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. I could write if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- 3. I could play if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- 4. I could swim if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- **5.** I could jump if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- 6. I could eat if I had a \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. I could read if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. I could color if I had a \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Draw lines to connect syllables and make complete words.



- 1. pen met sun cil hel gon dra dae
- 2. car enpup rotcan pysev dy
- 3. can cussis finmuf dlecir ter

- 3. blos somrab derspi bitfun ny
- 4. won rysum dercrick mermar et
- 6. pea dowdol larmit tenwin nuts

Pretend you are the teacher. With a red pencil correct this paper: X wrong C correct.





#### EXAMPLE:

423	
+138	
561	C

618 X

522



247

129

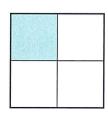
105

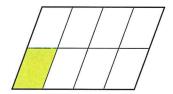
210

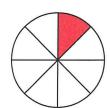
Draw a line to match each shape on the left to the shape on the right that shows the same fraction.

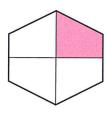


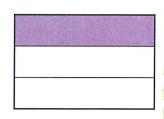


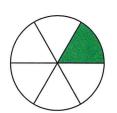


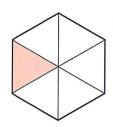








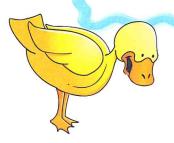




### Read the following story and then underline the sentence that tells what the story is about.



All birds are alike in some ways and different in others. They all have wings, but not all of them fly. Some are tame, and some are wild. Some birds sing. Some talk. Some are gentle; others are not so gentle. Some fly very high and far; others do not. Some birds are colorful, while others are quite drab.



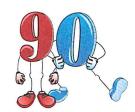
- a. Some birds are tame; others are not.
- b. All birds are strange and colorful.
- c. Birds are alike and different from each other.

#### Which Meaning? Match the correct meaning with the correct sentence.



	E	XAMPLE:
fly	<ol> <li>a small insect</li> <li>to move through the air</li> </ol>	<u>2</u> The birds can <u>fly</u> . <u>1</u> The spider ate the <u>fly</u> .
foot	<ol> <li>a part of the body</li> <li>12 inches in measurement</li> </ol>	This is a <u>foot</u> -long hot dog. My left <u>foot</u> hurts.
box	<ol> <li>a container</li> <li>to hit with the fists</li> </ol>	Put the gift in this <u>box</u> . Don't <u>box</u> . You'll get hurt.
pitch	<ol> <li>tar or sap</li> <li>to throw or toss</li> </ol>	<u>Pitch</u> me the ball. <u>Pitch</u> is on the tree.
store	<ol> <li>a market</li> <li>to put away for the future</li> </ol>	Store the books on a shelf I bought a dress at the store
well	<ol> <li>healthy, not sick</li> <li>a hole to collect water</li> </ol>	Drop a penny in the <u>well</u> . Are you feeling <u>well</u> ?

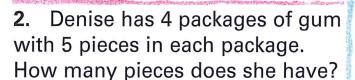
#### Read and answer.





EXAMPLE: There are 3 cages with
2 rabbits in each cage. How many
rabbits are there in all?

 $3 \times 2 = 6$  rabbits



\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = 🔲 pieces

Mother made 3 shirts. She put 3 buttons on each shirt. How many buttons did Mother use?

\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = 🔲 buttons

1. Allie has 3 vases with 4 flowers in each vase. How many flowers does she have in all?

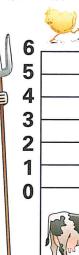
\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = 🔲 flowers

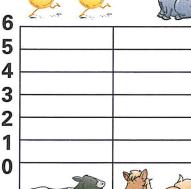
Dad has 3 glasses. He put 2 straws in each glass. How many straws did Dad put in the glasses?

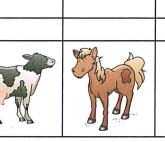
5. We have 4 tables for the party. Each table needs 4 chairs. How many chairs do we need in all?

Make a graph to tell about Farmer George's farm. Color one square for each animal in the picture.

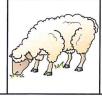
















#### Connect the sentence with the correct word from the box.

#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. This lets you talk to someone far away.
- 2. This is something you can walk through when you are home.
- 3. This is the opposite of back.
- 4. This is what you might do when you are sad.
- 5. This is something that is found all around you.
- 6. This is your mom or dad's sister.
- **7**. When something itches, you usually do this.

Word List
scratch
cry
phone
front
door
air
aunt

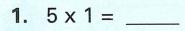
Writing a sentence in which all the words start with the same letter can be fun. Example: Freddy farmer fixes flats.



Try your skills with these letters:

1.	C	
2.		
3.	S	
4.	Т	
5.	R	

#### Multiply.



$$3 \times 5 =$$

**2.**  $5 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ **3.**  $2 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$$3 \times 3 =$$

$$3 \times 3 = 4 \times 5 =$$

$$2 \times 5 =$$



4

3

3

6

7

2

5

4

x 5

x 5

4

 $\times 4$   $\times 2$ 

x 1

x 3

x 5

x 0

5.

 $2 \times 4 =$   $1 \times 3 =$   $5 \times 3 =$ 

 $5 \times 6 =$   $2 \times 6 =$ 

 $0 \times 5 =$ 

Recognizing Syllables. Record how many vowels, vowel sounds, and syllables are in each word. Remember: There are as many syllables in a word as there are vowel sounds.



= number of vowels



= number of syllables



= number of vowels sounds

EXAMPLE:

goat

potato

raccoon

giant

umbrella

cupcake

uncle

mailbox

dentist

tree

racquetball

sandbox

#### Read each sentence. Write the correct answer.



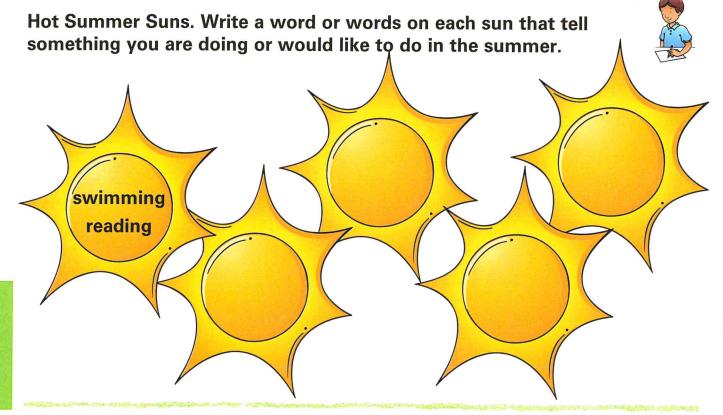
- 1. Sam's going to Paul's football game.
  Who is going to the game? \_\_\_\_\_
  Whose game is it?
  - 2. Susan's taking care of Joyce's baby.
    To whom does the baby belong? \_\_\_\_\_
    Who's taking care of the baby? \_\_\_\_
- 3. She's singing the teacher's favorite song.

  Whose favorite song is she singing? \_\_\_\_\_

  Who is singing? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4. Al is reading Sam's books.

    Who do the books belong to? \_\_\_\_\_

    Who is reading? \_\_\_\_\_



#### Add or subtract.

**- 280** 

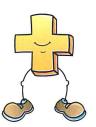
821



**- 530** 

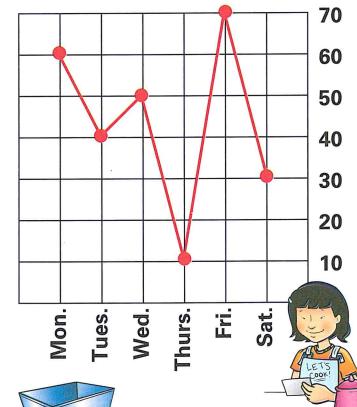
-2.11

+ 2.11



#### Read this line graph and answer the questions.

Lori works in a bakery. Every day, she makes bread.



- 1. How many loaves of bread did Lori bake on Saturday?
- 2. On which two days did Lori bake 100 loaves of bread altogether? \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_
- 3. On which day did Lori bake the most loaves?
- 4. On which day did Lori bake the fewest? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Name two other days that Lori baked 100 loaves of bread.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_

#### Read the poem; then do the activity below.

#### My Shadow

I have a little shadow that goes in and out with me, And what can be the use of him is more than I can see. He is very, very like me from the heels up to the head; And I see him jump before me, when I jump into bed.

-Robert Louis Stevenson

1.	What does	s your shadow do when you jump into be	d?
2.	Who does	your shadow look like?	
3.	When do y	you see your shadow?	
4.	What else	can your shadow do besides jump?	
Writ	e <u>yes</u> if the s	entence is complete or <u>no</u> if it is not.	
Ξχ		Inside a large. Someone is walking on the sidewalk.	No Yes
Laggrative	1. 2. 3.	I went to a movie last night.	
[ 14	5. 6.	Under the swing in front of the house.  Every Friday after school.	

#### Air Frietion

Which would hurt more if it fell on your head from a two-story building: a penny or a wad of paper? Which one would hit you first? What's air got to do with it?

#### Stuff You Needs

paper, penny

#### Here's What to Do:

- 1. Hold the penny and a smooth sheet of paper in front of you and higher than your head. Let them both fall at the same moment. What happens? Repeat this activity two more times.
- 2. Wad the paper into a tight ball. Hold the paper and coin in front of you and higher than your head and let them go at the same time. Repeat the experiment two more times.
- 3. Do the experiment again with sheets of paper that are wadded up, one loosely and one tightly.
- **4.** Try different coins and other objects (make sure the objects you drop aren't breakable).

#### Whete This All About?

Air has force, even though we can't see it. By wadding up the paper, you reduced the amount of force the air was able to put on the paper. We call this force **friction**.

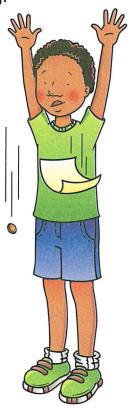
Sometimes it's good to have a lot of air friction. You want a lot with a parachute, for example. Sometimes you don't want a lot of air friction, such as when you're trying to go fast in an airplane.

The more surface area an object has exposed to the air, the more frictional force the air can exert on the object. This activity shows the effect of air resistance on falling objects.

#### More Fun Ideas to Trys

- 1. Make a simple parachute that uses air friction to slow down a falling object. Use different materials (paper, fabrics, plastic bags) to make the parachute.
- 2. Find pictures of different types of cars. Look at their designs. Which cars do you think will cause less air friction?







#### Plaster Fossils



Plaster Of Paris

Fossils teach us about the plants and animals that have lived on Earth.

Have you ever found a fossil? Did you wonder how it formed?

#### Stuff You Needs

adult cardboard

craft stick disposable plastic cup

modeling clay (1 stick) plaster of Paris

stapler water

plastic toy (a dinosaur would be cool!)

#### Here's What to Dos

1. Fill the cup with plaster of Paris (but don't add water—yet).

- 2. Have an adult help you cut a 1" x 8" cardboard strip. Roll the cardboard strip into a circle and staple the ends together.
- 3. Roll your clay into a ball. Flatten the clay into a pancake. It should be about 3 inches in diameter (across the middle) and about as thick as your pinky finger.
- **4.** Press the toy into the middle of the clay pancake (do not make a hole all the way through the clay). Carefully take it out. The mark it leaves will become the fossil.
- 5. Place the cardboard strip around the clay near the edge; then push it into the clay. This is your mold.
- **6.** Slowly add water to the plaster of Paris. Stir it until it looks like cake frosting. Quickly pour the plaster into the mold. The plaster should touch the edges of the cardboard.
- 7. Set the whole mold aside and clean up your mess. You will have a fossil in about one hour.
- **8.** When the time is up, carefully peel the clay off the bottom of your mold. Peel away the cardboard. You now have a fossil!

#### What's This All About?

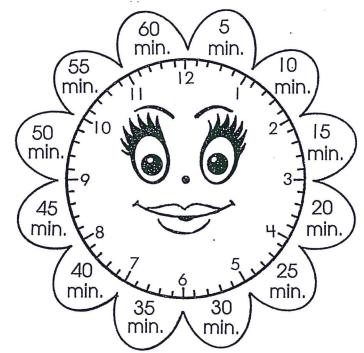
Fossils are impressions left by plants and animals that used to live on Earth. Dinosaurs would walk through soft mud, leaving footprints behind. Sometimes the mud hardened quickly enough to preserve the footprints. Other times, the footprints filled with sand, and then the sand hardened into rock, just like the plaster of Paris.

#### More Fun Ideas to Trys

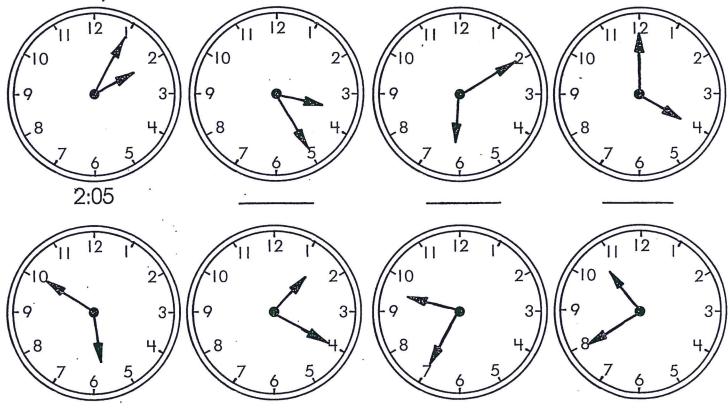
1. Try making fossils of lots of different things: plants (such as a fern frond), seashells, paws from your pets, etc.

#### Mystery #7: The Case of the In-Between Times

Since all time is not just 2:00, 2:15, 2:30, or 2:45, we use the other minutes in an hour to give the in-between times. Daisy Clock shows us those other minutes. Each mark is a minute.



Give Daisy's exact time.



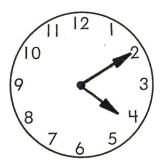
Tell the time shown on each clock.

9 8 7 6 5

1:20 or 20 min. after 1 o'clock



3: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_ o'clock



4: or min. after o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_ min. after \_\_ o'clock



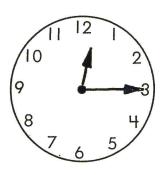
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



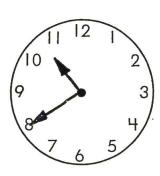
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



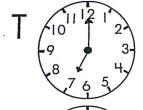
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock

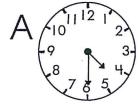


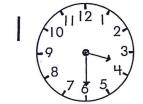
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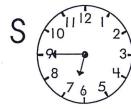
#### SECRET, HIDDEN CLUES

Solve these puzzles and learn some timely tips.

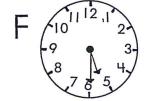


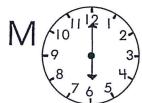


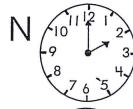


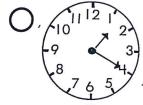




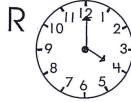














$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{10:00}$   $\overline{4:30}$   $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{7:00}$   $\overline{6:45}$ 

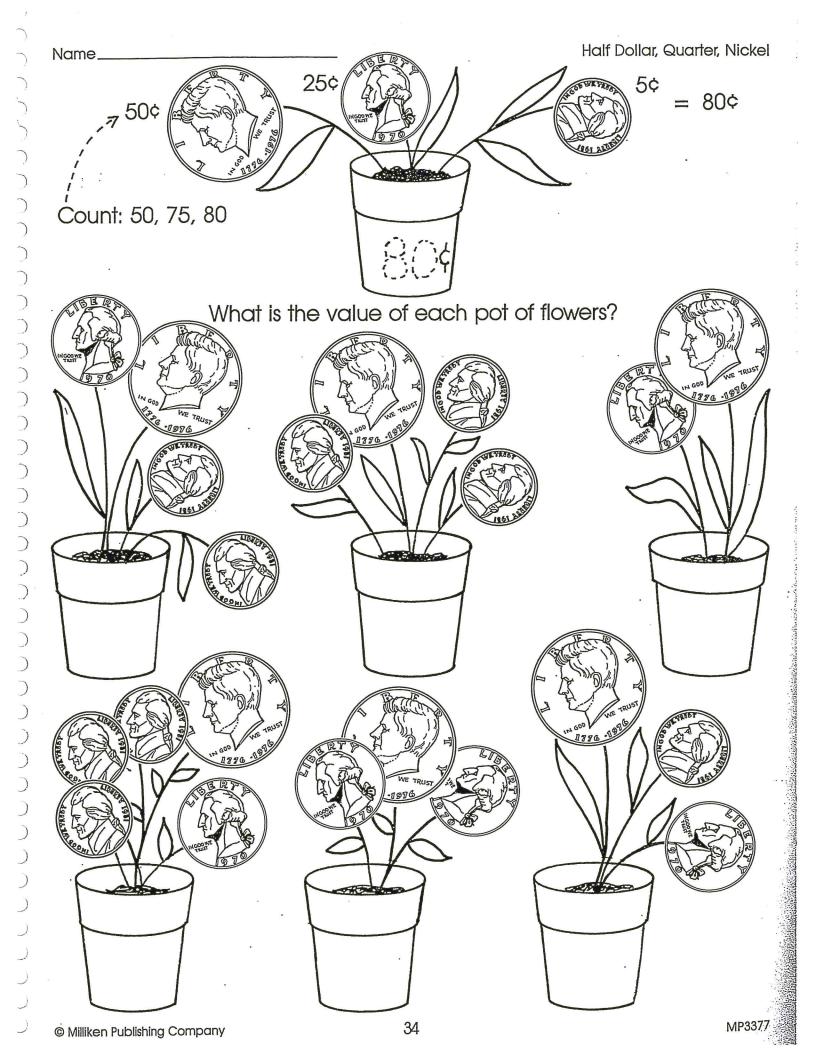
$$\overline{5:30}$$
  $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{4:00}$   $\overline{2:00}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{4:30}$   $\overline{2:00}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{7:00}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{6:45}$   $\overline{4:25}$   $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{2:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{10:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{6:18}$   $\overline{6:18}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{2:00}$ 



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Counting Coin Values

Name and write the value of each coin.

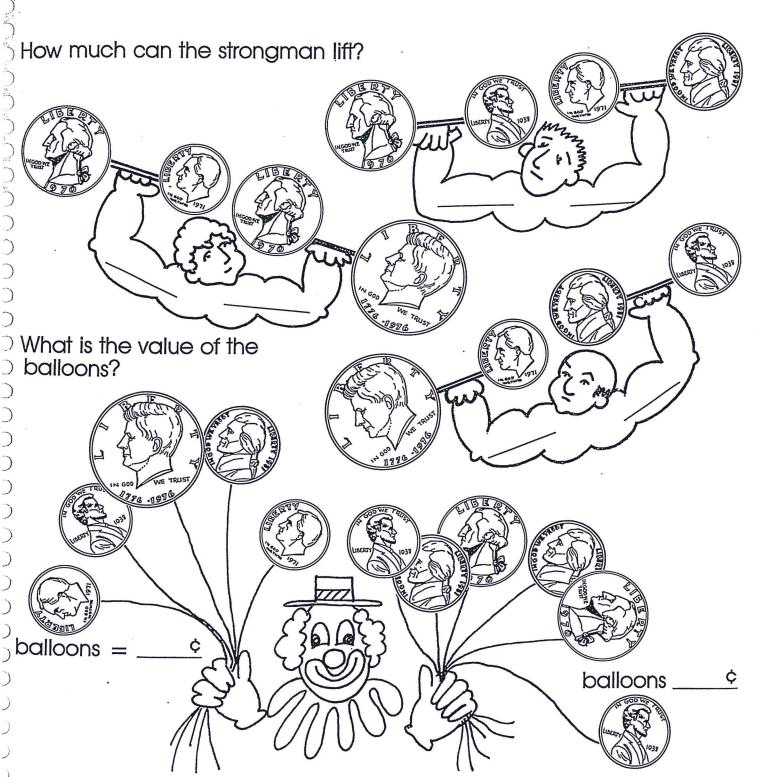












# Basic Facts Review )

0	9	6	5	1	0	2	9	3	5
<u>+ 9</u>	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 0	+ 0	+10
9	1	7	3	9	4	5	4	8	1
+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 0	+ 0
4	8	2	6	1	4	5	3	8	7
+ 5	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4	+ 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 0
10	2	7	3	5	8	7	6	6	3
+ 4	+ 5	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	<u>+ 7</u>	<u>+ 4</u>	<u>+ 3</u>	+ 2	+ 1
0	2	9	10	4	4	2	8	2	7
+ 0	+ 4	+ <u>5</u>	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4	+ 3	+ 2
8	3	8	6	4	5	3	9	5	8
+ 8	+ 3	+ 4	<u>+ 5</u>	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3
7	1	6	7	3	3	6	2	10	2
+ 3	+1	+ 6	<u>+ 4</u>	<u>+ 5</u>	+ 6	<u>+ 9</u>	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4
8	5	2	9	3	8	2	7	1	5
+ 2	<u>+ 3</u>	+ 2	<u>+ 9</u>	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 5	+ 6	<u>+ 9</u>	+ 8	+ 7
0	9	10	5	10	1	1	1	8	0
+10	+ 2	+ 3	+ 5	+ 10	<u>+ 4</u>	<u>+ 5</u>	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8
9	8	10	0	4	7	0	7	0	9
+ 10	+ 10	+ 2	+ 3	+ 4	+ 7	+ 4	+ 5	<u>+ 6</u>	+ 9

# O Beginning OO Assessment Test

4 4 +1	2 6 + 2	6 0 + 3	1 2 + 5	5 7 <u>+ 2</u>	8 3 +6	4 9 <u>+ 6</u>
52 <u>+ 24</u>	11 + 82	56 <u>+ 43</u>	70 <u>+ 19</u>	24 + 24	23 11 + 33	35 23 + 11
417 + 72	513 + 64	942 + 30	417 40 + 31	523 23 + 23	713 46 <u>+ 30</u>	224 132 + 111
35 <u>+ 7</u>	88 + 2	28 + 9	44 + 8	47 <u>+ 6</u>	19 <u>+ 27</u>	18 <u>+ 25</u>
68 <u>+ 54</u>	94 + 96	64 <u>+ 36</u>	46 <u>+ 85</u>	53 28 <u>+ 15</u>	17 28 + 18	67 64 <u>+ 69</u>
440 + 39	278 + 19	<b>509</b> + <b>99</b>	594 + 186	394 <u>+ 575</u>	386 + 239	472 <u>+668</u>
2,468 + 1,912		1,327 + 9,857		28,097 + 11,646		647,606 668,70 <u>5</u>

g.				· ·	
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# Section Section Diagnostic Test

regrouping

$$1,327$$
  $39,482$   $52,961$   $827,621$   $7,387,420$   $+9,857$   $+32,578$   $+87,594$   $+746,587$   $+6,947,798$ 

# Basic Hacis Review

16	10	9	8	6	6	4	0	5	8
<u>- 9</u>	- 8	<u>- 7</u>	- 4	- 3	- 2	- 1	- 0	- 0	- 0
14	11	9	11	9	7	8	5	1	6
- 6	<u>- 9</u>	<u>- 8</u>	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2	- 1	- 0	- 0
5	15	12	17	12	10	8	7	6	2
- 5	- 6	- 9	- 8	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2	<u>- 1</u>	- 0
15	6	14	13	16	13	11	9	9	7
- 7	- 5	- 6	- 9	<u>- 8</u>	<u>- 7</u>	- 4	<u>- 3</u>	<u>- 2</u>	- 1
18	13	7	13	14	15	14	12	11	10
- 8	<u>- 7</u>	<u>- 5</u>	<u>- 6</u>	- 9	- 8	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2
4	14	14	8	12	15	14	15	13	12
- 4	- 8	- 7	- 5	- 6	<u>- 9</u>	- 8	- 7	- 4	- 3
13	5	15	15	9	11	16	13	16	14
- 3	- 4	<u>- 8</u>	- 7	- 5	- 6	- 9	- 8	- 7	- 4
2	4	6	16	16	14	10	17	12	17
- 2	- 3	- 4	<u>- 8</u>	- 7	- 5	<u>- 6</u>	<u>- 9</u>	- 8	- 7
13	3	5	7	17	7	13	9	18	11
- 10	- 2	- 3	- 4	- 8	- 7	- 5	- 6	- 9	- 8
11	17	4	6	8	9	8	12	8	19
- 10	- 10	- 2	- 3	<u>- 4</u>	- 8	<u>- 7</u>	- 5	- 6	<u>- 9</u>

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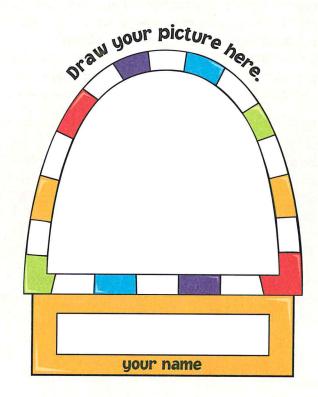
# The Original Summer Bridge Activities \*\*The Original Summer Bridge\*\* \*\*The Original Summer B

#### **Third to Fourth Grade**

SBA was created by Michele D. Van Leeuwen

written by
Julia Ann Hobbs
Carla Dawn Fisher

illustrations by
Magen Mitchell
Amanda Sorensen



Summer Learning Staff

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#### Dear Parents,

The summer months are a perfect time to reconnect with your child on many levels after a long school year. Your personal involvement is so important to your child's immediate and long-term academic success. No matter how wonderful your child's classroom experience is, your involvement outside the classroom will make it that much better!

ummer Bridge Activities™ is the original summer workbook developed to help parents support their children academically while away from school, and we strive to improve the content, the activities, and the resources to give you the highest quality summer learning materials available. Ten years ago, we introduced Summer Bridge Activities™ to a small group of teachers and parents after I had successfully used it to help my first grader prepare for the new school year. It was a hit then, and it continues to be a hit now! Many other summer workbooks have been introduced since, but Summer Bridge Activities™ continues to be the one that both teachers and parents ask for most. We take our responsibility as the leader in summer education seriously and are always looking for new ways to make summer learning more fun, more motivating, and more effective to help make your child's transition to the new school year enjoyable and successful!

e are now excited to offer you even more bonus summer learning materials online at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com! This site has great resources for both parents and kids to use on their own and together. An expanded summer reading program where kids can post their own book reviews, writing and reading contests with great prizes, assessment tests, travel packs, and even games are just a few of the additional resources that you and your child will have access to with the included Summer Bridge Activities.\*\* Online Pass Code.

ummer Learning has come a long way over the last 10 years, and we are glad that you have chosen to use **Summer Bridge Activities™** to help your children continue to discover the world around them by using the classroom skills they worked so hard to obtain!

Have a wonderful summer!

Michele Van Leeuwen and the Summer Learning Staff!

#### Hey Kidsl

We bet you had a great school year!

Congratulations on all your hard work! We just want to say that we're proud of the great things you did this year, and we're excited to have you spend time with us over the summer. Have fun with your

Summer Bridge Activities™ workbook, and visit us online at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com for more fun, cool, and exciting stuff!

Have a great summer!



# The To Contents)

Parent Letter  Pass Code for Online Bonus Materials  Summer Bridge Activities™ Overview  10 Ways to Maximize Summer Bridge Activities™  Skills List  Summertime = Reading Time!  Summer Reading List	iii iv v vi
Motivational Calendar	, and Language3
Motivational Calendar	35 , and Language37
Motivational Calendar	, and Language81
Answer Pages	There are three sections in SBA: the first and second review, the third previews.  Each section begins with an SBA
Official Pass Code # ii0111s	Each day your child will complete an activity in reading, writing, math, and language. The activities become progressively

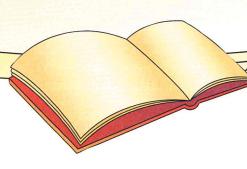
Log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com and join!

Each page is numbered by day.

more challenging.



Exercises in Summer Bridge Activities™ (SBA) are easy to understand and presented in fun and creative ways that motivate children to review familiar skills while being progressively challenged. In addition to basic skills in reading, writing, math, and language arts, SBA contains activities that challenge and reinforce skills in geography and science!



Here are some groups no say our books are great!



Daily exercises review and preview skills in reading, writing, math, and language arts, with additional activities in geography and science. Activities are presented in halfpage increments so kids do not get overwhelmed and are divided into three sections to correlate with traditional summer vacation.



A Summer Reading List introduces kids to some of today's popular titles as well as the classics. Kids can rate books they read and log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com to post reviews, find more great titles, and participate in national reading and writing contests!

Motivational Calendars begin each section and help kids achieve all summer long.



Discover Something New lists offer fun and creative activities that teach kids with their hands and get them active and learning.

Grade-specific flashcards provide a great way to reinforce basic skills in addition to the written exercises.

Removable Answer Pages ensure that parents know as much as their kids!

A Certificate of Completion for parents to sign congratulates kids for their work and welcomes them to the grade ahead.

A grade-appropriate, official Summer Fun pass code gives kids and parents online access to more bonus games, contests, and resources at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com.



# The Original Summer Bridge Activities™



First, let your child explore the book. Flip through the pages and look at the activities with your child to help him become familiar with the book.



Help select a good time for reading or working on the activities. Suggest a time before your child has played outside and becomes too tired to do the work.



Provide any necessary materials. A pencil, ruler, eraser, crayons, or reference works may be required.



Offer positive guidance. Remember, the activities are not meant to be tests. You want to create a relaxed and positive attitude toward learning. Work through at least one example on each page with your child. "Think aloud" and show your child how to solve problems.



Give your child plenty of time to think. You may be surprised by how much children can do on their own.



Stretch your child's thinking beyond the page. If you are reading a book, you might ask, "What do you think will happen next?" or "What would you do if this happened to you?" Encourage your child to talk about her interests and observations about the world around her.



Reread stories and occasionally flip through completed pages. Completed pages and books will be a source of pride to your child and will help show how much he accomplished over the summer.



Read and work on activities while outside. Take the workbook out in the backyard or on a family campout. It can be fun wherever you are!



Encourage siblings, relatives, and neighborhood friends to help with reading and activities. Other children are often perfect for providing the one-on-one attention necessary to reinforce reading skills.



Give plenty of approval! Stickers and stamps are effective for recognizing a job well done. At the end of the summer, your child can feel proud of her accomplishments and will be eager for school to start.



Г	Language Arts/Readir	
_	Can write uppercase and lowercase letters in cursive	
	Recognizes beginning blends:	Parents
	<u>bl, cl, fl, gl, pl, sl, br, cr, dr, fr, gr, pr,</u>	xercises for these skills
	tr, sk, sm, sn, sp, st, sw, tw, scr, spl, spr, str	Can be found inside Summer Bridge Activities™
	Recognizes <u>r</u> -controlled vowels: <u>ir</u> , <u>ur</u> , <u>er</u> , <u>ar</u> , <u>or</u>	and can be used for extra
	Recognizes diphthongs: <u>au</u> , <u>aw</u> , <u>ew</u> , <u>oi</u> , <u>ou</u> , <u>ow</u> , <u>oy</u>	practice. The skills lists are a great way to discover your
	Recognizes compound words	child's strengths or what skills may need additional
	Recognizes contractions	reinforcement.
	Recognizes silent letters in consonant combinations: kr	, wr. ck. mb. tch
	Recognizes antonyms, synonyms, and homonyms	
	Discriminates between nouns, verbs, adjectives, advert	os, and prepositions
	Recognizes subject and predicate	, and propositions
	Can divide words into syllables	
	Can identify the main idea of a story	
	Can identify the conclusion of a story	
	Can identify cause and effect relationships in a story	
	Can make predictions from context clues	
	Draws illustrations to match sentences	7
	Uses correct punctuation	
	Can use a dictionary, thesaurus, and encyclopedia	
	Can identify prefixes and suffixes	5
	ls able to construct a short story	
	Is beginning to read and write for pleasure	



Can correctly use abbreviations

Can correctly write a friendly letter

Can understand simple analogies

Recognizes odd and even numbers Reads and writes numbers 0 to 9,999 Understands place value to the ten thousands place Knows relation and comparison symbols <, >, and = Can complete simple patterns Performs two-digit addition, with regrouping Performs two-digit subtraction, with regrouping Performs three-digit addition, with regrouping Performs three-digit subtraction, with regrouping Knows multiplication facts to 9 Knows division facts to 9 Can multiply one-digit numbers by two-digit numbers Can divide one-digit numbers into two-digit numbers without remainders Can divide one-digit numbers into two-digit numbers with remainders Can use estimation to solve problems Is able to solve story problems using multiplication and division Can sequence events Can write number sentences using +, -, and = Can read, interpret, and create a bar graph Can tell time in five-minute intervals Can estimate elapsed time to the hour Can measure items using standard units Can identify fractions to 1/10 (unit and denominator) Uses problem-solving strategies to complete math problems Can round numbers to the nearest ten Can count mixed amounts of money

We all know how important reading is, but this summer show kids how GREAT the adventures of reading really are! Summer learning and summer reading go hand-in-hand, so here are a few ideas to get you up and going:

ncourage your child to read out loud to you and make a theatrical performance out of even the smallest and simplest read. Have fun with reading and impress the family at the campsite next to you at the same time!

stablish a time to read together each day. Make sure and ask each other about what you are reading and try to relate it to something that may be going on within the family.

how off! Let your child see you reading for enjoyment and talk about the great things that you are discovering from what you read. Laugh out loud, stamp your feet—it's summertime!

c it down with your child and establish a summer reading program. Use our cool Summer Reading List and Summer Reading Program at www.SummerBridgeActivities.com, or visit your local bookstore and, of course, your local library. Encourage your child to select books on topics he is interested in and on his reading level. A rule of thumb for selecting books at the appropriate reading level is to choose a page and have your child read it out loud. If he

doesn't know five or more of the words on the page, the

book may be too difficult.

se your surroundings (wherever you are) to show your child how important reading is on a daily basis. Read newspaper articles, magazines, stories, and road maps during the family vacation...just don't get lost!

ind books that tie into your child's experiences. If you are going fishing or boating, find a book on the subject to share. This will help your child learn and develop interests in new things.

et library cards! Set a regular time to visit the library and encourage your child to have her books read and ready to return so she is ready for the next adventure! Let your child choose her own books. It will encourage her to read and pursue her own interests.

ake up your own stories! This is great fun and can be done almost anywhere—in the car, on camping trips, in a canoe, on a plane! Encourage your child to tell the story with a beginning, middle, AND end! To really challenge each other, start with the end, then middle, and then the beginningyikes!

#### Books to Read

The Summer Reading List has a variety of titles, including some found in the Accelerated Reader Program.

We recommend parents read to pre-kindergarten through 1st grade children 5-10 minutes each day and then ask questions about the story to reinforce comprehension. For higher grade levels, we suggest the following daily reading times: grades 1-2, 10-20 min.; grades 2-3, 20-30 min.; grades 3-4, 30-45 min.; grades 4-6, 45-60 min.

It is important to decide an amount of reading time and write it on the SBA Motivational Calendar.



#### Summer Bridge Activities™

# Summer Reading List

Fill in the stars and rate your favorite (and not so favorite) books here and online at

www.SummerBridgeActivities.com!

1 = I struggled to finish this book.
2 = I thought this book was pretty good.
3 = I thought this book rocked!
4 = I want to read this book again and again!

#### The Night Crossing

Ackerman, Karen



Freckle Juice

Blume, Judy



#### Great Kapok Tree: A Tale of the Amazon Rain Forest

Cherry, Lynne





This beautifully illustrated tale shows the creatures of the rain forest pleading with a sleeping ax-man to spare the great kapok tree.

#### The Courage of Sarah Noble

Dalgliesh, Alice



#### In Trouble with Teacher

Demuth, Patricia Brennan



#### Abuela

Dorros, Arthur

#### Nattie Parson's Good Luck Lamb

Ernst, Lisa Campbell



## And Then What Happened, Paul Revere?

Fritz, Jean

MMMM

#### Helen Keller: Toward the Light

Graff, Stewart



#### **Queen Sophie Hartley**

Greene, Stephanie



Sophie wishes she could be talented like her older siblings. Her mother reminds her that she is good at being kind. Laugh and cry along with Sophie as she struggles to develop her talent and learns to stand up for herself.

#### **Treasure Nap**

Havill, Juanita



#### Girl from the Snow Country

Hidaka, Masako



#### Blackberries in the Dark

Jukes, Mavis



#### The View from Saturday

Konigsburg, E. L.



#### No Coins, Please

Korman, Gordon

#### **Romeow and Drooliet**

Laden, Nina



Romeow the cat and Drooliet the dog have fallen in love with each other. Will their families (and the animal control warden) keep them apart, or will they live happily ever after?

#### Grasshopper on the Road

Lobel, Arnold



#### Be a Perfect Person in Just Three Days

Manes, Stephen



Can a book help you become perfect in only three days? The adventure begins when Milo Crinkly is hit in the head by a book that promises to do just that.

#### The Borrowers

Norton, Mary



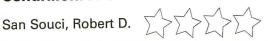
Ever wondered where those lost buttons and pins go? They are "borrowed" by creatures like Arrietty and her parents, Pod and Homily, who live under the floorboards and in the walls of houses.

#### Nothing Ever Happens on My Block

Raskin, Ellen



Cendrillon: A Caribbean Cinderella



Stoutenburg, Adrien



### Join the SBA Kids Summer Reading Club!

Quick! Get Mom or Dad to help you log on and join the SBA Kids Summer Reading Club. You can find more great books, tell your friends about your favorite titles, and even win cool prizes! Log on to www.SummerBridgeActivities.com and sign up today.



Summer Bridge Activities™



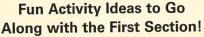


My parents and I decided that if I complete
15 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

Child's	Signatu	ire	(M. 1978)		Parent's Sig	gnature_	Tion will be some percentage the state of th
D	ay 1	$\Diamond$			Day 9	$\Diamond$	and the second s
D	ay 2	$\Diamond$		-	Day 10	$\Diamond$	
D	ay 3	$\Diamond$		=	Day 11	$\Lambda$	
D	ay 4	$\Diamond$			Day 12		
Da	ay 5	$\Diamond$		4			
Da	ay 6	$\Diamond$			Day 13		
Da	ay <b>7</b>	$\Diamond$		-	Day 14		
Da	ay 8	$\Diamond$			Day 15	$\Diamond$	
			Color the		r daily activi aily reading		

Parent: Initial the \_\_\_\_ when all activities are complete.







Set goals for your summer and post them on your refrigerator—plan fun rewards.



Sign up for a summer reading program at your library.



Look at the weather map in the newspaper and check temperatures in other cities.



Plan a special activity for Father's Day with your dad, a special relative, or a friend.



Draw a map of your neighborhood on graph paper. Chart a walk.



Play a game that has been put away in your closet and forgotten about.



Plan a reading picnic in the backyard, park, or canyon.



Plan a treasure hunt. Have older kids write clues for younger kids and make fun treasures.



Find a map of the U.S.—then map out your dream vacation.



Find a colony of ants. Spill some food and see what happens.



Make up a "Bored List" of things to do.



Make a graph and track the number of days the temperature rises over 90 degrees.



Visit a grocery store and select a "mystery" food you've never tried, like kumquats.



Play charades or another guessing game.



Take a walk around your neighborhood.



#### Warm-up Addition and Subtraction Problems. Remember: The answers to addition problems are called sums, while the answers to subtraction problems are called differences.



Day

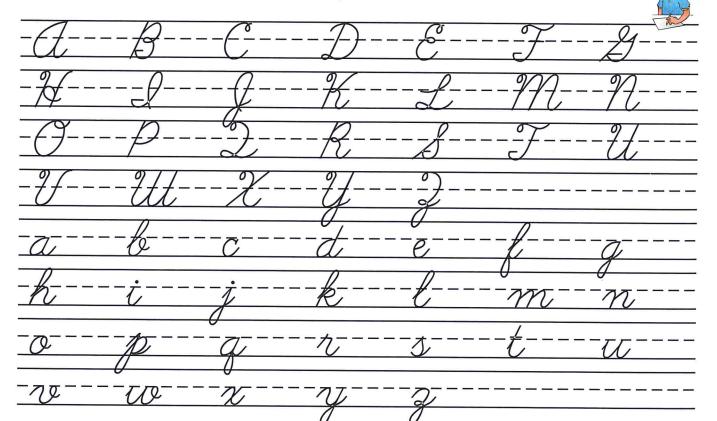
$$3. 9 - 3 =$$

$$9. 3 + 3 =$$

$$10. 3 + 6 =$$

15. 
$$8 + 0 =$$

#### Practice writing the letters of the alphabet in cursive.



# <u>Homophones</u> are words that sound the same but have different meanings. Write the correct word to complete the sentence.



threw
through
Their
They're
There
read
Red
two
to
to
too
paws
pause

1.	I have more days of school.
2.	Have you this book before?
3.	are ninety boxes left to open.
4.	That lion has large
5.	We walked the tall grass very quickly.
6.	Would you please push on the tape player?
7.	The boys had much work to do before dark.
8.	going on vacation next week.
9.	Toby the ball against the building all recess.
10	is my favorite color.

11. \_\_\_\_\_ cousins are coming to stay for the summer.

12. We are going \_\_\_\_\_ Lake Louise this summer.

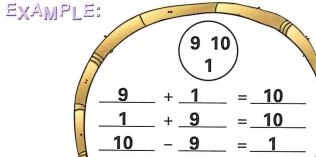
- 1. Put an X on all the odd numbers.
- 2. Circle all the capital letters.
- 3. Put a square around the greatest number.
- 4. Underline in order the numbers you use to count by twos to 40.
- 5. Put a triangle around the number that is four less than 62.

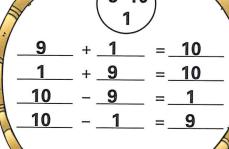
6. Write the capital letters you circled in order, starting with the top row and moving left to right:

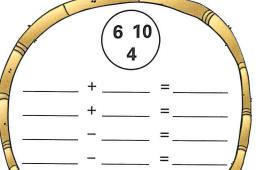
1110 1111	5											The state of the last
	b	r	q	е	0	S	С	r	У	10	6	3
	U	У	10	5	2	4	M	Z	1	q	а	i
	6	V	0	7	8	M	р	2	10	17	12	L
1	r	b	14	18	b	е	16	f	h	19	Е	S
	18	5	14	7	2	p	m	n	Z	58	20	S
	94	86	22	2	R	17	1	0	24	n	X	С
	26	39	3	а	d	е	28	g	h	52	19	30
	7	j	F	k	32	У	34	4	31	t	10	36
	0	n	е	n	38	0	80	99	U	47	X	р
	W	m	m	11	N	3	14	100	С	r	е	ť
	q	u	V	9	7	6	W	5	40	W	13	1
												-

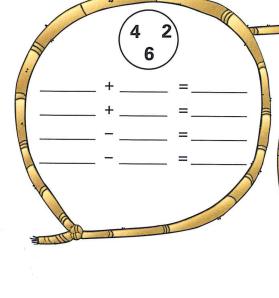
#### Make fact families. Use the numbers in the circles.

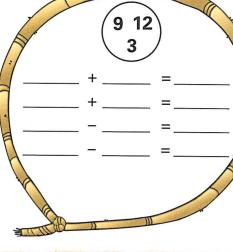














### Practice writing these letters in cursive.



āāā.		eee		<u>i</u> ii	
mmm		nnn		000	
333	<i>-\\\\\</i>		IVVV		
77777	<i>7</i> 797747	<u> </u>		7	
<u>-lll</u>	-tt	bbb		-ddd-	
kkk	<i>[fff</i>	2	-hhh		

# Read the story; then number the sentences in the order they happened.

#### FACTOIL

A matchbox-sized lump of pure gold can be flattened into a thin sheet as large as a tennis court!

Every summer, my father wants to go on the same old trip that we have gone on for years. First, we pack the car full of everything we think we will need. We don't use most of it! Then we drive all night to get to Camp Busy Bee where Dad camped when he was a boy. After we get settled, everyone has to go swimming in Cool Pool. The next day we hike. On the third day, we do crafts. Last year, I made a nutcracker. It broke before I got home. On the fourth day, we go home (thank goodness).

REP	On the third day, we do crafts.  We drive all night.  On the fourth day, we go home.  We pack the car.  We go swimming in Cool Pool.
Eg. STREP	 vve go swimming in Cool Pool.

Study these often misspelled words. Write them in cursive two times; then have someone read them to you while you write them.



	The angle of the physics of the section of the sect		Now write them without looking
EXAMPLE:	, 0	10.	
1. their	_their_	<u>their</u>	1
2. there			2
3. until			3
<b>4.</b> to			4
5. too			5
6. two			6
7. unusual			7
8. touch			8
9. toe			9
10. tear			10

#### Sums and Differences through Eighteen.



Day 3

14	13	9	9	15	11	16	12
<u>- 9</u>	<b>–</b> 5	+ 8	+ 9	<u>- 8</u>	<u>- 7</u>	<u>- 8</u>	+ 3
7	8	12	15	18	5	12	11 (
<u>+ 5</u>	+8	<u>- 6</u>	<u>+ 3</u>	<u>- 9</u>	+ 6	<u>- 7</u>	+6

18	4	11	15	13	14	7	17
<u>-9</u>	+ 8	<u>-4</u>	<u>- 9</u>	<u>- 8</u>	<u>- 6</u>	+ 9	<u>-8</u>



Write these sentences correctly. Use capital letters and the correct punctuation. Write them in cursive.



2. did you like the giraffe or the bear best

1. our class went on a field trip to the zoo

- 3. we met a snake called sneak
- 4. how long did martha stay at the zoo

# <u>Suffixes</u> come at the end of root, or base, words. Finish these sentences by adding <u>-less</u> or <u>-ful</u> to the base word.



- 1. It was thought of Jim to bring ice cream to the picnic.
- 2. Mark was hope that he would get a part in the school play.
- 3. Baby puppies are <u>help</u> for a few weeks.
- 4. Many snakes are harm and will not hurt you.
- 5. We were very <u>care</u> when we crossed the river on the log.
- 6. I feel bad when I see home people.
- 7. We had a <u>fright</u> experience on our vacation.
- 8. That tool has been very <u>use</u> to us.
- 9. The children have been help in our garden.
- 10. My grandfather seems <u>age</u>.



Stories can be divided into two different types. <u>Fiction</u> is drawn from the imagination, and the events and characters are not real. <u>Nonfiction</u> has only facts about people, places, subjects, and events that are real.

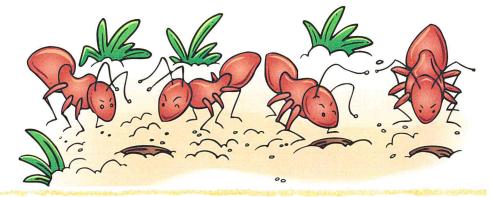


Read the following paragraph and write <u>fiction</u> or <u>nonfiction</u> in the box.

	a <b>4</b> 4 h a	•	1.4	- C -	 Tl	
	Control State of Stat					

Army ants are some of the most feared types of ants. These ants are very destructive and can eat all living things in their paths. Army

ants travel at night in groups of hundreds of thousands through the tropical forests of Africa and South America.



Read and think. Write the problem to show how you got your answer.



#### EXAMPLE:

John has 18 birds. His cousin, Jim, has 9. How many more birds does John have than Jim?

$$18 - 9 = 9$$
 birds

1. Carla went on a weekend trip. She took 16 pictures. Only 8 pictures turned out. How many did not turn out?

2. In June, I read 6 books; in July, 3; and in August, 7. How many books did I read this summer?

- 3. My family and I go to the beach every year. Last year, my sister found 9 shells, my brother found 5, and I only found 4. How many shells did we find? Write the problem.
- 4. Dixie worked for her uncle last summer. She made \$16 the first two weeks. She spent \$5 to go swimming. How much did she have left? Write the problem.
- 5. In the pond, Sue counted 14 fish and 9 tadpoles. How many fewer tadpoles were there than fish? Write the problem.

Is it a complete sentence? <u>Remember</u>: A sentence is a group of words that tell a complete idea. Write <u>yes</u> if it is a complete sentence. Write <u>no</u> if it is not a complete sentence.



- 1. Chris slid into home plate.
- 2. In the top row I.
- Children watched a squirrel gather.
- The clown's funny hat fell off.
- 5. Pulled a wagon down.
- 6. In the forest we saw three deer.
- 7. A spaceship landed by our house.
- Our team started to.
- Mom broke a window when she was little.
- 10. Do you know how to do a relay?



and un-. The first one has been done for you. My Uncle Paul worked in a bookstore. Uncle Paul always helped me find the books I needed. He was never dis pleased disif I asked for his help. I \_\_\_\_call the day I asked for a book about unsolved mysteries. Uncle Paul \_\_\_\_\_covered some on the very top of the back shelf. They were dirty and smelled dusty. They looked as if they had been \_\_\_\_touched for years. I started inreading one about a phantom. As I looked side, I noticed that some pages were missing. They were the pages at the very end of the book. "Gadzooks and rats!" I said. "This story is \_\_\_complete. Now I'll never know who the phantom is." I must have looked pretty \_\_\_\_appointed because Uncle Paul tried to cheer me up. He said, "I don't mean to be \_\_\_\_kind, but think about it. You wanted to read about unsolved unmysteries, and I think you \_\_\_\_covered a real clue about the phantom and the missing pages!" Write five sentences about the picture. Use the boxes at the end of each line to number your sentences in story order. Write your story and give it a title. Be sure to use capital letters and periods.

Read this story and fill in the blanks. Use the prefixes: dis-, in-, re-,

10

#### Place Value. Write the numbers.



1. 9 ones 4 tens

2. 5 tens 0 ones 3. 10 tens 0 ones



221

Day

4. 6 tens
3 hundreds
8 ones

5. 4 hundreds 0 tens 2 ones

6. 5 ones 6 hundreds 7 tens 7. 9 hundreds 3 ones 5 tens

#### Write these numbers.

8. five hundred sixty-one \_\_\_\_

9. four hundred eighty-six

10. two hundred ninety-nine

11. eight hundred

12. one hundred fifty

### How many gumballs in each set?

Ex. 100 100 100 1 13. 100 100 100 100 1

14.

15.

## Divide these compound words into three categories. Write in cursive.

skyline grapevine raindrop hindsight drumstick bluebell landscape oatmeal suitcase wishbone hitchhike themselves

limestone

thumbtack

1. long vowel combinations



2. short vowel combinations

long and short vowel combinations

#### Write a word for each clue.

#### FACTOID

Coughing can make air move through your windpipe at over a thousand feet per second!

knead wheat	sense purchase	praise numb	dull certain	guide amazing					
1. not able	to feel		_						
2. we do th			_						
3. to be sur	е		_						
4. to buy so	omething		-						
5. to see, h	ear, feel, taste, s	smell	-						
6. flour is n	nade from		-		-				
7. a leader	7. a leader of a group								
8. to say something nice									
	ng wonderful ca	an be	-						
	hat is not sharp		-						

Haiku is a form of Japanese poetry that follows a special pattern of 17 syllables. There are 5 syllables in the first line, 7 in the second line, and 5 in the third line. Most haiku poetry is about nature.

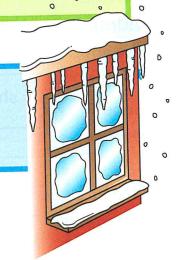
Read the following haiku poem.

Flakes of snow outside.

Icicles hanging from eaves.

Winter is now here.

Use the lines to write a haiku poem of your own about apples, summer, or anything you want.



# Use the Word Bank to make compound words matching the descriptions.

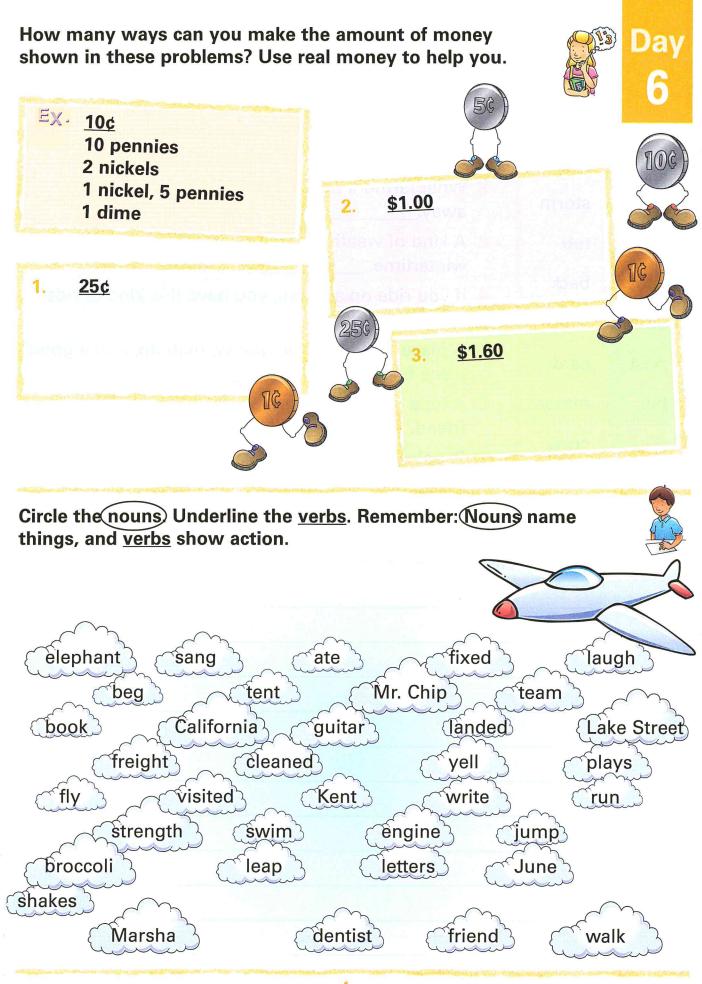
#### FACTOID

In movies, a "walla-walla" scene is one where people in the background pretend to be talking.

Word Bank				
<del>bath</del>	apple			
team	storm			
horse	tub			
snow	back			
scare	side			
post	card			
hill	mates			
pine crow				

sends you to get clean. <u>bathtub</u>
1. A fruit that is good to eat
<ol><li>What farmers put in cornfields to scare birds away.</li></ol>
3. A kind of weather some people get in the wintertime.
4. If you ride on a horse, you have this kind of ride.
5. A place that might be grassy, high up, and a good place for a picnic
<ol><li>A type of mail you can write and send to a friend.</li></ol>
7. People who play sports with you

You are lost in the forest for a long time with nothing but a knife, a few matches, and one pan. How and where will you live? What will you eat?		
	172	



#### Rounding Numbers. Round to the nearest ten.



Day 7

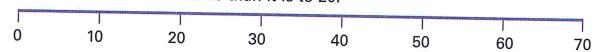
EXAMPLE:

$$28 = 20 \text{ or } 30$$

30, because 28 is nearer to 30 than to 20.

65 = 60 or 70 70, because when a number is halfway, round it up to the larger number.

12 = 10 or 20 10, because 12 is nearer to 10 than it is to 20.



#### Circle the answer.

3. 
$$55 = 50 \text{ or } 60$$

7. 
$$25 = 20 \text{ or } 30$$

8. 
$$12 = 10 \text{ or } 20$$

#### Write the answer.

#### Round to the nearest 100.

## Rewrite this paragraph. Add the correct punctuation and capitalization.

last summer we went camping in colorado we went hiking and swimming every day one time i actually saw a little deer with spots and a white tail we also collected a lot of pretty rocks flowers and leaves we had a great time i didn't want to leave

# Circle the word that is divided into syllables correctly.

#### FACTOID

The state of Florida is larger than the country of England.

EXA	MPLE	fi/fteen	fif/teen	fift/een	fifte/en
	1.	cact/us	ca/ctus	cac/tus	c/actus
	2.	bli/ster	blist/er	blis/ter	bl/ister
	3.	al/ways	a/lways	alw/ays	alwa/ys
	4.	har/bor	ha/rbor	harb/or	harbo/r
	5.	fl/ower	flo/wer	flowe/r	flow/er
	6.	bas/ket	bask/et	ba/sket	baske/t
	7.	e/nclose	en/close	encl/ose	enclo/se
	8.	obe/ys	o/beys	ob/eys	obey/s
	AND DESCRIPTION OF				

Write the abbreviations for the following words. Be sure to put a period (.) at the end of each abbreviation. Write in cursive.



EXAMPLE:			
1. January	Jan	2. Sunday	
3. February		4. Monday	
5. March		6. Tuesday	
7. April		8. Wednesday	
9. August		10. Thursday	
11. October		12. Saturday	
13. November		14. Doctor	
15 December		16. Mister	

Be sure to look at the ones, tens, hundreds, and thousands as you do the following problems.



Day 8

Which number is greater? Circle your answer.

Circle the number that is less.

Write greater than (>) or less than (<) on the line.

Read the following words. Write the vowel you hear and mark if it's long or short.

EXAMPLE: fly i long went e short





1. tie \_\_\_\_ 2. trail \_\_\_\_ 3. sweat \_\_\_ \_\_\_

# Use commas, add small words, or leave words out to combine the sentences.

#### FACTOIL

A piece of square, dry paper can't be folded in half more than seven

#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. My friends' names are Wanda and Pete. I also like Mandy and Joe. <u>I like my friends, Ulanda, Pete, Mandy, and Joe.</u>
- Rats will chew on wood and bones. They also will chew on nuts and twigs.
- 3. Dogs and cats can be pets. Gerbils and hamsters can be pets, too.
- 4. I am wearing blue jeans and a striped shirt. My shoes are black, and my socks are green. On my head is a baseball cap.

Read the directions through completely first. If you follow the directions carefully, you will find the name of an animal.

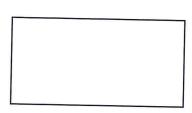


## PLAENHTE

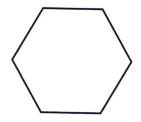
- 1. Remove the letter L and the last E.
- 2. Put the LE at the beginning of the word.
- 3. Move the second E so it is at the beginning of the word.
- 4. Put an S at the end of the word.
- 5. Move the H so that it is between the P and the A.
- 6. Don't do step 4.
- 7. Write the name of the animal here.

### Match the names with the shapes.

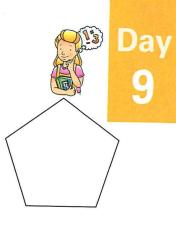
1.



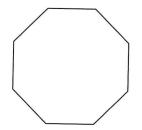
2.



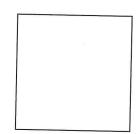
3.



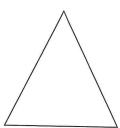
4.



5.



6.



- A. \_\_\_\_pentagon
  - B. \_\_\_\_rectangle
- C. \_\_\_\_hexagon

- D. \_\_\_\_square
- E. \_\_\_\_triangle
- F. \_\_\_\_octagon

## Make real words by writing ar, ir, or, er, or ur in the blanks.



- 1. h\_\_\_se
- n\_\_\_se
- th\_\_\_\_ty
- p\_\_\_ch
- ar

- 2. h\_\_\_d
- ch\_\_\_p
- s\_\_\_ve
- b\_\_\_ch



- 3. g\_\_\_l
- th\_\_\_st
- t\_\_\_key
- h\_\_\_\_



- 4. ch\_\_\_ge
- c\_\_\_b
- m\_\_\_ch
- y\_\_\_\_n



- 5. st\_\_\_m
- b\_\_\_\_p
- sp\_\_\_k
- sk\_\_\_t
- ur

- 6. c\_\_\_cus
- c\_\_\_\_n
- rep\_\_\_t
- st\_\_\_ch

## Build a super sandwich with the clues given and the ingredients listed.

#### Ingredients

pickles lettuce tomatoes bean sprouts ham beef chicken pork bologna butter mustard mayonnaise wheat bread sourdough bread white bread rve bread

#### Clues

- Make the sandwich using one kind of bread, two vegetables, and two meats.
- Two ingredients should start with <u>b</u> and two with <u>p</u>.
- 3. Use the spread with the most letters in it.
- **4.** Don't use anything that starts with  $\underline{wh}$  or anything that ends in  $\underline{f}$ .
- 5. Add a mystery ingredient. List the ingredients of your sandwich:

#### Draw and color your sandwich.

## Put commas where they belong in the sentences.



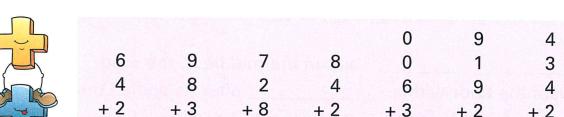
EXAMPLE: August 10, 1970, and May 10, 1973, are birth dates in our family.

- 1. My parents were married in Portland Oregon on May 1 1959.
- 2. We had chicken potatoes corn gravy and ice cream for dinner.
- 3. George Washington became the first president on April 30 1789.
- 4. Sam was born June 16 1947 in Rome Italy.
- 5. We saw deer bear elk and goats on our trip.
- 6. On July 24 1962 in Boise Idaho I won the big race.

Write your own series of words in these sentences. Put in the commas.

- 7. My favorite desserts are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. Some of my relatives are \_\_\_\_\_

#### Column Addition.









O	0		0	U		3
4	8	2	4	6	9	4
+ 2	+3	+8	4 + 2	+3	+ 2	+ 2

				32	15	73
18	41	32	25	41	30	12
20	20	11	24	12	12	62
+ 11	<u>+ 16</u>	+ 12	+ 20	+ 11	+ 42	+ 22

Verbs can tell what is happening now or in the past. Write a correct verb in the blank. If there is an n by the blank, write a "now" verb. If there is a p by the blank, write a "past" verb.



- 1. Two dogs (p) \_\_\_\_\_ each other down the road.
- 2. The wind (n) \_\_\_\_\_ and the trees (n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. We can (n) \_\_\_\_\_ and (n) \_\_\_\_ in the race.
- 4. Last night I (p) \_\_\_\_\_ past your house.
- 5. The hens (p) \_\_\_\_\_ at their food.
- 6. (n) \_\_\_\_\_ the kite string, please.
- 7. I (p) \_\_\_\_\_ at the jokes on TV last night.
- 8. Yesterday, we (p) \_\_\_\_\_ tulips and roses.

# Fill in the blanks with words that begin with bl-, fl-, br-, cl-, sn-, gl-, st-, cr-, sk-, gr-, or sp-.

#### FACTOIL

The average yawn lasts about six seconds.

1. A big was in the middle of the road.					
Sid swept the floor with a after he spilled the					
crumbs on it.					
3. The pole was in the mi	ddle of a bed.	1-			
4. The time on the gave us	4. The time on the gave us a to the answer.				
5. A slithered along the co					
6. Rick fixed the broken wi					
7. The robber a					
8. The baby colored on her	C. Production Co.				
<ul><li>9. Jane ripped her as she</li><li>10. The were very</li></ul>					
To. The were very	_ this summer.				
sp- gr- sk- cr-	st- al- sn- a	: -			
sp- gr- sk- cr-	31- 91				
Do some research on toads, frogs, and tadpoles. Use the					
		IN EW			
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw	w six pictures to				
	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw	w six pictures to				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw show, in order, how tadpoles change i	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw show, in order, how tadpoles change i	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw show, in order, how tadpoles change i	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, drawshow, in order, how tadpoles change in 1.	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draw show, in order, how tadpoles change i	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, drawshow, in order, how tadpoles change in 1.	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, drawshow, in order, how tadpoles change in 1.	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draveshow, in order, how tadpoles change in the state of the	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, drawshow, in order, how tadpoles change in 1.	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draveshow, in order, how tadpoles change in the state of the	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				
Internet or an encyclopedia. Then, draveshow, in order, how tadpoles change in the state of the	w six pictures to nto frogs or toads.  2.				

Write the numbers that come after, before, or between.





- **1.** 58, , 60
- **2.** 619, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_;1,201

- **4.** 80, , 82
- <del>5</del>. \_\_\_\_\_, 888, \_\_\_\_
- 6. 2,429;

- 7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 19, 20
- 8. \_\_\_\_\_, 500, \_\_\_\_\_ 9. 6,000; \_\_\_\_\_

- **10**. \_\_\_\_\_, 17, 18
- 11. 209, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_
- 12. \_\_\_\_\_; 9,930

- **13**. \_\_\_\_\_, 10,
- **14.** 721, \_\_\_\_\_, 723
- **15**. \_\_\_\_\_; 4,000

- **16**. 151, \_\_\_\_\_, 153
- **17.** \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, 307 **18.** 7,822; \_\_\_\_\_

- 19. 429, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_
- **20**. \_\_\_\_\_, 200, \_\_\_\_\_
- **21**. ; 7,842

- **22**. 869, \_\_\_\_\_, 871
- **23**. 998; 999; \_\_\_\_\_
- **24**. 9,999; \_\_\_\_

Complete each sentence using more than, less than, or equal to. Write your answer on the line.



#### Rules:

= 1 pint 2 cups

= 1 quart 2 pints

4 quarts = 1 gallon

Is one cup greater than, less than,

or equal to 1 pint?

If 2 cups = 1 pint,

then 1 cup is \_\_\_less than\_\_ 1 pint.

- A. 2 pints are\_\_\_\_\_\_1 quart. B. 1 pint is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_1 quart.

- 3 quarts are \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 gallon. D. 3 cups are \_\_\_\_\_ 1 quart.
- 1 gallon is \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 pint. F. 6 pints are \_\_\_\_\_ 3 quarts.
- 2 pints are \_\_\_\_\_ 4 cups. H. 8 quarts are \_\_\_\_\_ 2 gallons.

# Read the paragraph and circle the answers to the questions.



#### FACTOID

The welwitschia plant from Africa looks a bit like an octopus and lives for about 1,000 years.

Many enormous bones have been found. Scientists have put them together to make dinosaur skeletons. Fossils of other extinct animals and plants have also been found. You can see dinosaur skeletons and other fossils in many museums.

- 1. The main idea of the paragraph is
  - a. museums.
  - b. fossils.
- 2. The word <u>them</u> in the paragraph stands for
  - a. skeletons.
  - b. dinosaurs.
  - c. bones.

- 3. The word enormous means
  - a. huge.
  - b. hungry.
  - c. little.
- 4. In this paragraph, extinct means
  - a. happy to be alive.
  - b. not alive anymore.
  - c. very big animals.



### Study these words and fill in the blanks with the correct words.



×			
night			
different			
dry			
knock			
famous			
snow			
hopped			
walk			
pear			
oxygen			

1.	Which word begins with a silent letter?
2.	This is a weather word
3.	Which word has a <u>t</u> sound at the end, but it is not the letter <u>t</u> making the sound?
4.	Which word has a silent gh?
5.	Which word means "well-known"?
6.	Which word has the short <u>o</u> sound, but the letter is not an <u>o</u> ?
<b>7.</b>	What do we breathe?
8.	Which word has three syllables?
9.	Which word sounds the same as pair?
10.	A word that ends with a long i sound

#### See if you can figure out these story problems.





- 1. How many days are between the 18th and the 28th day of the month?
- 2. If Ted is next to last in line, and he is also tenth from the first person in line, how many children are in line?
- 3. Twenty-five children are in line. Only one is a girl. She is in the middle of the line. How many boys are in front of her, and how many are behind her?

- 4. There are 20 horses in a race. Prince is next to last. Name his place in the race.
- 5. If today was the 22nd of June, what date will it be one week from today?
- 6. Jack is 16th in line. How many people are ahead of him?

The <u>subject</u> of a sentence tells who or what the sentence is about. The <u>predicate</u> of a sentence tells something about the subject. Both can have more than one word or just one word.



Circle the subject of each sentence and underline the predicate.

#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. (Our team) won the game.
- 3. Clowns make me laugh.
- 5. We started to swim.
- 7. Chris worked in his garden.
- 9. Bees can sting people.
- 11. Mom and I rode our horses.
- 13. Chickens lay eggs daily.
- 15. Ducks eat lots of worms.

- 2. A little red fox ran by us.
- 4. April lost her house keys.
- 6. Lions live in cages.
- 8. I found twenty-five cents.
- 10. This ruler is one foot long.
- 12. We went on a picnic.
- 14. Birds make nests for their eggs.
- 16. The king rode a bike.

Write the word that does not belong with the other words in the row. Then describe why the other words belong together.

Scientists are trying to grow vaccines in fruit so you can eat the cure

# instead of getting a shot!

#### EXAMPLE:

1.	rose, daisy, lazy, tulip, lily	<u>lazy</u>	others are flowers
2.	newspaper, book, television, magazine		
3.	hand, eye, foot, hose		,
4.	tuba, clarinet, jazz, flute, harp		
5.	tire, hammer, screwdriver, wrench		
6.	robin, hawk, sparrow, pig, jay		
<b>7</b> .	John, Tom, Robert, Jenny, Todd		
8.	Moon, Mars, Earth, Pluto, Venus		
9.	lettuce, peach, carrot, peas, beets		
10.	Mary, Jane, Susan, Ann, George		

Use the apostrophe correctly. Change each underlined word or phrase by using the apostrophe.



#### EXAMPLE:

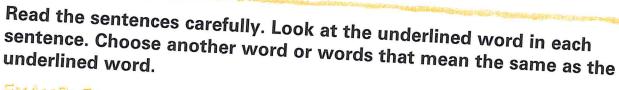
1. You are a good piano player. 2. This is my grandmothers pet dog. 3. The monsters eyes are green. 4. The boy will not make his bed. 5. The girl would not help her friend. 6. I borrowed Nancys swimming suit. 7. Boyd does not have a catchers mitt. 8. It is so hot during the summer.

## Adding 2-Digit Numbers. Remember to trade or regroup.





#### EXAMPLE:





+ 99¢

#### EXAMPLE:

1. Will you repay the money I lent you? return The oak tree is <u>afire</u>. 3. Sara fell down outside, but she was unhurt. 4. I would like to revisit Disneyland sometime. 5. Do not uncover the dough, or it will dry out. 6. Don't use this phone; it's only for incoming calls. This paper is really important. This part of the forest remains untouched. Every few years we repaint the school. 10. I <u>dislike</u> cake and ice cream.

Add suffixes to the following words. Use <u>-est</u>, <u>-tion</u>, or <u>-ty</u>. At the end, write three sentences. Choose three different words with three different suffixes. Remember to double, drop, or change some letters.



1. taste 3. safe 5. prepare 7. sad 9. dirt	<u>tastiest</u>	<ol> <li>act</li> <li>hungry</li> <li>heavy</li> <li>direct</li> <li>invent</li> </ol>	
1 2 3			

 $\underline{\text{Is}}$  and  $\underline{\text{are}}$  tell that something is happening now. Use  $\underline{\text{is}}$  with singular subjects and  $\underline{\text{are}}$  with plural subjects.



1. Max and I best friends.
2. Bill also our friend.
2. Bill
· VVE
4. Meg coming with us.
5 Her sister coming, too.
6 Those bananas very ripe.



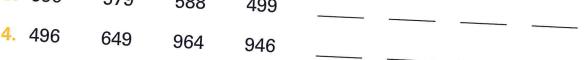
Write your own sentences now. Write two using is and two using are.

rite your over	
1. is	
2. are	
3. is	
1 ore	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## Arrange the numbers from greatest to least.

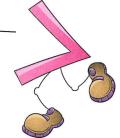
Day 14







**5**. 846 808 903 778



Arrange the numbers from least to greatest.

**2.** 503 530 353 550 \_\_\_\_\_\_ **3.** 940 490 904 400

 4. 883
 838
 388
 880

**5.** 676 767 690 719 \_\_\_\_

Write these words in alphabetical order. Be sure to look at the first, second, and third letters. Write them in cursive.



wash school eye do does large brought spread often you enough front people breakfast neighbor

1. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_

11. \_\_\_\_\_

2

7. \_\_\_\_\_

12.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_

13.

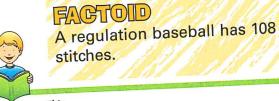
5.

10.

14. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Sequence.

Denise and Grayson washed their dad's car. First, they filled a bucket with soapy water. Denise got some old rags from the house while Grayson got the hose. They put soapy water all over the car and washed off the dirt. Next, they sprayed the car with water. To finish the job, Denise and Grayson wiped the car dry with some clean towels. Both of them were surprised when their dad gave them each \$5.





Write four sentences about the story in the correct order.

41160	
1	
2.	
3	
4	

The words below contain suffixes such as <u>-est</u>, <u>-tion</u>, and <u>-ty</u>. Read



The words below contain sumkes such the line.						
EXAMPLE:  1. safety	safe	2. starvation				
3. hungriest		4. action				
5. invention		6. certainty				
7. location		8. direction				
9. loveliest		10. saddest				
11. preparation		12. tasty				
13. reality		14. suggestion				
15. hottest		16. wettest				

#### **Equal Groups.**



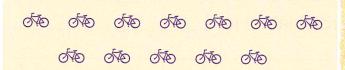
#### EXAMPLE:

1. Make 3 equal groups.



How many in each group?\_\_\_\_\_\_ How many in each group?\_\_\_\_\_

3. Make 2 equal groups.



2. Make 5 equal groups.



4. Make 4 equal groups.



How many in each group?\_\_\_\_\_ How many in each group?\_

#### Use who's or whose in the first four blanks and you're or your in the next four.



\_\_\_\_\_ making all the racket?" shouted the king. \_\_\_\_\_ footprints are those in the garden?"

\_\_\_\_\_\_ going to solve this mystery for the king?"

\_\_\_\_\_turn is it to help the king?"

"What is \_\_\_\_\_ favorite food?" asked the dinner guest.

"Rabbit stew!" answered the host, " going to eat it tonight for dinner."

"Great!" gulped the rabbit. "\_\_\_\_\_ going to have to give me \_\_\_\_\_ recipe."

Who do you think is in the king's garden? \_\_\_\_\_



How do you think the rabbit really felt about rabbit stew?

#### Follow the directions.



#### FACTOID

Glue was once made by boiling animal bones, hides, and hooves.
Today, we use synthetic substances.

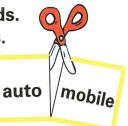
- 1. Get a dictionary.
- 2. Look at any page between 40 and 55. Page\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Write down the guide words. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Words in a dictionary are in \_\_\_\_\_ order.
- Write the meaning of the guide word on the right-hand side of the page you are looking at.



- 7. In your dictionary, what mark shows where words are divided?\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Find a word on the page you are looking at that has three syllables.

  Write it down, and in your own words, define it.
- 9. The guide words show the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_ entry words on the page.

Making "Clipped" Words from Longer Words. Try making these words into clipped words.





#### EXYWLE:

- 2. When Andy grows up, he wants to fly airplanes.
- 3. When Denise went to New York, she rode in a taxicab.
- 4. A hippopotamus can hold its breath for a long time.
- 5. Have you ever been inside a submarine?
- 6. Spectators filled the stadium at the baseball game.
- 7. Lori loves talking with her grandmother on the telephone.
- 8. Matt was amazed by the photograph in the art gallery.

### Card Bridge



How are your bridge construction skills? Let's see if you can build a bridge between two books with an index card. Then let's see how your bridge destruction skills are. Can you blow the bridge down?

#### Stuff You Needs

2 thick books index card

#### Here's What to Dos

- 1. Put your big books about 4 inches apart on a table. Put the index card on top of the books so that just the ends rest on the books and the rest of the card is over the open space.
- 2. What will happen when you blow between the two books and underneath the card? Either the card will remain unchanged, it will fly off the books, or it will bend down toward the table.

#### What's This All About?

Blowing below the card creates a low pressure area. The card gets pushed, not sucked, downward.

#### More Fun Ideas to Trys

What happens to the cloth top on a convertible car as it goes down the road is different. As the car moves down the road, the air inside the car is still, but the air outside the car is zipping across the top. The air inside is at a higher pressure than the air outside. The top is pushed upward by the air inside the convertible.

### I Can't Believe My Eyes



An optical illusion is a picture that fools your eyes. Here are three different optical illusions for you to work with. Follow the model for each one, answer the questions, and create new models.

#### Stuff You Needs pencil, ruler

K	ere's What to Dos	$\longrightarrow$
1.	Which line is shorter?  Line 1 is exactly millimeters long.  Line 2 is exactly millimeters long.	
	What do you think makes this optical illusion work?	
2.	Look at the illustration. Is the box "coming out of the page" upward and to the left, or down and to the right?	
	Explain how you could tell.  Take a survey of your family members to see which side of the box they think is coming out of the page.	

#### What's This All About?

is looking.

An optical illusion is a drawing or image that makes your brain interpret data in a certain way. Your brain takes the image seen by each eye and makes them one image. Your brain also likes patterns—definite identification of images—which is why it is hard to see the old and young lady at the same time.

#### More Fun Ideas to Tryx

1. If you have access to the Internet, get an adult's help to search for other optical illusions.

3. Look at the picture on the right. Do you see a young lady or an older woman? Tell where the young lady is looking and where the old lady

2. Perhaps you can take a field trip to a local art store and look for the colorful images that have hidden pictures in them (sometimes referred to as "magic eye"). Can you see the hidden images? When you are looking, be patient, stand still, and let your vision blur slightly, as if you are looking through the picture at something else far away. If you still can't see the hidden images, do some research about why some people cannot see them (again, the Internet is a good place to start).







My parents and I decided that if I complete
20 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

Child's Signat	hild's Signature Parent's Signature						
Day 1	$\Rightarrow$		la <u>ndan</u>	Day 11	$\Rightarrow$		
Day 2				Day 12			
Day 3	$\Diamond$			Day 13			
Day 4	$\Diamond$			Day 14			
Day 5	$\Diamond$			Day 15	$\Diamond$		
Day 6			Maria III.	Day 16	$\Rightarrow$		
Day 7	$\Diamond$			Day 17	$\Rightarrow$		
Day 8	$\Diamond$			Day 18	$\Diamond$		-
Day 9	$\Rightarrow$			<b>Day 19</b>	$\Diamond$		
Day 10	$\Rightarrow$			Day 20			
	Child	: Color th	e of for	r daily activi	ties com	pleted.	

Color the

Parent: Initial the \_\_\_\_ when all activities are complete.

for daily reading completed.

# Discover Something New!



Fun Activity Ideas to Go Along with the Second Section!



Find a pen pal; send him/her a letter.



Check if garden peas are ripe.



Arrange photo albums.



Make fruit juice bars and freeze them.



Learn sign language or Morse code.



Play capture the flag under a full moon.



Visit a ghost town.



Plan a bike hike with your family.



It's a great day for a family or neighborhood water fight!



Select a topic of interest—go to the library and check out three books on the topic.



Build a small wooden boat and use it during a gutter-gushing thunderstorm.



Get a discount pass to a local baseball or softball game.



Weed a row in the garden. (Mom and Dad will love you for it!)



Eat some French fries—learn a French phrase: s'il vous plaît.



Research some trivia—collect some information at the library and surprise your family.



Visit a local children's museum.



Do something ecological—clean up an area near your house. Make your planet better.



Collect twenty assorted bugs and identify them.

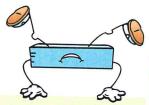


Go to a planetarium and see a star show.

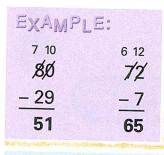


Take time to paint the fence. (Ever heard of Tom Sawyer?)

#### Find the differences. Be sure to trade or regroup.













#### Go to the library and get a book you have not read. After you finish reading it, write a book report. Use the outline below to help you.

- 1. Title \_\_\_\_
- 2. Author \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Main characters\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Setting: Where does the story take place? \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Main idea: What is the book about? \_\_\_\_\_

- 6. Did you like the book? \_\_\_\_ Why or why not? \_\_\_\_

37

Complete the story web. Use the words in the web to write a story on a separate piece of paper. Be sure to use capital letters and periods. Think of a cool title for your story.

#### FACTOID

Ancient artists once made paints by mixing raw eggs, dried blood, and plant juices together.



#### Things to think about:

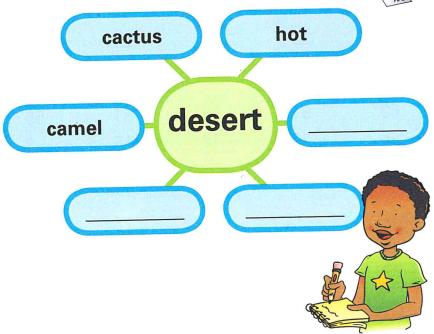
Who is the story about?

Where does the story take place?

How does this story begin?

What happens next?

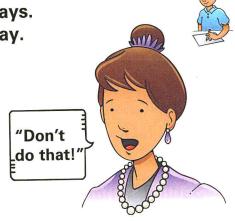
How will this story end?



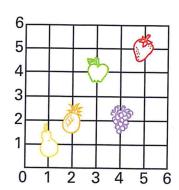
<u>Ouotation</u> marks set off what a person or thing says. Put quotation marks around what these people say.

#### EXAMPLE: Mom said, "Don't do that!"

- 1. Uncle Bill said, I will pack a picnic lunch.
- Where is the big beach ball? asked Jeff.
- 3. Lily exclaimed, That's a wonderful idea!
- 4. Complaining will not help you, replied Dad.
- 5. Come and do your work, Grandmother said, or you can't go with us.
- 6. Yesterday, said Emily, I saw a pretty robin in a tree by my window.
- 7. I will always take care of my pets, promised Ted.
- 8. Come and get this puppy off my newspaper! yelled Dad.
- 9. Rachel said, Maybe we should have practiced more.
- 10. Dr. Jake asked, How are you, Pat? My ears hurt, Pat answered sadly.



#### Using Grids.



Which fruit is located at 3, 4?

Put a circle around the fruit located at 2, 2.

Draw a peach on 5, 3.

Which fruit is located at 5, 5? \_\_\_\_\_

Where is the pear located?

Put a box around the fruit located at 4, 2.





5 2

Which shape is located at 5, 3? \_\_\_\_\_ Where is the square located? \_\_\_\_\_ Draw a circle around the shape located at 3, 4. Draw a line to connect the shapes located at 4, 1 and 1, 5.

Common nouns are general names for places, things, and people. Proper nouns name a specific person, place, or thing and begin with a capital letter.



Put these nouns under the right heading and then write two of your own. Be sure to use capital letters on the proper nouns.

salt lake dog monday ocean pet oak street day class november holiday mr. brown christmas boston boat beans rex pple florida chool dr. phil

#### EXAMPLE:

# **Proper Nouns** 1. Mrs. Jones 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_

## **Common Nouns**

1.	<u>teacher</u>
2.	
3.	

- 4. 5. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. \_\_\_\_
- 9. \_\_\_\_
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ 11. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 11. \_\_\_\_ 12. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 12. \_\_\_\_

#### Read this paragraph and then answer the questions.



What is the topic?
 a. caring for a dog
 b. choosing a pet
 c. feeding big pets

Before you decide what kind of pet you would like to own, there are some things you need to think about. First, you need to find out how much care the pet would need. Dogs need to be walked; horses need to be exercised; cats need a place to scratch. All pets need to be kept clean and well fed. You need to think about where your pet would live. Big pets need a lot of room, while little pets don't need as much room.

- 2. What is the main idea?
  - a. finding a good home for pets
  - b. things to do when choosing a pet
  - c. things to think about before choosing a pet

3.	What	pet do y	you (	own or	would	you	like t	o ow	vn?_		_
----	------	----------	-------	--------	-------	-----	--------	------	------	--	---

## Read these silly sentences and then make your own silly sentences. Try to use the same starting letter for most of the words.



- 1. Silly Sandra sells sweet sandwiches sprinkled with sugar.
- 2. Bill Benson built a boat with beetle-bitten birch bark.

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

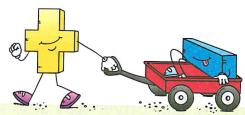
## Add or subtract. Check the signs. Trade or regroup if you need to.

EXAMPLE:

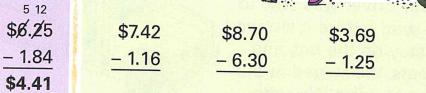
\$8.54

+ 1.60

\$10.14









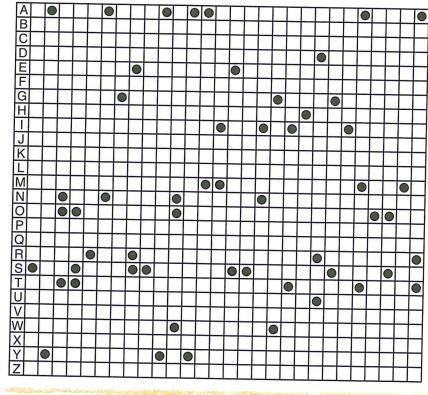
\$9.60

+ 1.92

575	600	804	133	202	623
<u>– 162</u>	+ 197	+ 129	<u>– 124</u>	<u>– 102</u>	+ 527

Discover the secret message by starting with the letters in the first vertical row. Record each letter in that row in order from top to bottom; then do the same thing with the remaining rows.

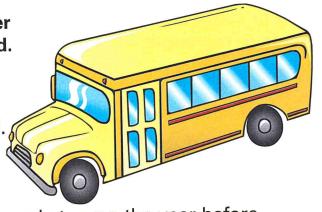




Secret Messages for a Super Kid
·

Sequencing. Read this story; then number the sentences in the order they happened.

Last summer on our way to camp, the bus broke down. Our driver was able to get the bus off the road before it stopped. We were asked to stay on the bus and sit quietly in our seats. We stayed in our seats, but we were not quiet. We sang



camp songs and camp chants that we learned at camp the year before.

We sang songs and chants while waiting for another bus.

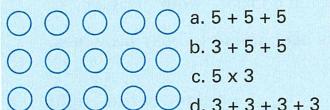
A policeman came by and called for help on his radio. It took about an hour before another bus came to take us the rest of the way. It was a newer bus, and it wasn't long before we were choosing what bed we were going to sleep in instead of what seat we were going to sit in on the bus.

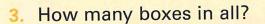
<ul> <li>Our bus broke down on our way to camp.</li> <li>Another bus came by to take us to camp.</li> <li>We chose what bed to sleep in.</li> <li>A policeman came by and radioed for help.</li> </ul>	
Here are some often misspelled words. Practice them; then spell them to a friend. Be sure to write in cursive. Write each word at least four times.	
wonderful	
warm	
worried	
who	
where	
weigh	
want	
won't	
was	
word	
	enderlighter of the property

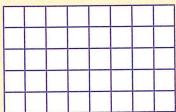
#### Ways of Writing the Same Concept. Circle the correct answers to the problems. There will be more than one answer for each one.



Llow	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	hal	le in	2112
HOW	many	Dai	15 111	all!





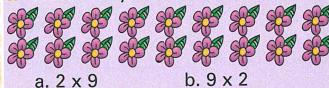


$$a.5 + 8$$

#### How many stars in all?

	a. 3 x 6
A A A A A	
公公公公公公公	c. $4 + 4 + 4 + 2$
***	d. 6 x 3

#### 4. How many flowers in all?



$$c.9+6$$

#### Think of some verbs for the following sentences and write them in the blanks.



- 1. The kittens were \_\_\_\_\_ in circles.
- 2. The parakeets have \_\_\_\_\_ all their food.
- 3. Andrew is \_\_\_\_\_ the piano.
- 4. Dad \_\_\_\_\_ the car yesterday.
- 5. The puppy \_\_\_\_\_ under the porch.
- 6. I \_\_\_\_\_ the answer, but I was afraid to raise my hand.
- 7. Kelly will \_\_\_\_\_ the calves some oats.
- 8. Our club will \_\_\_\_\_ seeds to make some money.
- 9. My father has \_\_\_\_\_ to Texas.
- 0. The airplane was \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport.
- 1. Mother \_\_\_\_\_ the cake into ten pieces.
- . Travis \_\_\_\_\_ his bike twenty miles a week.

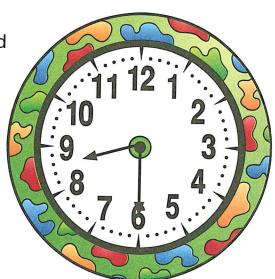
### Choose the correct homophone to complete the sentence.

1			
	Jennifer has two	and three oranges. pears pa	irs 💮
2. 1	Brian can never _	to play the game right. seam	seem
3. I	Mother will sift th	ne for the cookies. flour flowe	er
4. 1	For twelve	, Angela has been trying to bake brow	vnies.
	days	daze	
5. l	hope that I can g	get everything on time. write	right
6. 1	Vanette	the baking contest. won one	
7. 7	Twice this year, th	ne teacher over her project.	
		past passed	
8. 7	The bread	was very sticky. dough doe	
9	Jana was	a dollar for a late book. fined find	
10. 7	The painting of th	e picture was, but not excellent.	fare fair
		float for the Independence Day parade. nd tell who will ride on it.	
Desc	ribe it ili detali ar	nd tell who will ride on it.	The state of the s

#### Thinking about Time.



- What time does the clock show?
- How long does it take for the minute hand to move from 6 to 5?
- What time will it be when the minute hand reaches the 12? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What time will it be when the minute hand moves 15 minutes? \_\_\_\_\_



## Read the sentences and fill in the blanks with words that use two different sounds of <u>ow</u>. Then read the finished sentences aloud.



A scarecr\_\_\_\_ really works to keep birds away from the corn.
 A bird was here a while ago, but it has fl\_\_\_\_n away.



- You have been playing outside and are so dirty that you
   need a sh\_\_\_\_er. Here is a clean washcloth and t\_\_\_\_el to use.
- 3. I need to use a lawn m\_\_\_\_er to cut our grass. It has gr\_\_\_\_n so tall.
- 4. The king wears a gold cr\_\_\_\_n on his head, and his wife, the queen, wears a beautiful g\_\_\_\_n.
- 5. You have food on your face just above your eyebr\_\_\_\_. Don't fr\_\_\_\_n, just wash it off!

#### Read this story. Then answer the questions.

One day, a lad was chopping wood in a forest. All at once, he heard a muffled sound coming from behind a tree. He stopped chopping, walked over to the tree, and peeked behind it. He could not believe his eyes. Right there, at the foot of the tree, a leprechaun was hiding a pot of gold.

- 1. In this story, muffled means
  - a. quiet.
  - b. to keep warm.

subjects, and events.

c. to gag someone.

- 3. Lad is another name for
  - a. girl.

- 2. Another word for forest is
  - a. big logs.
  - b. a few trees.
  - c. woods.
- 4. A word in the story that sounds like <u>herd</u> is \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The word he stands for
  - a. the leprechaun.
  - b. the tree.
  - c. the lad.

b. boy. c. man. Do you remember the difference between fiction and nonfiction?

Fiction is drawn from the imagination, and the events and characters aren't real. Nonfiction has only facts about real people, places,



Write your own story. Is it fiction or nonfiction? Why?		

#### Multiplication. Finish the charts.







ХЗ	
3	9
7	
5	e one e de la color
2	00000
6	18
4	gvodu e
8	

X4	
10	TALL TRACK
5	20
8	
4	
7	
6	ti. milioni
9	

X5	
9	
2	
6	
3	15
5	
7	((
4	623





## Use a word from the box to complete each sentence. Divide the word by what you know about syllables.

#### EXAMPLE:

trumpet
cottage
circus
pictures
market
quarter
signal
pennies
chatter

curtains

1. I am learning to play the <u>trum•pet</u>.

2. Look at all the funny \_\_\_\_\_ in this book.

3. You can buy bread and milk at the \_\_\_\_\_

4. We live in a small \_\_\_\_\_.

5. This pencil costs a \_\_\_\_\_.

6. I am saving lots of \_\_\_\_\_ in a jar.

7. The clowns at the \_\_\_\_\_ were great.

8. When you hear the \_\_\_\_\_, run fast.

9. We have white \_\_\_\_\_ on our window.

10. Chipmunks \_\_\_\_\_.

### Read the paragraph and answer the questions at the end.

Reading a newspaper is a fun activity. It is also an important way to learn about what's going on in the world around you. Newspapers tell you who is doing

what—and often, why they are doing it. There is a weather page to tell you what the weather is going to be like the next day and probably all week. The sports section usually tells you what games are coming up and what teams won yester-

day. Newspapers tell us about our world leaders and what happens in their countries. Newspapers also tell us about accidents and serious events.

Why did the author write this?

- a. to give us important facts about newspapers
- b. to tell us that newspapers are make-believe
- c. to tell us about the weather and sports

### Practice writing and spelling -ing words. Write in cursive.

Practice writing and opening =3		
starting hiking	Make up and write some of your own - <u>ing</u> words.	
hiking	-	
stopping	EXAMPLE:	
breathing	hitting	
sneeging blooming	hitting napping	
blooming		
breaking		
speaking hearing listening		
listening		
spelling working running		
working		
rumming		
walking		an Arina di Languagi di La

#### Draw a straight line through three numbers that add up to the sum given in each diagram below.



1. Sum: 78		
20	28	14
16	32	42
19	18	13

2. §	um:	110
16	33	64
39	22	44
51	10	72

3. Sum: 251		
71	47	18
82	20	46
98	43	33



4. Sum: 149	m: 149	4. Sum
-------------	--------	--------

	1	
15	93	24
63	25	33
63	25	61

C		FOC
<b>J. J</b>	um:	OUC

94	100	90
88	206	58
79	200	96

6. Sum: 189

94	100	90
88	20	58
79	10	96

### Use the correct form of the verb-past or present.

- 1. My friends and I like to \_\_\_\_\_ clay animals. (make)
- 2. We \_\_\_\_\_ the clay into different shapes. (roll)
- 3. Jeremy \_\_\_\_\_ making a clay hippo. (enjoy)
- 4. Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_ us fire the clay animals. (help)
- 5. He \_\_\_\_\_ them all in the kiln. (place)
- 6. After they were fired, we \_\_\_\_\_ them. (paint)
- 7. Often, we \_\_\_\_\_ them as gifts. (give)
- 8. We all said we would \_\_\_\_\_ them again sometime. (make)

#### These sentences are mixed up. Write them in Hair, whether coarse and dark or cursive the correct way. Don't forget capitals fine and light, covers almost every inch of our bodies. and punctuation marks.

FACTOID

1. rolled hill the we down in a car	The state of the s
2. was car no but hurt wreck luckily one was a the total	
3. themselves elephant animals when braced all the sneezed the	
4. bottles of full wagon a pulled cory	
5. book went I bed closed and my to	

Continue the counting pattern.



1.	0	3	6	9	12				24	
2.	6	12	18	24				48		
3.	12	16	20	24					44	
4.	33	30	27	24					9	
5.	100	98	96	94				86		-
6.				25	30	35	X			
7.	7	14	21				49			
Q	25	50		100			175			

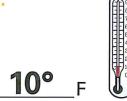
## Temperatures are measured in Fahrenheit (F) and Celsius (C). 32 degrees Fahrenheit is equal to 0 degrees Celsius.





Write the temperature showing on the thermometer in the space below.

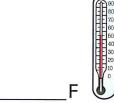
1.



2.



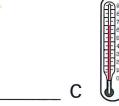
3.



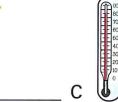
4.



5.



6.



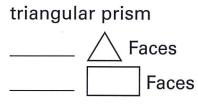
Look at the geometric solids. Each side is called a face. Write the number of faces each solid has.

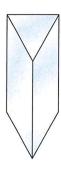


1.



2.



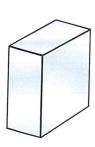


3.

rectangular prism
\_\_\_\_\_Faces
\_\_\_\_Faces

4.

rectangular prism
\_\_\_\_\_Faces
\_\_\_\_\_Faces



## Draw a line to the correct ending for each sentence.

Crocodiles could make a fortune from the Tooth Fairy—they always grow new teeth to replace old ones.

1. The teacher wrote names

was very generous to her people.

2. The girl did not want to

Jack climbed up a beanstalk.

FA CTOID

3. In the story "The Magic Beans,"

we see many travelers.

4. The queen of Tooly Town

leave her old school.

5. North America is a

is going to hit your head.

6. What did you do with

learn responsibility for what you do.

7. In the summertime,

red handkerchief in his pocket.

8. Is a greenhouse a

on the board with chalk.

9. Sometimes you have to

very big continent.

10. The tall boy had a large,

out the secret.

11. My little sister blurted

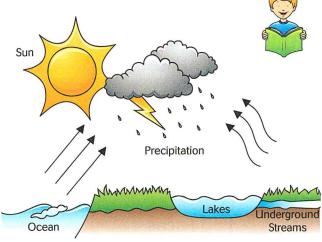
place where you can grow plants?

12. Look out! That ball

my new rollerblades?

# True or False. Read the paragraph; then fill in the blanks below. Put a $\underline{T}$ for true and an $\underline{F}$ for false.

Rain and snow provide water for our earth. When it rains or snows, water goes into the ground, streams, rivers, and other bodies of water. Little rivers run into big rivers, and big rivers run into the oceans. The sun pulls up some of the water and forms clouds. This is called evaporation. The clouds get heavy and form rain or snow that falls back to earth. This process is called the water cycle.



1	ΔΙΙ	living	things	need	water.
	$\triangle$ III	livilig	umgs	Hood	vvalor.

2. Rain and snow are part of the water cycle.

\_\_\_\_ 3. Water is evaporated by the sun.

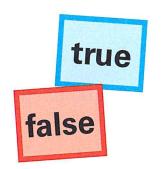
4. No rivers run into the ocean.

5. Clouds make the water evaporate.

6. Another name for ocean is sea.

7. All water is good to drink.

8. People pollute the water.



#### How Many?



Day

- 1. How many 6s are there in 18?
- 2. How many 5s are there in 25?
- 3. How many 2s are there in 8?
- 4. How many 4s are there in 20?
- 5. How many 9s are there in 18?
- 6. How many 7s are there in 21?
- 7. How many 3s are there in 12?
- 8. How many 8s are there in 32?
- 9. How many 6s are there in 24?
- 10. How many 1s are there in 70?



Read the sentences and mark whether the underlined word is spelled right or wrong.

	1
	7
H ®	4
TE	3

Wrong

That was an unnkind thing to say.

- 1. I'd like a glass of water.
- Do you know where theyv'e been today?
- Be carefull with that knife.
- My mom was very unhappy today.
- What did Joan plant in her gardin?
- We looked at all the babyies in the hospital.
- Aunt Mary bottled ten pounds of cherries.
- He waved at us from the window.
- Dad bought a big balluen for my little sister.
- The deer ate <u>allmost</u> all of our bushes last winter.

Right

Read the story. Write complete sentences for your answers.



Robert and Sydni are two of my very best friends. We have gone to school together since we were in kindergarten. We even go to summer camp and the recreation center together. There are many reasons why I like to be with them. Robert always lets me borrow his skateboard. He knows that if I had a skateboard, I would let him borrow it. Robert is a person you can count on, too. When we are out riding our bikes

together, Sydni sometimes has me ride in front while she rides behind me. She understands that the way to be a good friend is by taking turns and being fair.

1.	What is it that Robert does to be a good friend?
2.	Is Sydni a fair person? Why?
3.	List three things that the friends do together.
4.	Write a few sentences of your own about what you think makes a good friend.

#### Story Problems.





- 1. Nancy weighs 43 pounds. Janet weighs 34 pounds. How many pounds do they weigh together? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Bill threw 259 balls, and Kirk only threw 137. How many more balls did Bill throw than Kirk? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Jake collected 694 marbles. Joyce collected 966. How many fewer marbles did Jake collect than Joyce? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Mary Ann has a stack of 42 cards. She wants to divide them into 6 equal stacks. How many will she have in each stack? \_\_\_\_\_



#### Match the geometry terms with their definitions.

- parallel lines
- 2. perpendicular lines
- 3. vertex
- 4. face
- 5. edge
- 6. ray
- 7. line segment
- 8. angle
- . intersecting lines

lines that never intersect

lines that intersect to form four right angles

a flat surface of a solid figure

a line segment where two or more faces of

a solid figure meet

the endpoint of three line segments on a

solid figure

the space between two nonparallel rays that

share an endpoint

lines that cross each other at only one point

a line with two endpoints

a line that has one endpoint and continues

on in one direction

# Circle the letter to answer the question and then divide the underlined word into syllables.

#### FACTOID

What a feat! A donkey can see all four of its feet at the same time.



- 1. A chipmunk is about the size of a gerbil.
  - Chipmunk means
- a. plant
- b. bug
- c. animal

- 2. Richard collects stamps.
  - Collect means
- a. save
- b. give away
- c. licks
- 3. The cows will produce lots of milk this summer.
  - **Produce** means
- a. drink
- b. eat
- c. give
- 4. Anna had lots of spangles on her party dress.
  - Spangles means
- a. bright objects b. dull objects
- c. paper
- 5. The tires on the car left an imprint on the grass.
  - **Imprint** means
- a. mark
- b. oil
- c. water

- 6. Some baby goslings were in our pond.
  - Goslings are
- a. young geese
- b. old geese
- c. young chickens

How Do Seeds Grow? Write down the conditions that are necessary for seeds to germinate and grow.





#### Multiply.

Day

6	5	9	9	3	8	9	6
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>



$$7 \times 7 =$$

$$5 \times 5 =$$



Make each underlined word mean more than one (plural) and write it in the blank.

- 1. One baby calf plus one more makes two baby \_\_calves.
- 2. The wolf howled until two \_\_\_\_\_ howled with him.
- 3. She put a book on a shelf and put all the other books on the rest of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. The blacksmith put a horseshoe on the horse's hoof, and then he put the others on the rest of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. The child played alone until the other \_\_\_\_ came.
- 6. He left his wife with all the other \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting.

## Choose a word from the Word Bank that fits each meaning. Then write it in the puzzle.



#### Down

- 2. very, very sad
- 4. spin around and around
- 6. making something look larger
- 8. very sure of something
- 10. not better

#### **Across**

- 1. need to do it right now
- 3. send back to the store
- 5. take care of the sick
- 7. to go after
- 9. the earth

7		10	6	8
er	2	3	T	
1				
			5	
	1 1 1			

Word Bank						
urgent	positive	nurse	follow	depressed		
worse	twirl	return	magnifying	world		

#### Inventions.

The telephone was invented in 1876; the first widely sold lightbulb was invented in 1879. The handheld camera was invented in 1888, and the tractor in 1900. What would you like to invent that could be important to you and others? Think of something you might invent in the future. Either write about or draw a picture of your invention, or both.



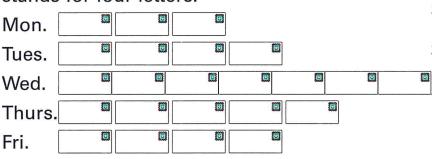
#### Use the graph to answer the questions.



Day **12** 

Ms. Fran has many friends. She sends them letters each week. Mark the number of letters she sends each day **on the graph**. (Monday is done for you.)

Then answer the questions. Each letter shown stands for four letters.

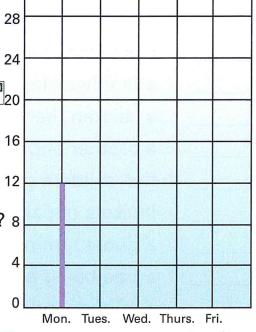


 How many letters did Ms. Fran send out on Thursday?

2. On what two days did she send out 16 letters? 8 and

3. What was the fewest she sent in one day? \_\_\_\_\_

4. What was the most that she sent in one day? \_\_\_\_\_



Similarities and Differences. Look at each pair of words. Write down at least one way they are alike and at least one way they are different.

1. leopard and cheetah \_\_\_\_\_\_



2. typewriter and piano \_\_\_\_\_

3. cabin and tent

4. whistle and sing \_\_\_\_\_

## Real or Make-Believe. Write $\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ for makebelieve or $\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ for real.

#### FACTOID

Slugs have four noses. Watch out when they sneeze!

1. a pumpkin growing on a vine in a field	
2. a fireman saving a kitten from a tree	
3. an elephant that can fly in a circus	
4. a cow that can give chocolate milk	M
5. a family taking a summer vacation	
6. a chicken that lays golden eggs	
7. a brother and sister working together	15/ 218 X
8. five children going to a movie in the after	noon
9. buckets of paint turning the sky many col	ors
10. a ghost turning a frog into a king	
11. a tree being blown over by the wind	
12. a rainbow bridge to the moon	
militarian de la como de la companie	Action to the second se

#### Use the clue to help you fill in the missing letters. Hint: Use vowels.

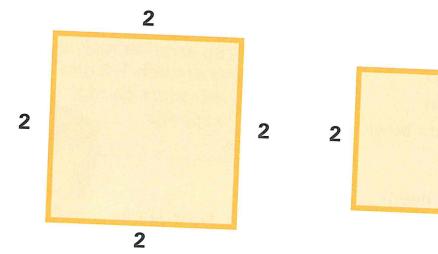
1. to do something many times	ftn
2. a sea animal with eight legs	ctps
3. a reptile that lives in a swamp	crc_dl
4. a very small house	cttge
5. something to keep the rain off	mbrll
6. twelve things	dzn
7. a tree or the inner part of your hand	plm
8. two things that are different	ppst
9. a place that has little rain	dsrt
0. you can put this on a Christmas tree	rnnt
1. a dessert made with eggs	cstrd
2. to stop something from happening	prvnt
3. go away	dsppr
4. to say you are sorry	plgz

<u>Perimeter</u> is the measurement of the length around a figure. You can find the perimeter by adding the lengths of all the sides. Look at the following figures and find the perimeter of each.

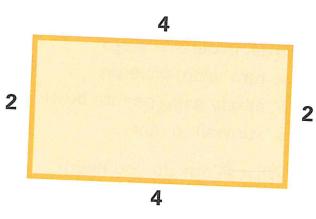


Day 13

1.



perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_ units



perimeter = \_\_\_\_ units

## Which two words make up each contraction, or what contraction comes from the two words?



1. Write the contractions for these words.

we are \_\_\_\_\_\_were not

was not

would not

2. Write the two words in these contractions.

they've \_\_\_\_\_they'll

shouldn't

ľd

3. Write the contractions for these words.

he is \_\_\_\_\_\_he has

she is \_\_\_\_\_she has

Write the contractions for these words.

let us \_\_\_\_\_does not

will not \_\_\_\_\_we have

#### Read the directions in the box. Draw a line under the answer to each question.

Your tongue print is as unique as your fingerprint.

- 1. What do the directions tell you how to make?
  - a. oatmeal
  - b. instant oatmeal
  - c. cold cereal
- 2. What is the first step?
  - a. turn microwave on
  - b. empty package into bowl
  - c. stir well to mix

- **Instant Oatmeal**
- 1. Empty package into microwaveable bowl.
- 2. Add 2/3 cup water or milk and stir.
- 3. Microwave on high 1-2 minutes; stir.
- 4. Put milk and sugar on top.
- 5. Eat with a spoon.
- 6. Clean up.



- 3. What things do you need? oatmeal package, pan, water or milk, spoon, flour, sugar
- 4. How long should it take you to make this?
  - a. a few seconds b. a few minutes
- c. 30 minutes

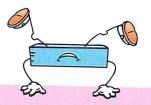
## Add a prefix to the word after the blank. Use re- or un-.

- Please \_\_\_\_\_move your shoes before you come in.
- 2. We will have to \_\_\_\_build our house.
- He was very \_\_\_\_kind to me.
- 4. I would like to \_\_\_\_\_ join that club.
- That was an \_\_\_\_usual movie.
- 6. We have to \_\_\_\_\_make the cake.
- 7. Did you feel like you were treated \_\_\_\_\_fairly?
- 8. The children will \_\_\_\_turn on Saturday.
- 9. That was an \_\_\_\_common rainstorm.
- 10. You will have to \_\_\_\_wrap that gift.



un-

#### Practice finding the differences.





### Write, in cursive, a sentence for each of the -es words in the box.



hooves

lives

leaves

scarves

wives

wolves



# Look at this table of contents and answer the questions.

- 1. What chapters should you read to learn how to write a story?
- 2. On what page should you start reading to learn about commas?
- **3.** How many chapters does this table of contents show? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. On which page would you find information on describing what something looks like?
- 5. Which chapter might tell you how to make a paper airplane? \_\_\_\_\_

# Read the paragraph and add the correct punctuation.

Where did you go yesterday
Tanner asked Denise I went
to the fair she told him I will
draw a picture of it for you
She then told him about the
watermelon-eating contest and
the blue ribbon she won She
told him about seeing pigs and
prize-winning sheep It sounds
like you had a fun day Denise I
wish I had been with you said
Tanner.

#### FACTOL

Most insects must turn their whole bodies to turn their heads—but the praying mantis doesn't need to.



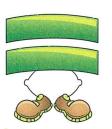
#### **Table of Contents**

Communicating with Others9
Writing a Story16
Word Meanings20
Following Directions25
Using Words Correctly 32
Commas40
Proofreading53
Describing Words57

Now draw a picture of something else Denise may have seen at the fair.



#### Read and solve the problems.





Day **15** 

1. James planted 5 corn se	eds
each in 9 holes. How many	seeds
did he plant?	

\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

- 3. Betty has the same number of nickels as she has dimes. She has \$1.80 worth of dimes. How many nickels does she have? \_\_\_\_\_ She has \$ \_\_\_\_\_ in nickels.
- **5.** There were 95 children on the bus. Ten got off at the first stop. Twenty-two got off at the second stop. How many are left on the bus?

- 2. Judy went to a book sale. In 3 days, she bought 24 books. She bought the same number each time she went. How many did she buy each day?
- 4. Sue babysat four times last week. She made \$4 one night, \$5.25 on two different nights, and \$6.40 on one night. How much did Sue make altogether?
- 6. Allen picked fruit for a farmer last summer. He picked 16 bushels of peaches, 14 bushels of apples, and 18 bushels of pears. How much fruit did Allen pick?

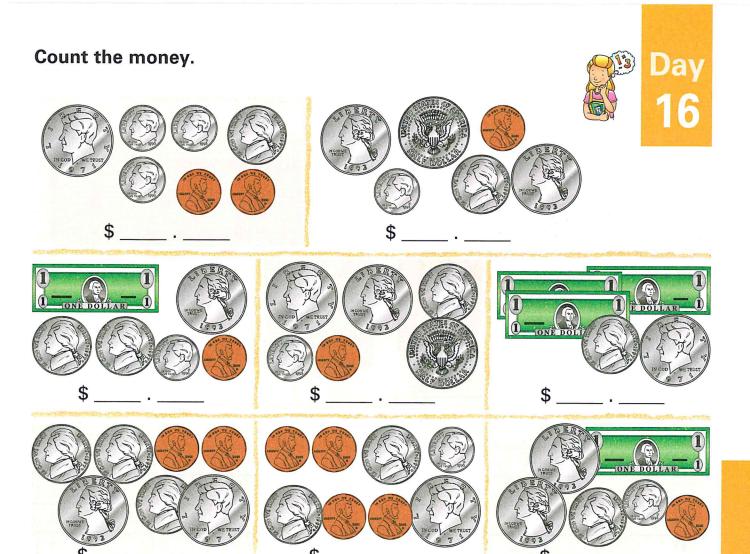
Write the titles of these books correctly. <u>Remember</u>: the first, last, and all important words need to begin with a capital letter. Write in cursive.



1.	nate the great
	katy and the big snow
3.	claude the dog
	emma's dragon hunt
5.	the legend of the bluebonnet
6.	the seashore story
7.	soup for the king
	the storm book

#### Finish writing this story.

The group of hikers did not know how long it had been since anyone had seen Don. "I know he was here just a little while ago," said Fred. Fred had said that two hours ago. There were already search parties out looking for Don.  "Don is a good hiker and should be able to find his years down the properties" his father was
find his way down the mountain," his father was saying. "But maybe he has been hurt," replied Don's friend, Craig.
Try making a comparison with nature or something else.
EXAMPLE: The first daπodils were as yellow as <u>Cerrovro</u> .
EXAMPLE: The first daffodils were as yellow as <u>lemons</u> .  1. The piano keys were as white as
1. The piano keys were as white as
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> <li>That house was as tall as a steep</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> <li>That house was as tall as a steep</li> <li>The balloons reminded me of a bunch of</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> <li>That house was as tall as a steep</li> <li>The balloons reminded me of a bunch of</li> <li>The mud between my toes was as brown as</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> <li>That house was as tall as a steep</li> <li>The balloons reminded me of a bunch of</li> <li>The mud between my toes was as brown as</li> <li>The sunset was as red and orange as</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>The piano keys were as white as</li> <li>That horse is as black as a dark</li> <li>The fireworks were as bright as the</li> <li>Her eyes were as green as the</li> <li>That house was as tall as a steep</li> <li>The balloons reminded me of a bunch of</li> <li>The mud between my toes was as brown as</li> <li>The sunset was as red and orange as</li> <li>The rings on her fingers sparkled like</li> </ol>



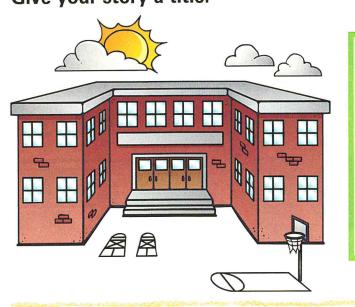
The <u>main idea</u> tells what a story is all about. Usually, one sentence tells the main idea. Find the sentence in the story that tells the main idea and underline it.



- 1. Penny Puppy eats strange snacks. She likes to chew on old socks, making holes in them. She eats pussy willows and catnip leaves. Her favorite snack is bug bars. However, whenever you see Penny Puppy, she will always have a snack bone necklace around her neck.
- 2. Oliver Owl tries to teach Ollie Owl how to fly, but Ollie has a difficult time learning. Oliver tells Ollie to perch on the highest branch of the tallest tree. "Then jump and flap your little wings as hard as you can!" he says. Ollie tries but just somersaults all the way down. Oliver just barely catches Ollie on the last branch. Oliver decides he was not meant to teach little owls how to fly!

Write a story about the picture. Be sure to use capital letters and periods where needed. Give your story a title.

Ball lightning is tricky—it can float right through glass or smash the glass to smithereens!



Things to think about:

Who is the story about?

Where does the story take place?

How does this story begin?

What happens next?

How will this story end?

Use the information given on meters and kilometers to help you solve the problems.



Day **17** 

Choose a unit so the answers seem reasonable.

- **1**. Randy is 150 \_\_\_\_\_ tall.
- 2. Jane's room is 5 \_\_\_\_ wide.
- 3. Whitney's hand is 14 \_\_\_\_\_ long and 5 \_\_\_\_ wide.
- **4.** The distance from Florida to Texas is 1,150 \_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** The flagpole at the post office is 46 \_\_\_\_\_ tall.

- 6. I can touch the wall
  - 163 \_\_\_\_\_ high.
- 7. Mr. Hobbs drove his car84 \_\_\_\_\_ the first hour.
- 8. Joyce's room is about6 \_\_\_\_\_ wide.
- Jack and Jill walked approximately 3 \_\_\_\_\_ in 30 minutes.

Writers sometimes use words that stand for other words. They call them <u>word referents</u>. Read each sentence. Circle the word that the underlined word stands for.



EXAMPLE:

- 1. Betty has a computer She keeps it on her desk.
- 2. Dora said, "I have to go home now to visit my grandmother."
- 3. Bill asked Juan if he was going to play baseball this year.
- 4. Jack and Jean both collect seashells. Sometimes they trade with one another.
- 5. Rachel plays the violin, and sometimes she sings, too.
- 6. When the big, gray dog saw the cat, it barked and growled.
- 7. Our school bus is always crowded, and it is usually very noisy, too.
- 8. Mom might let us go sledding today. We might get her to drive us to the hill at the park.

#### Read the story and answer the questions.

Denise has a dog named Pocket. Pocket hates to take a bath. Whenever he hears water running, Pocket runs outside and hides in the playhouse. Last week, Denise decided Pocket had to have a bath. Denise took a round tub out on the lawn and started to fill it with warm water. When the tub was ready, Denise called her dog. "Come here, Pocket. It's time for your bath."



- 1. Do you think Pocket will come to Denise? Why or why not?
- 2. Where do you think Denise will find Pocket? Why?
- 3. What would you do if you had a dog like Pocket?

#### Read the paragraph and answer the questions.

The children were playing baseball in the empty lot. Peggy was at bat. She swung hard and hit the ball farther than anyone else had. The ball sailed across the lot and smashed through Mrs. Allen's window. Peggy knew Mrs. Allen would be really angry. The other kids scattered, running for home. Peggy looked at the broken window.

- 1. What do you think Peggy will do?
- 2. Which clues helped you to decide?

## Find the missing factors. One factor and the product are given to you.



лау 18

$$_{---}$$
 x 6 = 30

4. 
$$1 \times = 9$$

$$4 x = 28$$

$$_{---}$$
 x 7 = 49

6. 
$$x 2 = 4$$

7. 
$$5 \times = 45$$

$$6 x = 60$$

## The words in each row go together in some way. Write two more words to go with them.



#### EXAMPLE:

1. robin, owl, pigeon

2. peaches, apples, pears

- <u>guail</u>
- \_pheasant

- 3. spoon, bowl, cup
- 4. lake, pond, river
- 4. Take, pond, river
- 5. branch, sticks, wood
- 6. lemonade, water, milk
- 7. dollar, dime, penny
- 8. carrot, celery, pears
- 9. dress, shoes, skirt
- 10. tennis, golf, racquetball

# Fill in the blanks using these words: <u>plant</u>, <u>heat</u>, <u>sunlight</u>, <u>plants</u>, <u>Earth</u>, <u>sunlight</u>, <u>oxygen</u>. Then answer the questions below.

FACTOID

Glass isn't actually a solid—it's a liquid that moves very, very, very slowly.

Sunlight is very	important to our planet, _	It
provides us with	n food, oxygen, and	Most of our
food comes fron	n life	also give off
the	we breathe. Without	, plants
would die, and v	we would not have food o	r air. The
also heats the ea	arth. Without it, we would	freeze to death.

1. What is the topic? 2. What is the main idea?

a. food

a. Sunlight is important to the earth.

b. sunlight

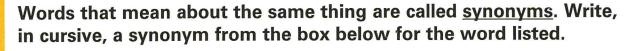
b. Sunlight heats plants.

c. oxygen

c. People would freeze without sunlight.

d. plants

d. Sunlight hurts your eyes.





EX∵easy	simple	shout	change
also		jacket	home
gift		car	complete
close		gem	join
shy		penny	mistake
wet		rug	argument
rich	•	couch	scared

<del>simple</del>	yell	present	house	shut	afraid
finish	jewel	sofa	error	automobile	moist
too		wealthy		connect	dispute

#### Mixed Skill Practice.











Pretend you were walking in a park last night and saw a spaceship land. Write a paragraph about it. How did it look? How did it make you feel? Did anyone else see it? Did you see or speak to anyone or anything?



#### Divide the shapes according to the fraction asked for.

#### EXAMPLE:





2. fourths



3. fifths



4. eighths



5. halves



6. tenths



7. sixths



8. ninths



9. sevenths



10. Start with a paper strip \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Fold it once. Fold it again. Fold it once more. Before you unfold it, think to yourself, "How do the folds divide the paper, and how many equal parts do I have?" Now check to see if you are right.

#### Write the words under the correct word category.

buttermilk
airplane
snowstorm
selection
replanted
overweight
sleepless
peaceful
happiness
football
daylight

unpacked

Compound words	Words with prefixes or suffixes

#### Read the story carefully. Watch for word meanings.



田田

Day **20** 



Matt lives in a large city with his grandparents. The building that he and his grandparents live in is very tall and has different sets of rooms for each family that lives there. This building is called an apartment. In this neighborhood, all of the buildings are fairly tall and close together.

People do not have to go far to get things in this urban area. Matt's cousin, Damon, lives in a small, rural, country community. He has a large backyard to

play in instead of a park like Matt. There is a lot of space between the houses where Damon lives. Both Matt's and Damon's neighborhoods have schools, hospitals, stores, and other places people need.

#### Write down a meaning for each of the following words:

1.	community
2.	apartment
3.	rural area
Wr	ite a short paragraph about your home and community.
2	
5	
P	
7	

#### It's Time Again!

1. Write the times.



What a bird brain! An ostrich's eye is bigger than its brain.

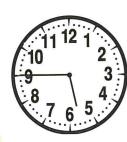








2. Look at the clock below and answer the questions.



What time does the clock show?

What time would it have been 15 minutes earlier?

What time will it be in half an hour?

Can you think of a way to write the time other than the way you wrote it before?

What time would it show if you switched the hands? \_\_\_\_\_



Find the correctly spelled word. Circle it; then write it in the blank to complete the sentence.

1.	Astronauts are	while	they are out in spa	ace.
	waitless	weightless	waghtless	wateless
2.	The thotful	children picked u	ip litter along the s thoughtful	streets. thowghtful
3.	Theneighborly	woman invited t	he new family for naborly	dinner.  knaborly
4.	We need to ren	nember to keep c	our doctor's	

apowntment

5. Make some \_\_\_\_\_ of this, please.

copies

coppies

apointment

copyes

copeis

appointment

## Jet



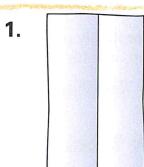
This is one of those planes that your mother always warned you to be careful with because it could poke someone's eye out. Find a large, open area and throw it as hard as you can.

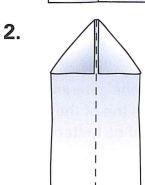
#### Stuff You Needs

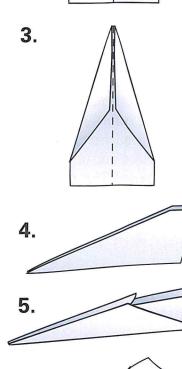
paper (8 ½" x 11")

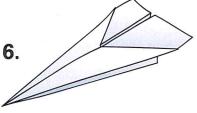
#### Here's What to Dos

- 1. Fold the paper in half vertically, and then unfold it.
- 2. Grab one top corner and fold it down to the middle fold. Do the same thing for the other side. You should now have something that looks like the outline of a house.
- **3.** Grab the new edges and fold them over into the middle one more time. You now have a very steep A-frame house.
- **4.** Fold the airplane in half so that the folds are in the inside.
- 5. The last fold is for the wings. Fold each side of the airplane down, starting from the tip and folding so that the edge of the wing matches up perfectly with the bottom of the plane. If you want to make the plane even stronger, tape the wings together.
- **6.** Your completed airplane should look like the illustration. Now all you have to do is take your airplane outside and let it soar!









#### Instant Rock



You probably pick up rocks every now and then without thinking about how it takes a very long time for them to form. To start learning about rocks, make a few of your own!

Stuff You Needs

plastic bowl

milk carton (1-pint)

water

sand white glue

#### Here's What to Do:

- Mix one part water and two parts white glue in a plastic bowl.
   Stir the goop well.
- 2. Clean an empty milk carton. Fill it with sand. Leave about half an inch of space at the top.
- 3. Pour the glue-and-water mixture into the carton until it comes just to the top of the sand. Let it harden for one full day. (Two days would be better if you live in a humid climate.)
- **4.** After the mixture has hardened, peel the carton away from the sand. You can use your newly formed rock as a paper weight or garden ornament.



#### What's This All About?

Some kinds of rocks form over long periods of time. Wind and water leave sand, silt, and dead plant and animal matter in layers. The dead things turn to fossils if they are buried quickly enough. As time passes, the layers get deeper and deeper. As you can imagine, the weight of all of this muck smooshes the sand at the bottom. It is held together like cement to make a sedimentary rock, or rock made of sediment (smooshed silt and sand). The different colors in the rock are caused by different kinds of minerals and ores. Red is usually iron, blue is copper, black is manganese, and so on.

#### More Fun Ideas to Trys

- 1. You may want to make "rocks" using other things besides glue. Try adding water to flour, cornstarch, sugar, and baking soda. Once you have done that, try using different materials in place of the sand. Try to break some of your rocks. Which materials make the hardest rock?
- 2. Sedimentary rocks abound in formations throughout the United States. A trip to a local museum of natural history may be in order. Or, if there is a rock shop in the area, go and view its collection.
- 3. For the ultimate in sedimentary rock formations, study or visit the Grand Circle in Utah Arizona, New Mexico, and Colorado.





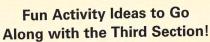


My parents and I decided that if I complete
15 days of **Summer Bridge Activities**™ and
read \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a day, my incentive/reward will be:

hild's Sign	ature			Parent's Si	ignature_		and the second s
Day 1	$\Diamond$			Day 9	$\Diamond$		
Day 2	$\Rightarrow$			Day 10	$\triangle$		
Day 3	$\Diamond$			Day 11	$\langle \rangle$		
Day 4	$\Rightarrow$			Day 12			
Day 5	$\Diamond$				^		
Day 6	$\Diamond$			Day 13	V		
Day 7	$\Rightarrow$			Day 14	$\Rightarrow$		
Day 8	$\Rightarrow$			Day 15	$\Diamond$		
		Color the	for	daily activi	ities com	pleted.	
		lor the 🌉 Initial the		ily reading en all activi	•		

# Discover Something New







Put on a play using old clothes as costumes.



Make a game of practicing times tables.



Use a block of ice to cool off and slide down a grassy hill.



Make snow cones with crushed ice and Kool-Aid.



Surprise an elderly neighbor by weeding his/her garden.



Create a family symphony with bottles, pans, and rubber bands.



Write a letter to a relative.



Browse for school clothes. Calculate the money needed for purchases.



Go to the woods or lake for an early morning "bird watch."



Finger-paint—outside.



Lie on the grass and pick designs out of the clouds.



Read some library books about birds.



Make some 3-D art using feathers, twigs, etc.



Paint the sidewalk with water.

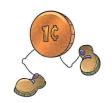


Collect sticks and mud—then build a bird's nest.



#### Counting Change.











Spent	Gave clerk	How much change?
EXAMPLE: \$1.35	\$1.50	\$.15
\$2.50	\$5.00	
\$.95	\$1.00	
\$1.80	\$2.00	
\$6.42	\$10.00	

Spent	Gave clerk	How much change?
\$9.35	\$20.00	Throv.
\$5.55	\$6.00	- 8 KI
\$13.95	\$20.00	
\$85.00	\$100.00	- 01037
\$100.60	\$105.00	- X.O.

Have you seen a parade this summer? If so, write about it. If not, make up a story about a circus parade. Give it a title. Write in cursive.





#### Look at the first word in each row; then find the words in the row that have the same vowel sound. Circle them.

(Hint: They do not need to have the same vowels.)

How far can you stick your tongue
out? Giraffes can stick their tongues
out far enough to lick their eyes.

1.	noise —	joy	choose	choice	boy	mower	voice
2.	wrote -	frog	both	coat	know	bought	grow
3.	book –	choose	look	foot	spoon	tooth	hook
4.	there —	bear	hair	share	near	bread	spare
5.	large —	star	yard	scare	mark	guard	far
6.	proud —	slow	crowd	now	ouch	shout	round
7.	taste —	eight	white	wait	height	paint	ate
8.	work –	world	store	short	word	stork	fourth

The "stressed" syllable is said with a little more force than the others. Circle the stressed syllable in each of the following words. Use a dictionary if you need help. In a dictionary, the stressed syllable is preceded or followed by an accent mark (').

- 1. es cape es cape
- doc tor 3.
- 5. mes sen ger
- gar den 7.
- **9**. un til
- re sult 11.
- li ons 13.
- 15. es ca la tor
- 17. char ac ter

- de tec tive
- com plete
- mead ow
- man age
- sur prise 10.
- 12. con tain er
- daugh ter 14.
- 16. fac to ry
- 18. at ten tion

Dictionary

#### Multiplication and division facts are related.



 $6 \times 3 = 18$ 

$$3 \times 6 = 18$$

$$18 \div 6 = 3$$

$$18 \div 3 = 6$$

Use what you know to write the related facts for each problem.

Make up one of your own.

#### Find the probability.



Penny has 11 pencils in her pencil box. Two pencils are orange, 3 pencils are blue, 5 pencils are yellow, and 1 pencil is green.

- will pull out an orange pencil? 2 out of 11, or  $\frac{2}{11}$
- 1. What is the probability that Penny 2. What is the probability that Penny will pull out a black pencil?
- 3. What is the probability that Penny 4. What is the probability that Penny will pull out a green pencil?
  - will pull out a yellow pencil?
- 5. What is the probability that Penny 6. What color pencil is Penny most will pull out a blue pencil?
  - likely to pull out of her pencil box?

### Choose the correct meaning for each word.

stick choice	<ol> <li>the very middle</li> <li>upward movement</li> </ol>	mucus (like spit Now write yo meaning for the
nickel	3. to catch and hold	1. shine
neat	<b>4.</b> thin piece of wood	
pretend	<b>5.</b> use foolishly	<b>2</b> . dream
waste	6. floor covering	
center	7. right to choose	- 1155
trap	8. a coin	3 different
spring	<b>9.</b> small break	
crack	<b>10.</b> large bird	4. bored
quiet	<b>11.</b> make-believe	
stork	<b>12.</b> people who live near	5. weird
neighbors	13. good order	<b>/</b>
rug	14. very little noise	
	sentences in the correct order	
		Draw the st
·	d an old tuna can.	
	the strange animal she trip to the moon.	
She wash	ed the tuna can in the creek.	(A)
	al said it would send her to if she gave it a pair of pinkes.	
A strange	animal appeared and told	

#### FACTOID

Parrotfish protect themselves by making a see-through bag of t) to sleep in.

our own ese words:

1. shine	
2. dream	
3 different	
4. bored	-
<b>5.</b> weird	-
	-



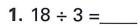
#### trange animal.

her she could have a wish.

them to the strange animal.

Joan got the rollerblades and gave

#### Division: There are two ways of writing it.





**2.** 24 ÷ 4 =\_\_\_\_



**4.** 21 ÷ 3 =\_\_\_\_

**6.** 
$$32 \div 8 =$$

**10.** 42 ÷ 7 =

Some verbs show present tense, some show past tense, and some need a helping verb. Examples: go, give, take = present; did, went, ran = past; done and gone need helpers. Underline the verb and then write if it is present, past, or has a helper.



#### EXAMPLE:

1. Mom was in a good mood.

- \_\_\_past
- 2. I broke my mother's favorite vase yesterday.

3. Mr. Peep has given that talk many times.

4. I run down the hill every day.

- \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Her mom can take us to the ball game.
- \_\_\_\_

6. Jane did the dishes by herself.

- **7.** You have gone to this school for five years.

**8.** Please give me the money now.

#### Batter Up, Batter Up.



#### FACTOID

Did you know that the dot on top of the letter "i" has a name? It's called a tittle.

J. J. stepped up to the plate and waited for the pitcher to throw the ball. The pitcher pitched the ball too high, but J. J. swung at it anyway. The next ball was pitched right down the center. It was so fast, J. J. missed it completely. It was not his day. The other team's fans hooted when the pitcher struck him out. He felt bad. His feelings were hurt because some people laughed at him. He also felt he had let his teammates down. He was not a quitter, though.

Write down what you think happened or should happen next with J. J. and his team.



Read the words in each group. List what you think comes first, second, and third.



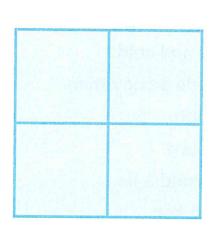
- \_\_\_\_ time school's out
  \_\_\_\_ summertime is the
  \_\_\_ and vacations begin
  - \_\_\_\_ for Father's Day \_\_\_\_ and sunshine June is the time
- \_\_\_ Little Lost River \_\_\_ my family always \_\_\_ goes fishing on

- \_\_\_ and get tan in the sun \_\_\_ the sprinklers \_\_\_ let's run through
- \_\_\_\_ Independence Day is \_\_\_\_ always, always on the \_\_\_\_ fourth of July
- \_\_\_\_ ice cream are summer foods \_\_\_\_ baked beans, and \_\_\_\_ hot dogs, potato chips,

Area is the space inside a figure. It is measured in square units. You can find the area by adding the number of squares in the figure. Look at the following figures and find the area of each.

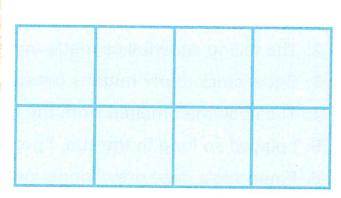


1.



area = \_\_\_\_square units

2.



area = \_\_\_\_square units

Do you remember the parts of a friendly letter?



Label the parts of this letter:

Closing

Greeting

Signature

Heading

1921 King Street
Boise, Idaho
August 2, 2006

Dear Sara,

I am having a great time at camp. I swim every day and hike a lot, too. Yesterday, our group hiked five miles.

I hope you are feeling better.

Your friend,

Bugs

#### Cause and Effect. Read the sentences; then circle the effect, the part that tells what happened. Underline the cause, the part that tells over their fur!

why it happened.

Sloths move so slowly that green algae can grow undisturbed all



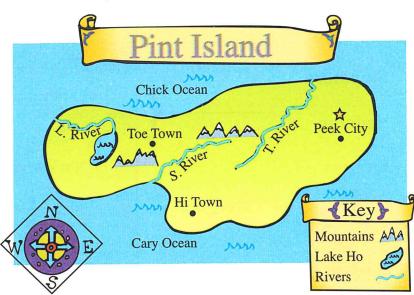
## EXAMPLE: The sky became cloudy, (and then it started to snow.)

- 1. The cold weather caused frost to cover the windows.
- 2. The falling snowflakes made my cheeks wet and cold.
- 3. Snow stuck to my mittens because I had made a snowman.
- 4. The snowman melted from the heat of the sun.
- 5. I played so long in the sun, I got a bad sunburn.
- 6. Pinnochio's nose grew longer every time he told a lie.
- 7. Snow White woke up when the prince kissed her.
- 8. The lady went to the well to get a bucket of water.
- 9. Our big oak tree was blown down by a strong wind.
- 10. Miss Mouse got very fat because she ate so much cheese.

### Pretend this island is out in the ocean. Answer the questions about it.



- 1. Which river runs into Lake Ho? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Which ocean is south of the island?\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. How many mountain ranges are there?\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Which river is the longest?
- 5. What ocean is north of Pint Island? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. What is the name of the capital city? \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. What direction is Hi Town from Toe Town?\_\_\_\_



#### Division.







$$25 \div 5 = ____$$

# Circle the pronouns in the sentences. Remember: A pronoun takes the place of a noun. There can be more than one in some sentences.



- 1. I told her about Val's horse.
- 2. This piece of cake is for him.
- 3. Liz invited Joe and me to the party.
- 4. The table is all set for us.
- 5. We are too late to see the first show.
- 6. They will be happy to come with us.
- 7. Ray caught two bugs, and later he freed them.
- 8. This pie is for you and me to eat for dessert.
- 9. Lisa had a hard time doing the test, but it is over now.
- 10. Clams and turtles have shells. They are protected by them.
- 11. He is Jan's best friend.
- 12. They have been best friends for a long time.

## Unscramble the words and write them correctly to complete the sentences.

#### FACTOID

Sneezes can travel out of your mouth at speeds over 100 m.p.h! Now that's speedy!

1.	Pillows are to soft as boards are to	rdha
2.	Oranges are to juicy as crackers are to	dy
3.	Braces are to teeth as glasses are to	esey
4.	Bells are to ring as cars are to	nkho
<b>5</b> .	Hear is to ears as touch is to	. serinfg
6.	Shout is to noise as whisper is to	uetqi
<b>7</b> .	Star is to pointed as circle is to	dunor
8.	Scaly is to fish as furry is to	ttnike
9.	Ant is to crawl as frog is to	pael
0.	Elephant is to large as mouse is to	malsl
1.	Paint is to brush as draw is to	cienlp
2	Buckle is to belt as tie is to	laceheos

### Think of a story to fit the pictures. Write in the words.









#### Adding more than two addends.

+ 21

+ 71

+ 19



Day

+ 46

+ 42

17

Read the following words. Write down how many vowels are in each word, how many vowel sounds you hear, and how many syllables there are.



EXAMPLE:

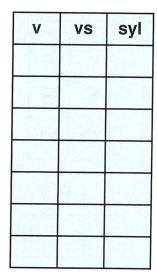
afraid

Number of vowels

Number of vowel sounds

Number of syllables

- 1. afternoon
- 2. formula
- 3. separated
- 4. fantastic
- 5. memories
- 6. experience
- 7. successful



- 8. education
- 9. problem
- 10. migrate
- 11. submarine
- 12. belated
- 13. advertising
- 14. characteristic

V	VS	syl

# Write your own ending for each sentence. Try to use more than two or three words. Write in cursive.



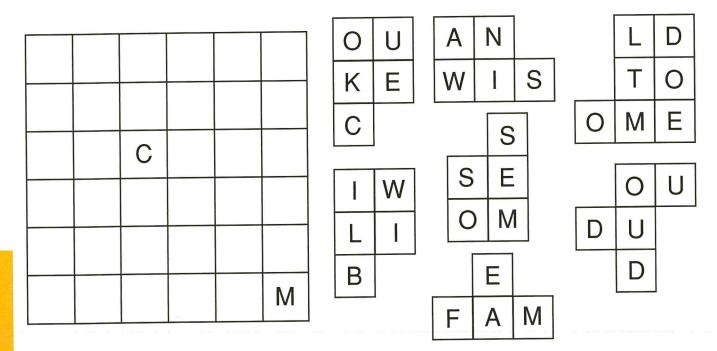
# How long is a "jiffy," anyway? Actually, it's 1/100th of a second!

1. I like the flavor of	٠
2. My parents disapproved when I	
3. I once read a story about a boy who became  a knight because he	
4. The rodeo started with	
5. Richard swam over to the dock to	
6. The kite drifted away	
7. The baby crawled across	
8. The long winter was beginning	
9. Lance won a prize for	
10. Do you like to play	?

Can you put these puzzle pieces together and read the message? Don't cut them out. If you need more help, trace the pieces and practice on a sheet of scratch paper. The  $\underline{\mathbf{c}}$  and the  $\underline{\mathbf{m}}$  are already there to help you.







### Find the products.





#### EXAMPLE:

42

x 8

67

x 5

66 x 3

35 x 6 23

x 3

23 <u>x</u> 9

29 x 4 25

x 9

44

x 6

94

x 2

35

8 x

25 <u>x 4</u>

21 x 6

75 x 4

68 x 3

41 x 7

63 x 2



A pronoun showing ownership is a possessive pronoun, such as...



your

his

hers their

its

my

our

Write six sentences in cursive. Use a possessive pronoun in each one of them.

#### What does the underlined phrase really mean? The lungfish can live out of the water Circle your answer.

for about four years—but it tries to stay in the water when it can.



- a. Real cats and dogs were falling out of the sky.
- b. It was raining very hard.
- c. It wasn't raining at all.
- The night was black as coal.
  - a. The night was very dark.
  - b. The sky was light.
  - c. The night was turning into day.
- 3. I was so thirsty I felt like I could spit cotton.
  - a. My mouth was very dry.
  - b. I had cotton in my mouth.
  - c. I did not need a drink.



- a. There were diamonds in the snow.
- b. The snow was dirty and dull.
- c. The snow was clean and shiny.
- 5. Time flies when we are having fun.
  - a. Time goes quickly.
  - b. Time has wings and flies like a bird.
  - c. Time goes slowly.
- 6. The train roared like a lion as it went through the mountain pass.
  - a. The train was quiet.
  - b. The train has a voice.
  - c. The train was loud and fast.
- 7. My sister is as gentle as a lamb with sick people.
  - a. My sister is soft.
  - b. My sister doesn't like sick people.
  - c. My sister is kind to sick people.



#### Find the quotients and the remainders.



# Day 8

#### EXAMPLE:

#### Cursive writing review. School starts soon, so remember to...



- 1. Make each letter smooth and clear.
- 2. Space letters evenly.
- 3. Make each letter the correct shape and size.
- 4. Make each letter touch the line correctly.
- 5. Make your letters slant in the same direction.

#### Copy the following statement, or do one of your own!

I love to practice writing in cursive. It makes me feel very grown-up!

Get a dictionary. Look up the following words and write the special spelling for each word in the blank provided. Put in all the markings.

#### FACTOID

People once believed that the vein in the left ring finger (the wedding ring finger) went directly to the heart.

EXAMPLE:

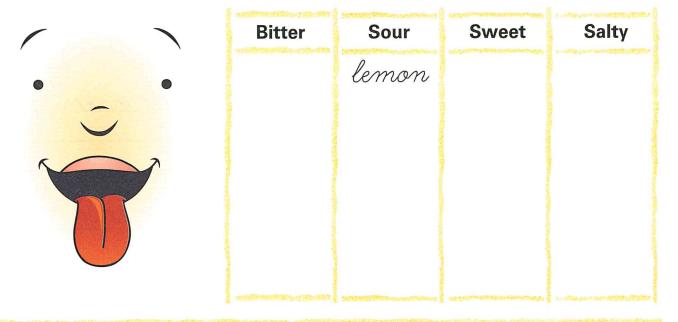
magnolia mag nol' yə

Remember: The special spelling tells you how to say a word correctly, how many syllables there are, where they are divided, and which syllable is stressed.

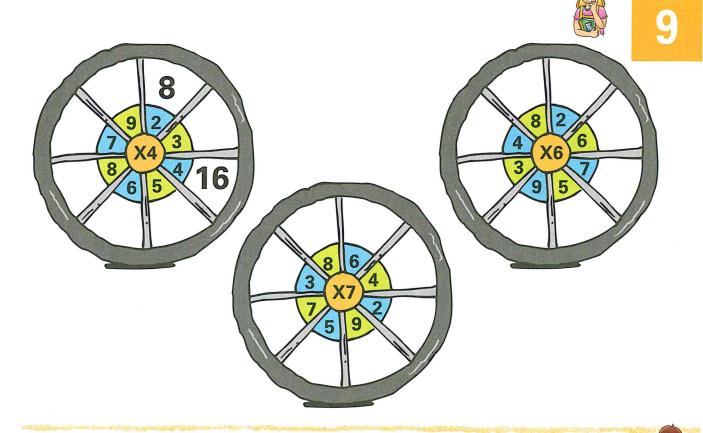
1. porcupine	<b>2.</b> cupboard	_
3. electromagnet	<b>4.</b> chisel	_
<b>5.</b> elate	<b>6.</b> testify	_
<b>7.</b> gravity	8. nitrate	er
Choose three words from a	bove and write their meanings.	
<b>1.</b> word	e meaning	>
<b>2.</b> word	meaning	
<b>3.</b> word	meaning	_

We taste things because of our tongue and nose. The smell helps our tongue taste things. Ask your parents if you can taste some foods you have in your house. Tell whether they are bitter, sour, sweet, or salty. Write the name of the food you tasted under the correct heading.

#### EXAMPLE:



#### Complete the times table wheels.





blossoms	immediately	wreckage	incorrect
misspelled	inspector	retrace	reappear
exporting	invention	exhausted	messages

#### Underline the prefix in each word.

unusual	microphone	submarine	disappoint
displeased	invisible	extend	misplace
defrost	encircle	recover	enlarge

#### Underline the suffix in each word.

happiness	silently	tiniest	potatoes
hesitated	pleasantly	hasty	scarcely
mouthful	careless	graceful	spelling

## Read each sentence. Put an $\underline{F}$ in the blank if the sentence is a fact. Write an $\underline{O}$ if it is an opinion. The first one has been done for you.



#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. Christmas is always on the 25th of December.
- 2. Springtime is everyone's favorite time of year.
- 3. Birthdays are always a fun day for everyone.
- 4. Daylight and nighttime depend on the sun.
- 5. Dogs are said to be a man's best friend.
- **6.** A spaceship travels faster than any airplane.
- 7. Lava rock was once a hot liquid.
- 8. Eating too much candy is hard on your teeth.
- 9. Most children like hot dogs and ice cream.
- 10. Reading is one of the most important things in our lives.

Making Comparisons. Cut an apple in half, draw a picture of it, and label the parts. Draw a picture of the earth. Pretend that you cut a section out. Label its parts.



**Apple** 



- 1. How is the apple similar to the inside of the earth?
- 2. How is the apple different from the inside of the earth?

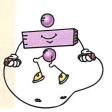
#### Match the division and multiplication problems that are related.

# Day 10

#### EXAMPLE:

12 ÷ 4	5 x 5	38 ÷ 2	13 x 5
16 ÷ 8	3 x 4	63 ÷ 3	22 x 4
15 ÷ 5	9 x 4	50 ÷ 2	19 x 2
24 ÷ 6	6 x 4	84 ÷ 3	21 x 3
36 ÷ 9	9 x 5	56 ÷ 4	43 x 2
45 ÷ 5	3 x 5	86 ÷ 2	25 x 2
28 ÷ 7	7 x 4	88 ÷ 4	43 x 2
20 ÷ 4	2 x 8	65 ÷ 5	14 x 4
64 ÷ 8	5 x 4	80 ÷ 5	28 x 3
25 ÷ 5	8 x 8	72 ÷ 4	16 x 5
81 ÷ 9	8 x 9	51 ÷ 3	17 x 3
72 ÷ 9	9 x 9	86 ÷ 2	18 x 4





Look at the first word in each row. Circle the other words in the row that have the same vowel sound. Write a word of your own to go with the others with the same vowel sound.



1. tea	m —	treat	chief	earth	sheep	-
<b>2.</b> toa	st —	bowl	cow	both	though	
<b>3.</b> gro	up —	truth	jump	cool	troop	
<b>4.</b> roll	_	boat	stole	pool	told	
<b>5.</b> sco	ор —	droop	juice	soup	cook	
yav	vn —	jaws	chose	salt	lawn	
twic	ce —	died	buy	since	price	
hir	d –	church	torn	earth	fern	

## Can you put the words in these mixed-up sentences in order to make sense?

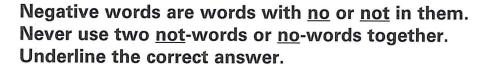
#### FACTOID

People have actually seen creatures such as frogs, worms, and jellyfish fall to the ground during rainstorms.

1. flowers knows Jenniter to plant now	
2. night could rainbows there at be	
3. sky the into hot balloon up went air the	
4. nobody new name knows the person's	
Answer the questions about the underlined word in each sentence. Use a dictionary if you need one.	
<ul><li>1. He is a skillful artist.</li><li>a. What is the suffix in the word?</li><li>b. How would you divide the word into syllables?</li><li>c. What is the base word?</li></ul>	
<ul><li>2. A <u>harquebus</u> is an early type of firearm.</li><li>a. How many syllables does the word have?</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>b. Is it a compound word?</li> <li>c. What is the vowel sound in the last syllable?</li> <li>3. I was <u>heartbroken</u> when my puppy was run over by a car.</li> </ul>	
a. What are the two words in this compound word? and	
<ul><li>b. How many syllables does it have?</li><li>c. What is the base word for broken?</li></ul>	
4. You acted in a <u>disorderly</u> manner.	
a. What does this word mean?	
b. Write it the special spelling way.	
c. What is the prefix in this word?  d. What is the suffix?	1
u. VVIIat is the sums:	

#### Estimate. Circle the answer you think is best.

- 1. A bathtub would hold (10 quarts or 10 gallons) of water.
- 2. A flower vase would hold (1 pint or 1 gallon) of water.
- 3. A fishbowl would hold (3 quarts or 3 cups) of water.
- 4. A big glass would hold (1 pint or 1 quart) of milk.
- 5. A bicycle would weigh (20 ounces or 20 pounds).
- **6.** An orange would weigh (7 ounces or 7 pounds).
- 7. A new pencil would weigh (1 ounce or 1 pound).
- 8. A cob of corn would be (11 inches or 11 yards) long.
- 9. A new pencil would be (7 inches or 7 yards) long.
- 10. A person could read a 1,500-page book in (16 minutes or 16 hours).





Don't be no litter bug.

wrong

Don't be a litter bug.

right

- 1. There aren't (no, any) letters for you today.
- 2. I don't (ever, never) get to go camping.
- 3. Most snakes don't hurt (anybody, nobody).
- 4. Rob bumped his head; he doesn't remember (nothing, anything).
- 5. I (haven't, have) never flown in a jet.
- 5. I don't have (no, any) work left to do.
- 7. There is never (anything, nothing) fun to do on Saturday.
  - Can't (nobody, anybody) fix this step?







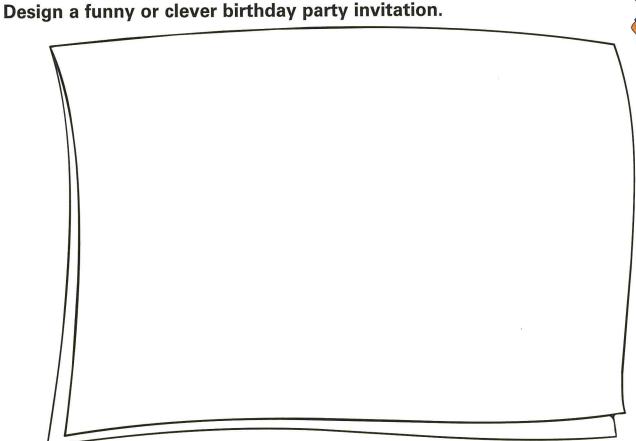


#### Read this story and answer the questions by drawing your own conclusions.



Julie Ann and Clint closed their eyes to shut out the sun's glare. As they lay on the ground, the hot July sun felt good. They could hear the wind blowing ever so softly through the pine trees, making a kind of whispering, murmuring sound. They could hear the creek nearby making soothing, babbling sounds. They could even hear the distant screech of a hawk flying high in the sky overhead.

1.	Where do you think they are?
2.	What season of the year is it?
3.	What other creatures do you think could be there?
4.	What would you like to do if you were there?



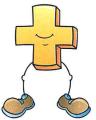
#### Find the sums.



+ 2,629



+ 695



## An <u>adjective</u> is a word that describes a noun. Fill in the blanks with adjectives.



#### EXAMPLE:

- 1. The bathroom is <u>red</u>.
- 2. A \_\_\_\_\_ family moved in next door yesterday.
- 3. The bear has \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_ fur.
- 4. The \_\_\_\_\_ birds woke me up this morning.
- 5. Her \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ balloon floated away.

## Some adjectives tell which one. Use <u>this</u> and <u>that</u> with singular nouns, <u>these</u> and <u>those</u> with plural nouns.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ kittens are making too much noise.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ book is too long for me to read.
- 3. Is \_\_\_\_\_ one the hat Mom wanted?
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ planet is very far away.
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ ducks didn't come back to the pond this year.

#### Read the paragraph and answer the questions below.



Ann and her brother took swimming lessons this summer. Because they lived in the country, they had to take a bus to the pool. It took a half hour to get there. Their lessons were two hours long, and then they had to ride the bus home. Even though it took a lot of time, they enjoyed it very much, and by the end of the summer, they both knew how to swim well.

#### Circle the letter of the best summary for this paragraph.

- a. Ann and her brother took swimming lessons this summer.
- **b.** Ann and her brother rode a bus to the pool to take swimming lessons this summer. They enjoyed it and both learned how to swim.

#### Answer these questions.

- 1. Should a summary be longer or shorter than the original paragraph?
- 2. What information should be in the summary?

It is almost time for school to start. You are going shopping for new school clothes. Draw and color some of the clothes and things you would like for school this year.



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#### Solve these problems.

- 1. Don was picking apples. He put 36 apples in each box. How many apples did he put in 9 boxes?
- 3. Ted has saved \$9.00 toward buying a new ball. He will get \$3.00 today from his father. How much more will he need to buy the \$19.95 ball?
- 5. Lou needs 5 dozen eggs for a picnic. How many eggs does he need?

- 2. Miss Brown has 25 children in her class. She wants to make 5 equal teams for a relay race. How many children will be on each team?
- 4. Judy saved 867 pennies in May, 942 in July, and 716 in June. How many pennies did she save in these three months? \_\_\_\_ How many more pennies did she save in July than June?
- 6. Fred got a pie for his birthday. He ate 1/2 of the pie that day. He ate 1/4 of it the next day. How much did he have left?

Use the before singular and plural nouns. Use a or an before singular nouns only. Use a before words beginning with consonant sounds. Use an before words beginning with vowel sounds.



#### Fill in the blanks. Use a, the, or an.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ orange rolled out of my sock.
- **2.** That spider is useful creature.
- **3**. ice fell off the roof.
- 4. I love to watch \_\_\_\_\_ parrots when I go to \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Have you ever seen \_\_\_\_\_ octopus?
- **6.** My mother lost \_\_\_\_\_ earring.
- 7. My brother, Ron, can play \_\_\_\_\_ drum.
- **8.** \_\_\_\_\_ floor is covered with newspapers.





Where would you find the answers to the following questions? Write the name of the reference aid you would use on the line.

globe	dictionary	encyclopedia			
1. Where is Utah?					
How do they har	vest sugar cane in	Hawaii?			
Which syllable is	stressed in the wo	ord <u>profit</u> ?			
What kind of foo	d do people eat in	Mexico?			
Which continent	is closest to Austra	alia?			
Where is the Indi	an Ocean?				
Who was Thomas	s Edison, and what	t did he do?			
			Encycloped		
Where do you fir	nd guide words?	Tanana and Tanana			
	and word the government of the				
Choose the correct spelling for each word. Fill in the circle.					
oose the correct s	spelling for each w	ord. Fill in the circle	<b>9.</b>		
oose the correct s	spelling for each w	ord. Fill in the circle	<b>9.</b>		
	spelling for each w	ord. Fill in the circle  babies	obabby		
AMPLE:		_			
AMPLE:	○ babeys	babies	O babby		
AMPLE: ○ babys . ○ storys	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li></ul>		
AMPLE: Obabys storys Crid	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li></ul>		
AMPLE: Obabys storys crid seiling	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li><li>ceiling</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li><li>cieling</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li><li>sieling</li></ul>		
AMPLE: Obabys storys crid seiling certain	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li><li>ceiling</li><li>sertin</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li><li>cieling</li><li>cirtaen</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li><li>sieling</li><li>sertain</li></ul>		
AMPLE: Obabys storys crid seiling certain ocitty	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li><li>ceiling</li><li>sertin</li><li>citey</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li><li>cieling</li><li>cirtaen</li><li>sity</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li><li>sieling</li><li>sertain</li><li>city</li></ul>		
Dabys Dabys Storys Crid Seiling Certain Citty Matr	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li><li>ceiling</li><li>sertin</li><li>citey</li><li>matter</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li><li>cieling</li><li>cirtaen</li><li>sity</li><li>mator</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li><li>sieling</li><li>sertain</li><li>city</li><li>mater</li></ul>		
Dabys Dabys Storys Crid Seiling Certain Citty Matr Sound	<ul><li>babeys</li><li>stories</li><li>cryed</li><li>ceiling</li><li>sertin</li><li>citey</li><li>matter</li><li>soun</li></ul>	<ul><li>babies</li><li>storyes</li><li>cried</li><li>cieling</li><li>cirtaen</li><li>sity</li><li>mator</li><li>sownd</li></ul>	<ul><li>babby</li><li>storiees</li><li>kried</li><li>sieling</li><li>sertain</li><li>city</li><li>mater</li><li>sounde</li></ul>		
	Where is Utah? _ How do they har Which syllable is What kind of foo Which continent Where is the Indi Who was Thomas What does hiber Where do you fir	Where is Utah? How do they harvest sugar cane in Which syllable is stressed in the wow What kind of food do people eat in Which continent is closest to Austra Where is the Indian Ocean? Who was Thomas Edison, and what What does hibernate mean? Where do you find guide words?			

## Do these problems. Be sure to look at the signs. If you have a calculator, use it to check your answers.



Day 14

$$6 \times 1 =$$

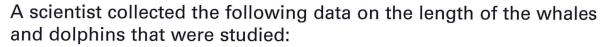
$$5 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 7 =$$

$$7 \times 6 =$$



#### Probability and Statistics.



- The range is the difference between the highest number and the lowest number in the data.
- To calculate the mean (or average) add the list of numbers, and then divide by the number of items.
- The **median** is the middle number that appears in the data.
- The **mode** is the number that appears most often in the data.
- 1. What is the range of the data?
- 2. What is the median of the data?\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What is the mode of the data? \_\_\_\_\_



#### **Pancakes**

In France, pancakes are called <u>crepes</u>. They are made with flour, eggs, and other things. They are usually rolled up with different kinds of food inside them. Most often, they are filled with fruit, such as blueberries, strawberries, and apples. In Mexico, pancakes are called <u>tortillas</u>. They are made with flour or cornmeal. The cornmeal is mixed up, and then the batter is poured onto a very hot griddle or pan. Tortillas are filled with a mixture of foods. Tortillas can also be folded to make <u>tacos</u>.

	ite a recipe for your favorite pancakes ve on them.	and describe what you like to
Us	e the probabilities below to describe w	
	certain likely more likely	less likely impossible
	enny has 11 pencils in her pencil box. To pencils are blue, 5 pencils are yellow, a	
1.	Pulling a <b>green</b> pencil from the 4.	
	box is than pulling a blue pencil from the box.	box is than pulling a blue pencil from the box.
2.	5	Penny has a new box of 12
	box is than pulling a green pencil from the box.	pencils, and 12 of the pencils are yellow. Pulling a <b>yellow</b> pencil
	green perion from the box.	from the new box is
3.	Pulling a <b>black</b> pencil from the	

box is

#### Subtract to find the differences.



Day 15

5,042	2,710	4,200	7,106	3,340	9,824
<u>-1,624</u>	<u>-1,624</u>	<u>-1,122</u>	<u>-2,410</u>	<u>-1,112</u>	<u>-1,224</u>
6,831	7,605	6,351	8,001	4,232	1,898
<u>-4,560</u>	<u>-1,282</u>	<u>–5,675</u>	<u>-2,381</u>	<u>- 624</u>	<u>– 197</u>
2,356	9,010	3,542	5,600	7,575	4,230
<u>-2,147</u>	<u>-2,167</u>	<u>-1,004</u>	<u>-2,983</u>	<u>– 58</u>	<u>-1,606</u>

## Commas in a series give meaning to a sentence. Put an $\underline{X}$ next to the correct sentence.



- 1. Five children went on a bus to the zoo.
- \_\_\_\_Jeannie, Julie Ann, John, Dennis, and Dave went together.
- \_\_\_Jeannie, Julie, Ann, John, Dennis, and Dave went together.
- **2.** There are three things to eat for lunch today.
- \_\_\_\_\_We have chicken, sandwiches, carrot sticks, and soup.
- \_\_\_\_We have chicken sandwiches, carrot sticks, and soup.
- 3. "I want to know where John is," Henry said.
- \_\_\_\_"Where is John Henry?"
- \_\_\_\_"Where is John, Henry?"
- 4. Ted can't find his four sisters.
- \_\_\_\_Mary Ellen, Sue Tanya, Rachel, and Lisa are hiding.
- \_\_\_\_Mary, Ellen, Sue, Tanya, Rachel, and Lisa are hiding.

# Read the main idea sentence and the details below. Put an $\underline{X}$ before each detail important to the main idea.



#### FACTOID

Watch out! Sharks can grow a whole new set of teeth in only a week!

#### One Saturday, Mike took his little sister, Judy, for a walk.

100		(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
4	They walked around the paths of the big housing project.	1
	There, on a weed, was a big, fat, green caterpillar.	5
	They knew they mustn't walk on the fresh, green grass of the lawns.	2
	They could hunt under the hedges along the walks for beetles, ants, and earthworms.	
K	They showed their friend, Jake, the caterpillar.	3
Lo	ook at these words and use them to fill in the blanks.	
	enough tube fantastic where woman through daughter	
1.	Which word ends with the same sound as <u>lipstick</u> ?	
2.	Which word begins the same as what?	
3.	Which word has the same vowel sound as too?	
4.	Write the spelling words that make pairs with the following words:	
	son man	
5.	Write the spelling word that ends with the same sound as off.	
6.	What word ends with the same sound as <u>chew?</u>	

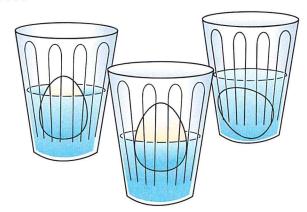
### Floating Eggs



The water in the Great Salt Lake allows you to float much more easily than regular water or even salty ocean water. How is that possible?

#### Stuff You Needs

2 2-cup drinking glasses or measuring cups 2 hard-boiled eggs salt measuring spoons water



#### Here's What to Dos

- 1. Pour 5 ounces of warm water into each cup.
- 2. Gently lower one egg into a cup. Observe what happens.
- 3. Add about 5 tablespoons of salt to the other cup and stir. Gently lower the other egg into this solution. Does it float? If it doesn't, then keep adding salt, a tablespoon at a time, stirring very gently, until the egg finally floats. How much salt did it take?
- **4.** Take the egg out of the salt solution. Keep adding salt, a tablespoon at a time, until the salt doesn't dissolve in the water anymore. How much salt did you put in before this happened?

#### Whete This All About?

When the salt dissolves in the water, its molecules split into two tiny particles. These particles are small enough to slightly nudge the water molecules aside and slide into the spaces between the larger water molecules. Since this packs more matter into the same space, the saltwater becomes more dense than freshwater.

As you add salt to the water, the water will become so dense that it will not hold any more salt. Think of it as having filled all of the spaces between the molecules so that there is nowhere else for the salt to go. If more salt is added, it just sinks to the bottom undissolved. The solution is said to be saturated.

Different liquids have different **densities**. The amount of matter packed into an area determines the density of a material. And the same amounts of two liquids can have different weights. Liquids that are not very dense will float on liquids that are more dense. Oil, for example, weighs less than the same amount of water. This is why oil floats on water. Also, the liquids that are more dense exert a greater buoyant force (ability to make an object float) on objects than do liquids that are less dense.

#### Stacking Books



Why would books stacked on top of each other and hanging over the edge of a table stay there? Why wouldn't they fall? Stack away and find out.

#### Stuff You Needs

5 books table

#### Here's What to Do:

- 1. Place a book on the edge of the table. Place the second book on top of the first book, letting it hang one inch over the edge of the table.
- 2. Continue this process, adding the other three books until the top book is way out over the edge.



As the books are stacked on top of each other, they start to function as a single object. Think of yourself running alone. All of a sudden, a bunch of friends join you, and then you are running along holding hands. Once you start holding hands, you are a unit working together.

As the books stack on top of each other, they become a unit, too. The center of gravity is at the center of that unit (the stack), and that center point is resting on the table–not over the edge. That is why the top one can stick way out over the edge and not fall off the table.

#### Activity Sheets

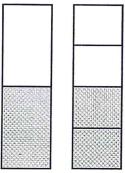
Draw a picture of your stack of books on the table; then draw a vertical line through the center of the stack to indicate the center of gravity.

www.SummerBridgeActivities.com

## **Equivalent Fractions**

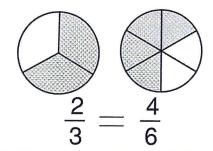


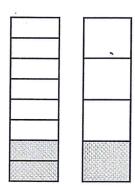
Fractions that name the same amount are equal (  $\equiv$  ). We say they are equivalent.



$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

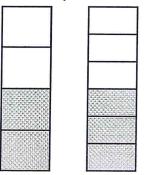
The shaded areas are equal. The fractions name the same amounts.



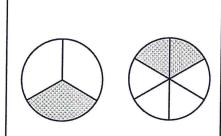


$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

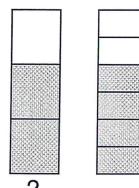
Write the equivalent fractions to complete each pair.



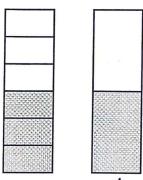
$$\frac{2}{4} = -$$



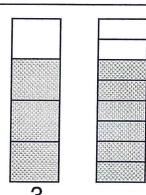
$$\frac{1}{3} = -$$



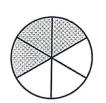
$$\frac{2}{3} = -$$

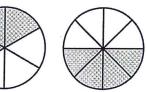


$$--=\frac{1}{2}$$

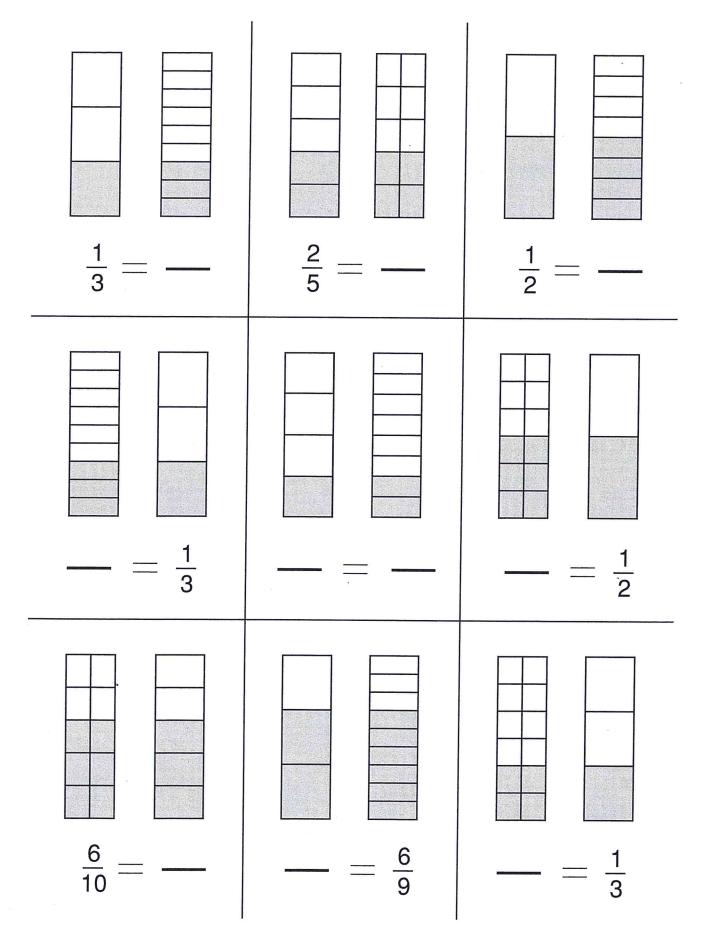


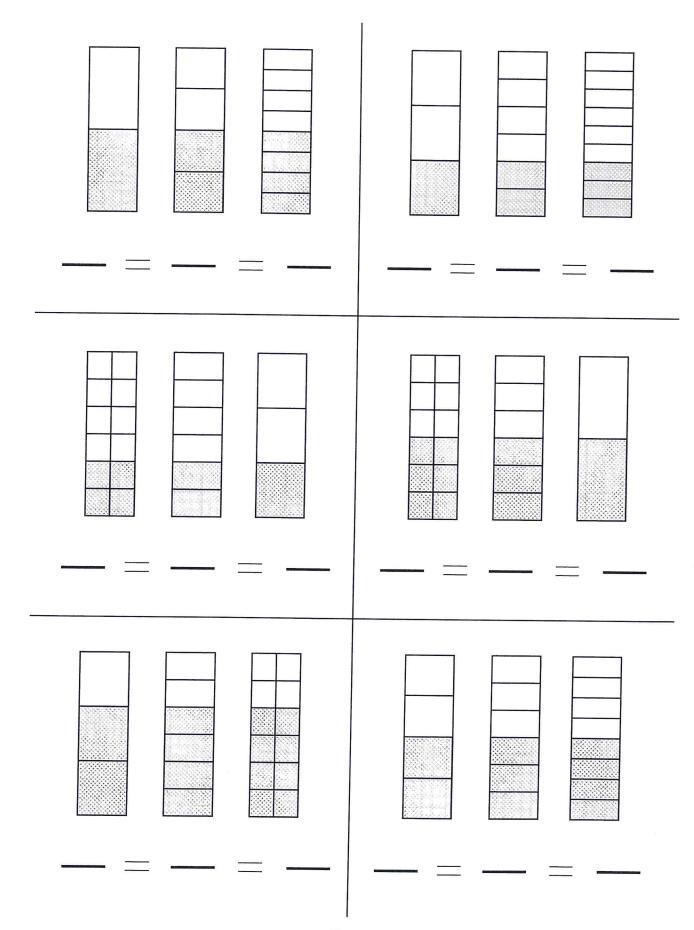
$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{}{}$$



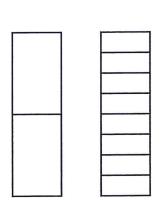


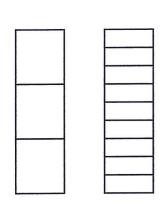
w			

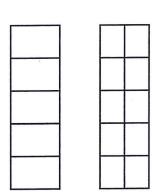




Make equivalent fractions. Shade each figure. Shade the first figure to name the given fraction. Write all equivalent fraction and shade each figure.



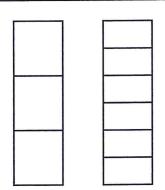


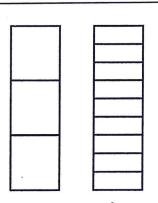


$$\frac{1}{2} = -$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = -$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = -$$

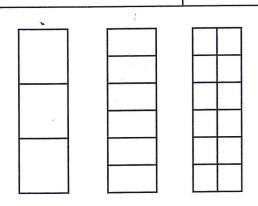




$$\frac{2}{3} = -$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = -$$

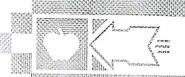
$$\frac{2}{3} = -$$



$$\frac{2}{3} = - = -$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = --- = ---$$

•



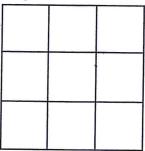
## Final Assessment Test



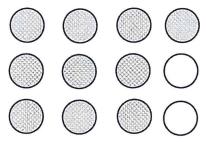
Shade  $\frac{3}{5}$  of this figure. Shade  $\frac{2}{8}$  of this figure. Shade  $\frac{5}{9}$  of this figure.

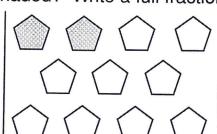


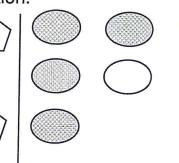




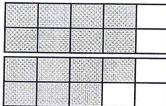
What part of each set is shaded? Write a full fraction.



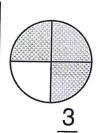


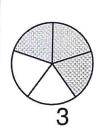


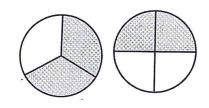
Compare the shaded figures. Use < , >, or = .

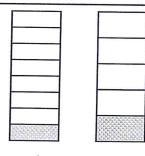


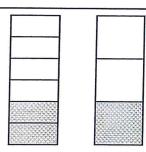




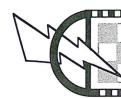




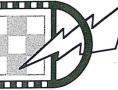




	i.	



## **Basic Concepts**



#### proper & improper fractions

Change to Mixed Numbers. Reduce.

$$\frac{4}{3} =$$

$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

$$\frac{48}{5} =$$

$$\frac{17}{4} =$$

$$\frac{16}{8} =$$

$$\frac{14}{4} =$$

$$\frac{15}{2} =$$

$$\frac{28}{8} =$$

$$\frac{20}{12} =$$

$$\frac{68}{11} =$$

$$\frac{39}{10} =$$

$$\frac{11}{2} =$$

$$\frac{10}{6} =$$

$$\frac{29}{12} =$$

$$\frac{27}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{7} =$$

$$\frac{22}{7} =$$

$$\frac{55}{27} =$$

$$\frac{84}{9} =$$

$$\frac{9}{4} =$$

$$\frac{20}{15} =$$

$$\frac{43}{9} =$$

$$\frac{47}{6} =$$

$$\frac{6}{6} =$$

$$\frac{45}{20} =$$

$$\frac{100}{33} =$$

$$\frac{30}{12} =$$

$$\frac{15}{12} =$$

$$\frac{13}{8} =$$

$$\frac{60}{20} =$$

$$\frac{60}{5} =$$

Change to Improper Fractions.

$$2\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3\frac{3}{16} =$$

$$7\frac{3}{8} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$5\frac{8}{9} =$$

$$8\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$7\frac{2}{11} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{12} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{12} =$$

$$3\frac{3}{16} =$$

$$3\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$9\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$3\frac{6}{7} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{8} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{15} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{15} =$$

$$5\frac{7}{8} =$$

$$7\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$6\frac{5}{6} =$$

$$6\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$9\frac{6}{7} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$2\frac{11}{12} =$$

$$4\frac{4}{9} =$$

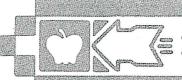
$$2\frac{11}{12} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{7} =$$

$$8\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$6\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$7\frac{1}{9} =$$



## Beginning Assessment Test

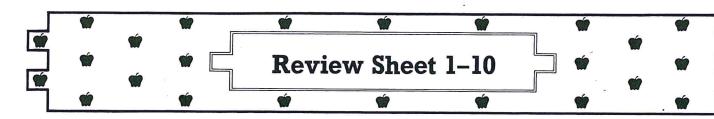


$$3\overline{\smash{\big)}3}$$
  $2\overline{\smash{\big)}4}$   $1\overline{\smash{\big)}3}$   $4\overline{\smash{\big)}8}$   $3\overline{\smash{\big)}0}$   $2\overline{\smash{\big)}8}$   $1\overline{\smash{\big)}2}$   $8\overline{\smash{\big)}16}$   $9\overline{\smash{\big)}9}$   $10\overline{\smash{\big)}10}$ 

$$5)0$$
  $4)12$   $3)9$   $2)0$   $1)4$   $4)12$   $3)6$   $2)2$   $1)0$   $8)64$ 

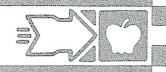
$$6)12$$
  $5)5$   $4)8$   $3)12$   $2)10$   $1)5$   $4)20$   $3)9$   $2)4$   $1)3$ 

e .	





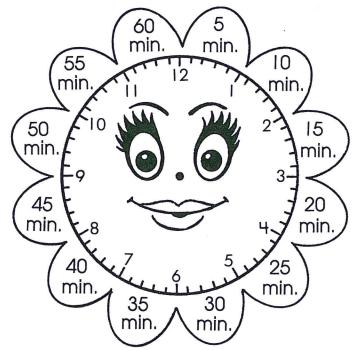
#### Final Assessment Test



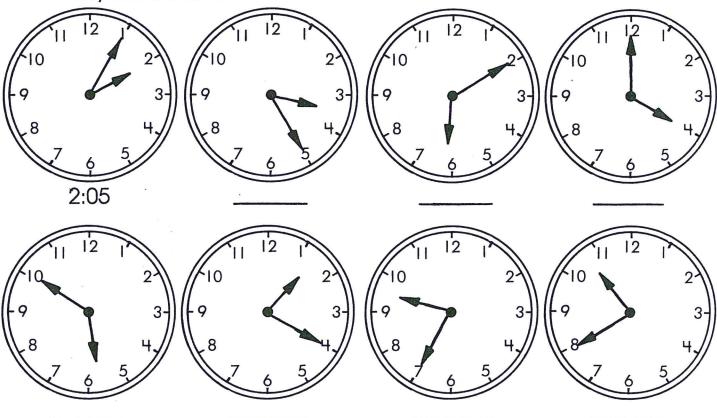
9)18 8)16 7)7 6)60 5)20 4)16 5)5 6)18 7)28 10)100 3)12 9)54 8)48 7)35 6)12 5)30 4)28 5)10 6)36 7)21 4)8 3)3 9)72 8)72 7)14 6)54 5)45 4)20 5)50 6)482)6 4)12 3)9 9)27 8)64 7)63 6)30 5)15 4)36 5)40  $1)\overline{3}$   $2)\overline{4}$   $4)\overline{40}$   $3)\overline{30}$   $9)\overline{81}$   $8)\overline{32}$   $7)\overline{70}$   $6)\overline{48}$   $5)\overline{35}$   $4)\overline{24}$ 3)27 1)4 2)2 4)32 3)15 9)36 8)0 7)42 6)24 5)108)8 3)18 1)7 2)8 4)12 3)27 9)18 8)40 7)56 6)42 2)18 8)56 3)30 1)5 2)10 4)36 3)18 9)9 8)80 7)49 10)60 2)20 8)72 3)21 1)6 2)16 4)24 3)21 9)18 8)24 10)80 10)30 2)0 8)48 3)0 1)8 2)12 4)28 3)9 9)90

#### Mystery #7: The Case of the In-Between Times

Since all time is not just 2:00, 2:15, 2:30, or 2:45, we use the other minutes in an hour to give the in-between times. Daisy Clock shows us those other minutes. Each mark is a minute.



Give Daisy's exact time.



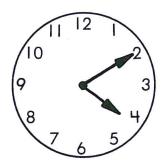
Tell the time shown on each clock.



1:20 or 20 min.after 1 o'clock



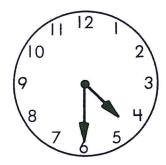
3: or min. after o'clock



4: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



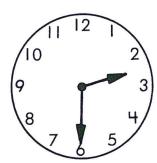
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



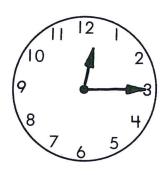
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



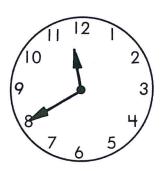
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock



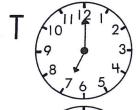
: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_ o'clock



: or \_\_\_ min. after \_\_\_ o'clock

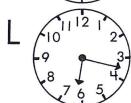
#### SECRET, HIDDEN CLUES

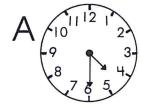
Solve these puzzles and learn some timely tips.

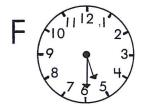




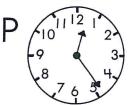


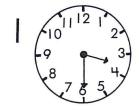


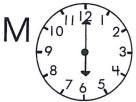




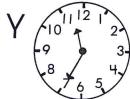


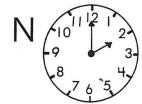




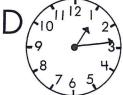












$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{10:00}$   $\overline{4:30}$   $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{7:00}$   $\overline{6:45}$ 

$$\overline{5:30}$$
  $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{4:00}$   $\overline{2:00}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{4:30}$   $\overline{2:00}$ 

$$\overline{6:00}$$
  $\overline{4:30}$   $\overline{2:00}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{7:00}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{6:45}$   $\overline{4:25}$   $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{2:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

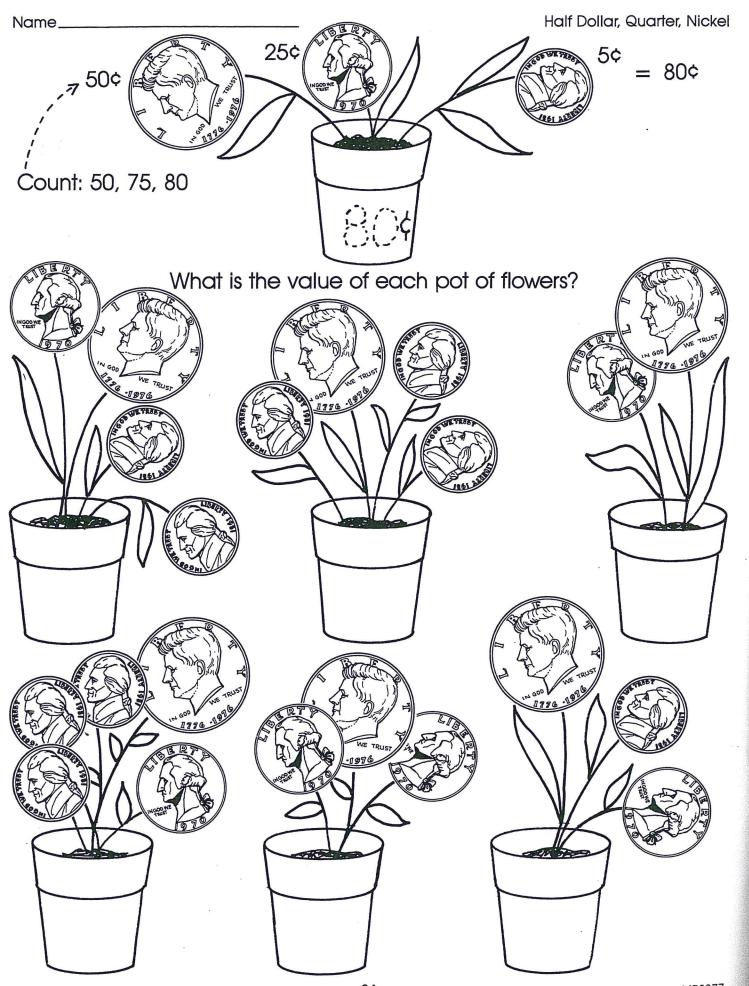
$$7:00$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{10:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{6:18}$   $\overline{6:18}$ 

$$\overline{6:45}$$
  $\overline{12:24}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{2:00}$   $\overline{7:00}$ 

$$\overline{7:00}$$
  $\overline{3:30}$   $\overline{6:00}$   $\overline{2:15}$   $\overline{1:20}$   $\overline{2:00}$ 

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Counting Coin Values

Name and write the value of each coin.

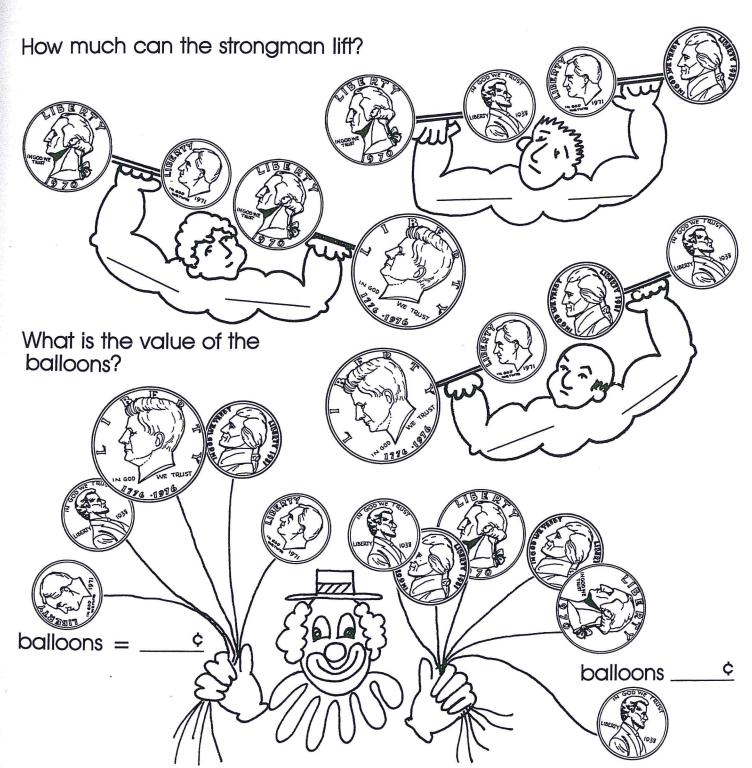












# Basic Facts Review

0	9	6	5	1	0	2	9	3	5
+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4	+ 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 0	+ 0	+10
9	1	7	3	9	4	5	4	8	·1
+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3	+ 2	+ 1	+ 0	+ 0
4	8	2	6	1	4	5	3	8	7
+ 5	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4	+ 3	+ 2	<u>+ 1</u>	+ 0
10	2	7	3	5	8	7	6	6	3
+ 4	+ 5	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	<u>+ 3</u>	<u>+ 2</u>	+ 1
0	2	9	10	4	4	2	8	2	7
+ 0	+ 4	+ <u>5</u>	<u>+ 6</u>	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3	+ 2
8	3	8	6	4	5	3	9	5	8
+ 8	+ 3	+ 4	<u>+ 5</u>	+ 6	<u>+ 9</u>	+ 8	<u>+ 7</u>	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 3
7	1	6	7	3	3	6	2	10	2
+ 3	+1	+ 6	+ 4	<u>+ 5</u>	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 7	+ 4
8	5	2	9	3	8	2	7	1	5
+ 2	<u>+ 3</u>	+ 2	+ 9	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 5	+ 6	<u>+ 9</u>	+ 8	+ 7
0	9	10	5	10	1	1	1	8	0
+10	+ 2	+ 3	+ 5	+ 10	+ 4	+ 5	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8
9	8	10	0	4	7	0	7	0	9
<u>+ 10</u>	+ 10	+ 2	+ 3	+ 4	+ 7	<u>+ 4</u>	+ 5	+ 6	+ 9

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# Beginning Assessment Test

## Multiple Digits

regrouping

12,592	28,097	42,791	39,482	59,625
<u>+ 63,748</u>	+ 11,646	+ 23,489	+ 32,578	<u>+ 34,674</u>
62,496	50,763	99,876	73,655	85,656
<u>+ 58,734</u>	+ 73,089	<u>+ 99,765</u>	<u>+ 73,957</u>	<u>+ 65,497</u>
32,947	65,084	47,592	52,961	42,736
+ 96,534	+ 74,978	+ 52,408	<u>+ 87,594</u>	+ 88,459
127,486	307,126	487,692	370,493	247,876
+ 457,483	+ 293,485	<u>+ 255,508</u>	+ 558,647	+ 537,524
274,376	132,074	237,601	827,621	987,465
+ 546,985	+ 678,349	+ 948,709	+ 746,587	+ 978,645
2,742,687	7,387	*	5,547,606	1,037,098
+ 4,837,924	<u>+ 6,947</u> ,		7,568,705	+ 9,479,394

### Section Diagnostic Test

regrouping

36

<u>+ 5</u>

+ 37

28

+ 9

+ 67

38

<u>+ 6</u>

+ 88

+ 32

+ 29

+ 18

+ 47

$$1,327$$
  $39,482$   $52,961$   $827,621$   $7,387,420$   $+9,857$   $+32,578$   $+87,594$   $+746,587$   $+6,947,798$ 

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#### Final Assessment Test

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## Basic Facts Review

16	10	9	8	6	6	4	0	5	8
- 9	- 8	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	<u>- 2</u>	- 1	- 0	- 0	- 0
14	11	9	11	9	7	8	5	1	. 6
<u>- 6</u>	<u>- 9</u>	- 8	<u>- 7</u>	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2	- 1	- 0	<u>- 0</u>
5	15	12	17	12	10	8	7	6	2
- 5	<u>- 6</u>	- 9	<u>- 8</u>	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2	<u>- 1</u>	- 0
15		14	13	16	13	11	9	9	7
<u>- 7</u>		- 6	- 9	- 8	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	- 2	<u>- 1</u>
18	13	7	13	14	15	14	12	11	
<u>- 8</u>	<u>- 7</u>	- <u>5</u>	<u>- 6</u>	- 9	<u>- 8</u>	- 7	<u>- 4</u>	- 3	
4 - 4	14 <u>- 8</u>	14 - 7	8 <u>- 5</u>	12 - 6	15 <u>- 9</u>	14 - 8			
13 - 3	5 <u>- 4</u>	15 - 8		9 <u>- 5</u>		16 <u>- 9</u>		16 - 7	14 - 4
2 - 2	4 - 3	6 <u>- 4</u>	16 <u>- 8</u>	16 - 7	14 - 5	10 - 6	17 <u>- 9</u>		
13	3	5	7	17	7	13	9	18	11
- 10	- 2	- 3	<u>- 4</u>	- 8	- 7	<u>- 5</u>	<u>- 6</u>	<u>- 9</u>	<u>- 8</u>
11	17	4	6	8	9	8	12	8	19
- 10	- 10	- 2	<u>- 3</u>	<u>- 4</u>	- 8	- 7	- <u>5</u>	- 6	- 9

## Beginning O Assessment Test

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Zero Concept

#### regrouping

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Review Sheet

regrouping: 3 digits - 2 digits, 3 digits - 3 digits, Zero Concept

## Review Sheet

regrouping: 4 digits - 3 digits, 4 digits - 4 digits, 5 digits - 5 digits

# Final Cest Assessment Test